HUNTER ECO

January 2013

APPENDIX 1

MT ARTHUR COAL FAUNA SURVEY REPORT (NICHE, 2012)

Mt Arthur Coal Open Cut Modification Ecological Assessment





# **MOUNT ARTHUR COAL**

FAUNA SURVEY REPORT

October 2012



# **DOCUMENT CONTROL**

Business Unit	Niche Environment and Heritage, Central Coast/Hunter Office						
Project No.							
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Front Cover Photograph: Thick-tailed Gecko - Underwoodisaurus milii adjacent to the study area.



## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd was commissioned to conduct a fauna survey for areas potentially subject to future expansion of open cut coal mining activities at the Mount Arthur Coal Mine owned by BHP Billiton - Mount Arthur Coal.

The purpose of this study is to provide baseline data and mapping of the fauna values within the proposed mining areas and surrounds.

A fauna survey using a range of methods to target threatened species was carried out over five days in early May 2012. The survey, together with a review of relevant databases for threatened species, informed the list of threatened fauna with the potential to occur within the study area.

A total of **77** vertebrate species were recorded during the field surveys, comprising 44 birds, **25** mammals (including six introduced species), five reptiles and three frogs.

Two threatened species were recorded during the fauna survey: the Grey-headed Flying-fox (*Pteropus poliocephalus*) and Eastern Freetail-bat (*Mormopterus norfolkensis*). The Greyheaded Flying-fox was recorded at five locations within the study area, while the Eastern Freetail-bat was recorded once during the survey. A further three bat species, the Eastern Bentwing-bat (*Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis*), Eastern Cave Bat (*Vespadelus troughtoni*) and Eastern False Pipistrelle (*Falsistrellus tasmaniensis*), may have been recorded but call recordings from these species were not of sufficient quality to be certain.

Remnant woodland vegetation within the study area is in moderate to good condition. Fauna habitat throughout the study area has varied conservation importance for threatened fauna species, with the largest patches of remnant vegetation around Mount Arthur providing the greatest conservation value relative to other parts of the study area.



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# **1 INTRODUCTION**

### 1.1 Background

Niche Environment and Heritage Pty Ltd (Niche) was commissioned by Resource Strategies on behalf of Mt Arthur Coal to conduct fauna surveys for areas associated with expansion of open cut coal mining activities at the Mount Arthur Coal site. The study areas are adjacent to existing mining activities or approved mining areas at the Mount Arthur site, which is located approximately 10 kilometres (km) south of Muswellbrook in the Hunter Valley, New South Wales (NSW) (Figure 1).

This fauna survey was conducted concurrently with vegetation mapping surveys across the proposed sites (Hunter Eco, 2012). This report does not contain any discussion or evaluation of potential impacts on threatened fauna for any future development scenario.

### 1.2 Objectives

The purpose of this study is to provide baseline data and mapping of the fauna values within the study area.

The key objectives of this report are to:

- Describe the fauna and fauna habitats within the study area; and
- Describe and map threatened fauna species or populations listed on the NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 (TSC Act) and Commonwealth Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act, 1999 (EPBC Act) that are known or likely to occur within the study area.



# 2 METHODS

### 2.1 Review of Materials

Aerial photography was examined prior to survey to identify habitat types for fauna and determine stratification units for survey design. Two dominant habitat classes were found to occur within the study area comprising Grassy Woodland and Riparian Woodland. There was also a large amount of open grassland.

Database searches, consisting of 10 km searches around the study area (bounding coordinates used: 150.87, -32.205; 151.02, -32.35; 150.84; -32.49; 150.70; -32.35) were conducted in May 2012 to produce a list of potentially occurring threatened and migratory species. The following databases were used:

- NSW National Parks and Wildlife Service Atlas of NSW Wildlife (NSW Office of Environment and Heritage, 2012); and
- Commonwealth Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities (SEWPaC) Protected Matters Search Tool (SEWPaC, 2012).

### 2.2 Field Survey

A preliminary site inspection and deployment of bat echolocation recording devices was conducted on 1<sup>st</sup> of May 2012, with the remainder of field surveys undertaken the following week from 7<sup>th</sup> of May to 11<sup>th</sup> of May 2012. The survey design targeted threatened species previously found within 10 km of the study area and with a reasonable chance of occurring on the basis of available habitat types.

