BHP

Delivering value and returns

Andrew Mackenzie Chief Executive Officer 16 May 2017

Disclaimer

Forward-looking statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements, including statements regarding: trends in commodity prices and currency exchange rates; demand for commodities; plans, strategies and objectives of management; closure or divestment of certain operations or facilities (including associated costs); anticipated production or construction commencement dates; capital costs and scheduling; operating costs and shortages of materials and skilled employees; anticipated productive lives of projects, mines and facilities; provisions and contingent liabilities; tax and regulatory developments.

Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of terminology such as 'intend', 'aim', 'project', 'anticipate', 'estimate', 'plan', 'believe', 'expect', 'may', 'should', 'will', 'continue', 'annualised' or similar words. These statements discuss future expectations concerning the results of operations or financial condition, or provide other forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements are not guarantees or predictions of future performance, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond our control, and which may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the statements contained in this presentation. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

For example, future revenues from our operations, projects or mines described in this presentation will be based, in part, upon the market price of the minerals, metals or petroleum produced, which may vary significantly from current levels. These variations, if materially adverse, may affect the timing or the feasibility of the development of a particular project, the expansion of certain facilities or mines, or the continuation of existing operations.

Other factors that may affect the actual construction or production commencement dates, costs or production output and anticipated lives of operations, mines or facilities include our ability to profitably produce and transport the minerals, petroleum and/or metals extracted to applicable markets; the impact of foreign currency exchange rates on the market prices of the minerals, petroleum or metals we produce; activities of government authorities in some of the countries where we are exploring or developing these projects, facilities or mines, including increases in taxes, changes in environmental and other regulations and political uncertainty; labour unrest; and other factors identified in the risk factors discussed in BHP's filings with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") (including in Annual Reports on Form 20-F) which are available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Except as required by applicable regulations or by law, the Group does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information or future events.

Past performance cannot be relied on as a guide to future performance.

Non-IFRS and other financial information

BHP results are reported under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). This release may also include certain non-IFRS and other measures including Underlying EBITDA, Adjusted effective tax rate, Free cash flow, Gearing ratio, Controllable cash costs, Net debt, Net operating assets, Underlying return on capital, Underlying return on invested capital, Underlying attributable profit, Underlying basic earnings/(loss) per share and Underlying EBITDA margin. These measures are used internally by management to assess the performance of our business and segments, make decisions on the allocation of our resources and assess operational management. Non-IFRS and other measures have not been subject to audit or review and should not be considered as an indication of or alternative to an IFRS measure of profitability, financial performance or liquidity.

Presentation of data

Base value reflects the current planning forecasts before the addition of a broad suite of upside opportunities. Unless specified otherwise; value represents BHP share of risked discounted cash flows at consensus prices; and numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals provided due to rounding.

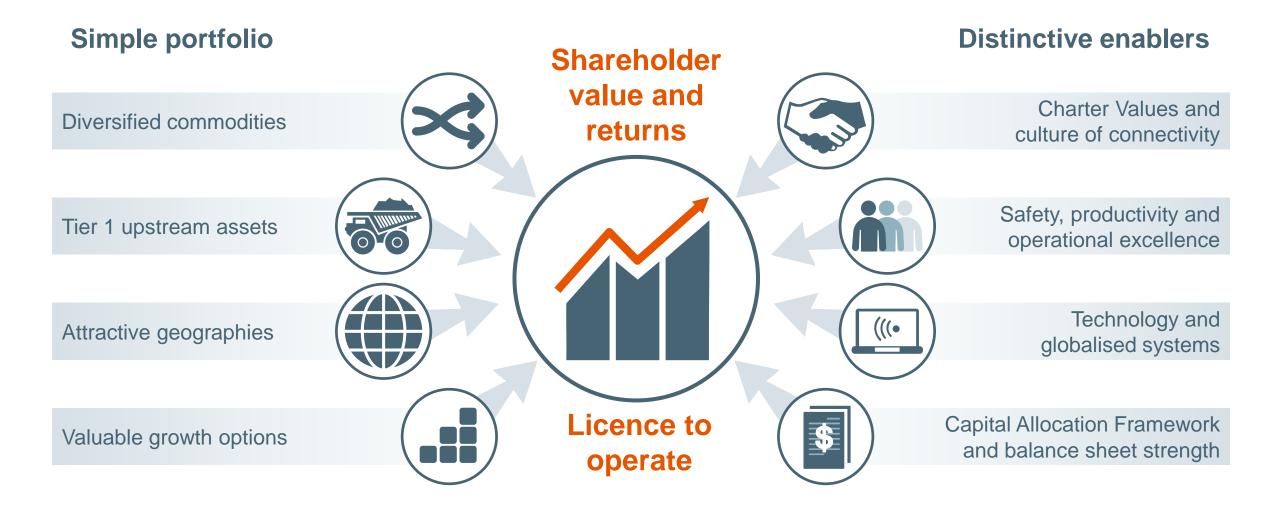
No offer of securities

Nothing in this presentation should be construed as either an offer or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell BHP securities in any jurisdiction, or be treated or relied upon as a recommendation or advice by BHP.

Reliance on third party information

The views expressed in this presentation contain information that has been derived from publicly available sources that have not been independently verified. No representation or warranty is made as to the accuracy, completeness or reliability of the information. This presentation should not be relied upon as a recommendation or forecast by BHP.

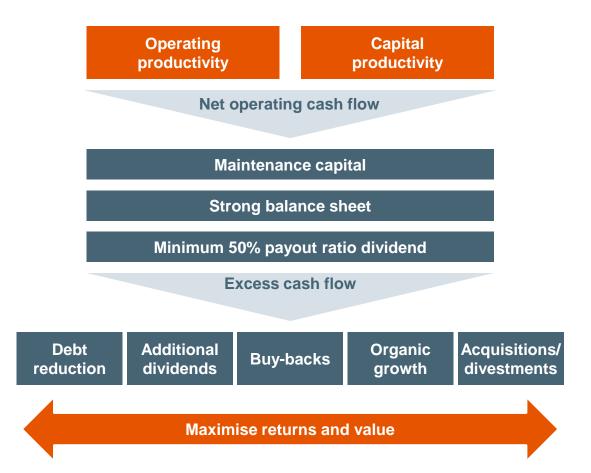
Value and returns are at the centre of everything we do





Disciplined and transparent capital allocation

- Our Capital Allocation Framework is embedded in every capital decision we make
 - facilitates optimal balance between value accretive investments and cash returns
- Framework aligned with cyclical nature of the industry
 - underpins a strong balance sheet through the cycle
 - flexibility at the bottom of the cycle
 - discipline and increased cash returns at the top of the cycle
- Transparent competition for capital ensures all investment decisions are tested against additional returns to shareholders



Delivery of our plans has increased base value

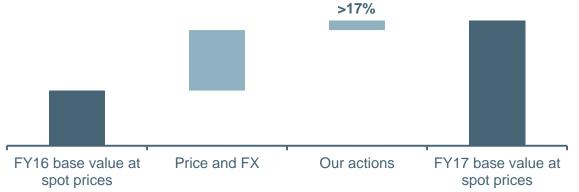
- Our actions have increased the base value¹ of our operations over the past 12 months
 - at spot prices, we have added over 17%
 - at consensus prices, we have added over 12%
- This value uplift includes
 - continued reduction in unit costs
 - globalisation of procurement activities
 - incremental capacity at Jimblebar
 - approval of Los Colorados Extension and Caval Ridge Southern Circuit
 - Mad Dog 2 sanctioned by all joint venture partners
 - implementation of coal Integrated Remote Operations Centre
 - optimised rail scheduling at WAIO

1. Base value reflects the current planning forecasts before the addition of upside opportunities.

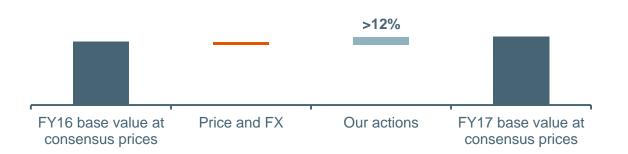
- 2. FY16 base value at 19 April 2016 spot prices; valuation and base date 1 July 2016; FY17 base value at 19 April 2017 spot prices; valuation and base date 1 July 2017; BHP share.
- 3. FY16 base value at 2016 analyst consensus price forecasts; valuation and base date 1 July 2016; FY17 base value at 2017 analyst consensus price forecasts; valuation and base date 1 July 2017; BHP share.

Andrew Mackenzie, Chief Executive Officer

Our actions increased base value by over 17% at spot prices (Value at spot prices²)



Our actions increased base value by over 12% at consensus prices (Value at consensus prices³)



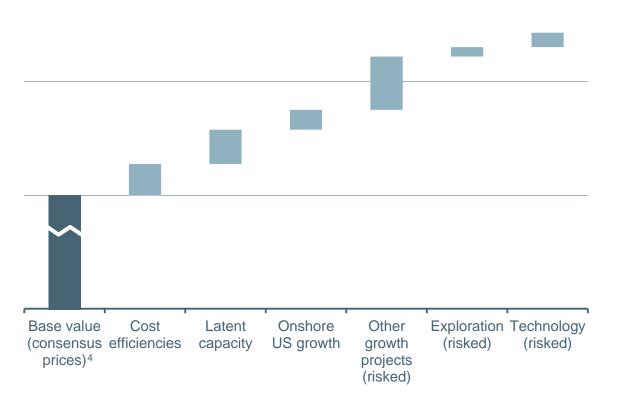


Broad suite of opportunities to deliver further gains

- Our plans offer the potential to grow base value by 50%
 - further cost reductions support 10% value uplift
 - latent capacity options equivalent to >20% of current production^{1,2}
 - larger well completions, hedged Haynesville drilling, Permian acreage swaps and Black Hawk well trials
 - US\$25 billion³ unrisked value in the growth portfolio
 - securing Trion adds upside and drilling has reduced risk of Trinidad & Tobago Gas and Wildling prospects
 - technology initiatives worth up to US\$12 billion³ unrisked to lower costs, unlock resource and further improve safety

Broad suite of opportunities offer 50% potential upside to current base value

(Value at consensus prices³)



1. Copper equivalent production based on H1 FY17 average realised prices.

- 2. Represents peak capacity delivered (irrespective of date achieved) relative to FY17 expected copper equivalent production.
- 3. Values at analyst 2017 consensus price forecasts; valuation date 1 July 2017; BHP share.
- 4. Base value truncated for illustrative purposes.

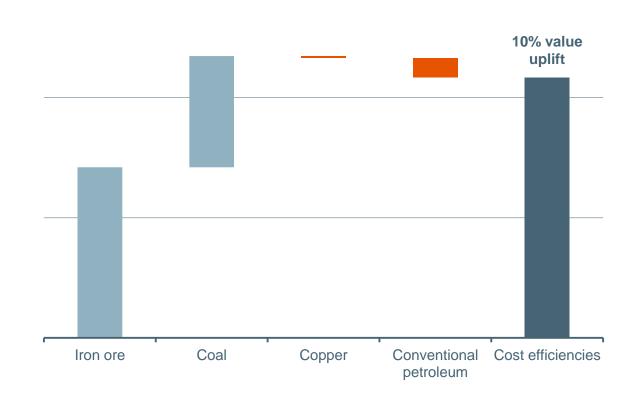
Andrew Mackenzie, Chief Executive Officer



Cost efficiencies – focused on further gains

- US\$11 billion productivity gains embedded from FY12 to FY16
- Further cost reductions support 10% value uplift
 - significant cost efficiencies expected in iron ore and coal
 - portfolio simplicity, standardised systems and operating model connectivity position us to take the next step
- Underlying Group unit cost reductions expected to more than offset exchange rate movements in FY18¹
 - WAIO unit costs of <US\$14 per tonne
 - Escondida unit costs of ~US\$1.00 per pound
 - Conventional unit costs of US\$10 per barrel²
 - Queensland Coal unit costs under review³

Future cost efficiencies underpin significant value creation (Value at consensus prices⁴)



- 2. Barrel of oil equivalent.
- 3. Queensland Coal unit costs under review as a result of Cyclone Debbie and impacts on third party rail infrastructure.
- 4. Values at analyst 2017 consensus price forecasts; valuation date 1 July 2017; BHP share.

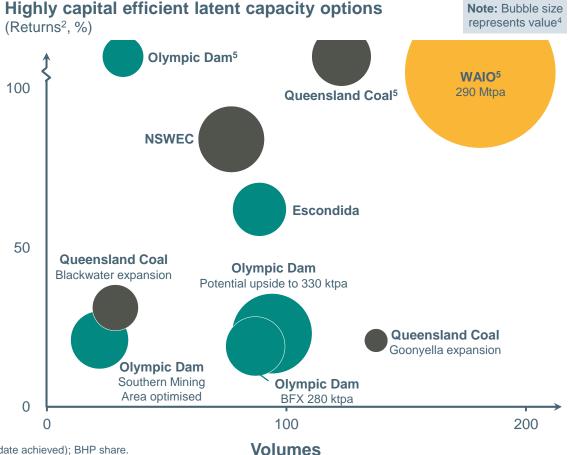
Andrew Mackenzie, Chief Executive Officer



^{1.} Based on analyst consensus exchange rates of AUD/USD 0.75 and USD/CLP 663.

Latent capacity – attractive returns, limited risk

- Latent capacity options among our most attractive opportunities
 - potential for 1.8 Mt of incremental copper equivalent volumes¹
 - equivalent to >20% of current production¹
 - aggregate capex of US\$5 billion
 - average returns of 75%²
- Our options³ include
 - WAIO capacity to reach 290 Mtpa during FY19
 - Escondida copper recovery optimisation, concentrator debottlenecking and low-grade ore leaching
 - Olympic Dam BFX to increase capacity to 280 ktpa in FY22, potential upside to 330 ktpa with capital efficient investment
 - Blackwater Expansion supports 4 Mtpa capacity increase through increased metallurgical coal bypass
 - Goonyella complex options to increase capacity to 24 Mtpa



(Copper equivalent, kt)¹

1. Copper equivalent production based on H1 FY17 average realised prices; represents peak capacity delivered (irrespective of date achieved); BHP share.

```
Andrew Mackenzie, Chief Executive Officer
```



^{2.} Returns at analyst 2017 consensus price forecasts; ungeared, post-tax, nominal return.

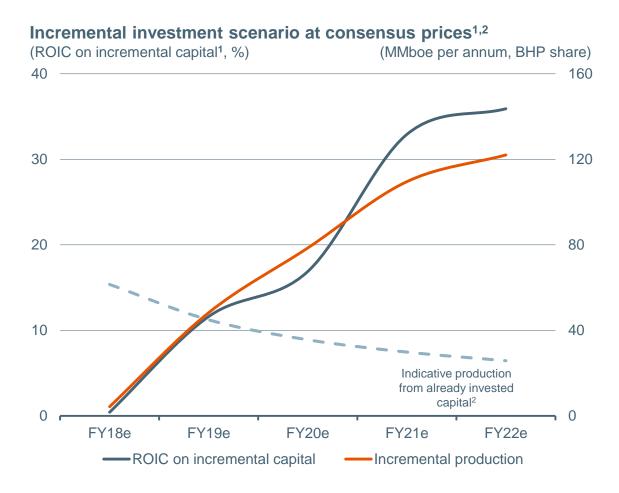
^{3.} Assumes all internal and third party approvals received; volumes shown on a 100% basis.

^{4.} Values at analyst 2017 consensus price forecasts; unrisked value of projects at valuation date 1 July 2017; BHP share.

^{5.} Returns truncated for illustrative purposes.

Onshore US – value and flexibility

- Price and timing of entry were not optimal and initial pace of investment was too rapid
 - subsequent experience has delivered substantial advances in operating capability and capital productivity
 - third party recognition of leading performance in major fields
- Looking forward, Onshore US well placed to compete for capital
 - planned rig activity increases from 4 to 10 in FY18
 - new wells add incremental volumes of up to 120 MMboe
- Multiple approaches to value creation across the portfolio
 - trialling larger well completions in all fields
 - Permian acreage swaps to support longer laterals
 - hedging program accelerates Haynesville development
 - testing prospective resources across all fields
 - continued acreage sales where worth more to others



^{1.} Incremental investment excludes sunk capital and acquisition costs. Underlying Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) represents earnings divided by average net operated assets, using analyst 2017 consensus price forecasts; scenario does not constitute guidance.

Andrew Mackenzie, Chief Executive Officer

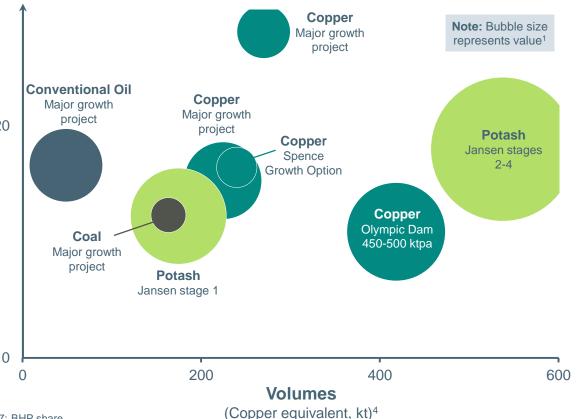
16 May 2017

^{2.} Indicative production from already invested capital at the end of FY17. Includes wells put on line and unfinished wells as at 30 June 2017 (including wells being drilled and drilled but uncompleted wells).

Growth projects – timed for value and returns

- Rich opportunity set across commodities and time periods
 - aggregate unrisked value of US\$25 billion¹
 - average project returns of >16%²
 - >10% reduction in capital intensity in 12 months
- Projects executed in accordance with Capital Allocation Framework³
 - will seek Board approval for Spence Growth Option in August 2017 20
 - encouraging leaching trials at Olympic Dam
 - phased approach at Jansen increases optionality and reduces risk
 - stage 1: IRR >12%²
 - US\$4.7 billion incremental capital cost
 - 4 Mtpa capacity
 - possible first production from FY23
 - stages 2-4 deliver significantly higher IRRs

Strong pipeline of growth options aligned with market windows (Returns², %)



^{1.} Values at analyst 2017 consensus price forecasts; unrisked value of projects (including study costs) at valuation date 1 July 2017; BHP share.

- 3. Assumes all internal and third party approvals received.
- 4. Copper equivalent production based on H1 FY17 average realised prices; represents peak capacity delivered; BHP share.

Andrew Mackenzie, Chief Executive Officer

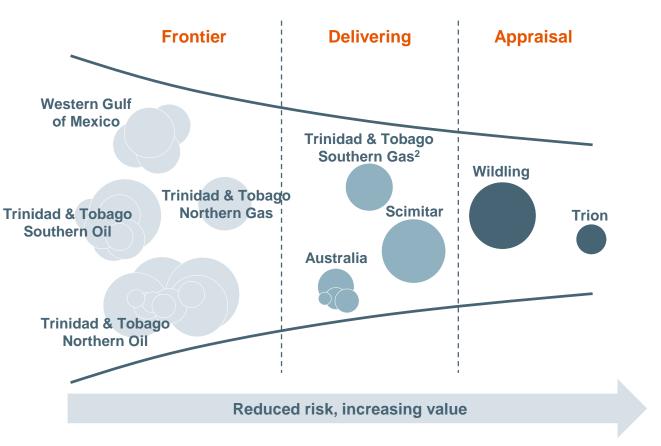
16 May 2017

^{2.} Returns at analyst 2017 consensus price forecasts; ungeared, post-tax, nominal return; Spence Growth Project assumes outsourced desalination plant.

Exploration – positive results reduces risk of future wells

- Highly prospective exploration program
 - multi-billion barrel risked potential
 - unrisked value of over US\$20 billion¹
 - unrisked peak production potential over 150 MMboe/pa
 - potential discoveries commercial at less than US\$50/bbl
- Encouraging results in Central Gulf of Mexico
 - Shenzi North and Caicos results support Wildling appraisal
 - adjacent Scimitar mini-basin next drilling target
- Progress in Caribbean frontier
 - LeClerc results support multi-tcf gas resource
 - planning Phase 2 oil exploration in Trinidad & Tobago
- Successful Trion bid and Mexico first mover advantage
 - two wells and seismic program over the next 24 months
 - well placed to extend position in future bid rounds

Significant exploration potential over the next three years (Value¹, BHP share)





^{1.} Unrisked values at BHP long-term price forecasts.

^{2.} Includes LeClerc.

Capital Efficiency Ratio⁴

12

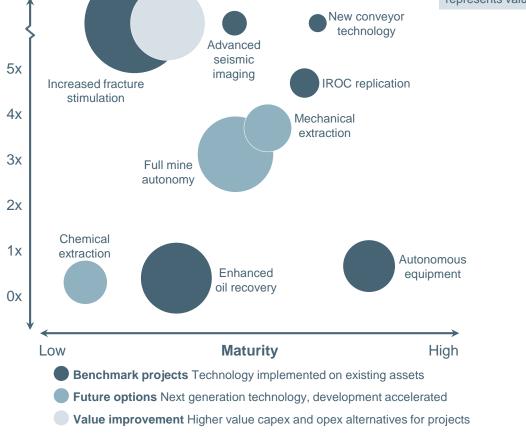
Technology – lowers costs and unlocks resource

- We have a broad suite of technology initiatives to lower costs, unlock resource and improve safety
 - aggregate unrisked value of US\$12 billion^{1,2}
 - average capital efficiency ratio of 1.6x
 - the scale of our assets and connectivity of our operations accelerates speed of replication and returns
- Current initiatives include
 - leaching optimisation to increase copper recoveries by 10% and reduce cycle times by 50%
 - mass mining methods to drive a step-change in operating costs
 - precision extraction to improve processing performance and reduce energy and water intensity
 - decision automation to eliminate waste and reduce variability

- 3. Primarily includes greenfield application of technologies tested in other mining operations.
- 4. Capital Efficiency Ratio calculated as Net Present Value divided by Present Value of Growth Capex.

Andrew Mackenzie, Chief Executive Officer

Technology presents a significant opportunity to create further value Potash technology program³ Note: Bubble size represents value¹



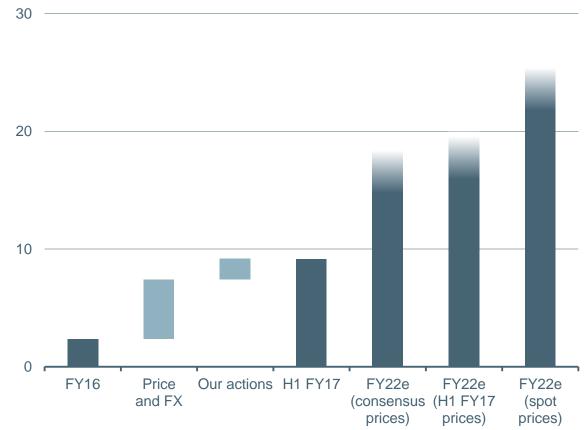
^{1.} Unrisked values at analyst 2017 consensus price forecasts; valuation date 1 July 2017; BHP share.

^{2.} Excludes Olympic Dam Heap Leach as value embedded in Olympic Dam major growth project.

Value and returns are at the centre of everything we do

- Our plans have delivered value and increased returns over the past year
 - increased the base value of our operations by 12% to 17%
 - significant improvement in Return on Capital Employed¹
- But we have much more to do and are not standing still
 - broad suite of opportunities to grow base value by 50%
 - delivery of these plans almost doubles current ROCE¹
- All capital decisions made in accordance with our Capital Allocation Framework
 - facilitates optimal balance between value accretive investments and cash returns to shareholders

We expect our plans to drive significant improvement in returns (ROCE¹, nominal %)



Presentation of future Underlying Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) does not constitute guidance and represents a range of outcomes based on differing price and other scenarios.
 ROCE represents annualised attributable profit after tax excluding exceptional items and net finance costs (after tax) divided by average capital employed. Capital employed is net assets before net debt.