Three study areas were surveyed, namely: Study Area A, Study Area B and Study Area C (which comprised three separate areas). The location of the study areas are shown on Figures 1 and 2.

Field surveys incorporated targeted survey using established survey techniques (Table 1) and were based upon: the *Draft Threatened Biodiversity Survey and Assessment Guidelines* (NSW Department of Environment and Conservation [DEC], 2004); *Threatened Species Survey and Assessment Guidelines: Field Survey Methods for Fauna Amphibians for Development and Activities* (NSW Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water, 2009); Commonwealth Department of the Environment, Water, Heritage and the Art (2010a, 2010b, 20010c) survey guidelines for Australia's threatened bats, birds and frogs; and SEWPAC's (2011a, 2011b) survey guidelines for Australia's threatened mammals and reptiles. Opportunistic observations and broad habitat assessments were also performed throughout the study area. Targeted survey procedures and effort are presented in Table 1 and Table 2, respectively.

Targeted survey methods were positioned to include the main habitat types within the study area and maximise spatial coverage. There was a slight bias towards more mature aged forest within the study area so that traps were close to important micro-habitat features such as hollow-bearing trees and hollow logs. Only bird surveys and incidental recordings incorporated grassland habitat.



In addition to targeted survey, incidental searches and observations of fauna use of the study areas were made within each habitat type by examining scats, scratches and other indirect evidence.

Table 1: Targeted fauna surve	ev methods at HVC	Proposed Southern Project
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Method	Details
Arboreal Elliot trapping	Target fauna - gliders. Elliot B traps were placed along each of four trapping transects. Elliot traps were mounted to trees on a wooden shelf approximately 2 metres (m) above the ground. Traps were baited with a mixture of honey, oats and peanut butter, with creamed honey smeared at the back of the trap. A honey mixture was regularly sprayed on the tree around the trap. Traps were checked each morning and any captured animals were identified and released at the site of capture.
Infra-red camera traps	Target species - Spotted-tailed Quoll and other terrestrial species. Four motion sensing camera traps were placed at ground level at each of four trapping sites. A PVC tube baited with sardines and a mixture of honey, oats and peanut butter was placed in front of the camera traps. Upon recovery, the pictures were individually analysed and animals were identified to the lowest possible taxonomic level.
Hair tubes	PVC hair tubes were attached to trees with packing tape or secured under logs or other debris on the ground. Double sided tape was only adhered to the upper and lateral inner surface of the tubes so as to limit the incidence of 'by catch'. Tubes were baited with sardines (half of the ground tubes) or a mixture of honey, oats and peanut butter (remaining half of ground tubes and all tree tubes). Hair samples were sent to Barbara Triggs for analysis.
Ultrasonic call	Three Wildlife Acoustics SM2 Bat detector units were deployed at six sites over ten days along identified
recording for bats	potential flyways.
Diurnal bird surveys	2 hectare (ha) bird surveys were conducted across the study area for at least 20 minutes at a time. Birds were identified with the use of 10 X 42 binoculars or from their calls. Where possible surveys were conducted as close as possible to dawn or dusk when bird activity is greatest.
Spotlighting	Spotlighting surveys targeting owls and arboreal mammals were performed predominantly on foot or via a vehicle along roads and tracks.
Call playback	Target species - Powerful Owl, Barking Owl, Masked Owl, Squirrel Glider and Koala. Call-playback sites were established across the study area to enable maximum coverage. After an initial listening period of five minutes calls of the target species were broadcast through a 10 watt megaphone for two - five minutes followed by a five minute listening period and a two minute period of spotlighting.
Stag watching	Stag watches were performed prior to dusk at identified potential owl or mammal nesting/roosting trees or stags.
Koala scat searches	A one hour search was conducted within identified Koala habitat as judged by the presence of favoured feed trees ( <i>Eucalyptus tereticornis</i> ). Each of the 30 trees were examined for scratches and a one minute search 1 m around the base of the tree was performed looking for scats. This was then repeated for a minute whilst combing through the leaf litter.
Herpetological surveys	Herpetological surveys included spotlighting around aquatic features during nocturnal survey and diurnal targeted searches under rocks, timber, logs and tree bark in identified potential habitat throughout the study area.
Frog chorus survey and aquatic habitat surveys	Frogs were listened for at farm dams and permanent and ephemeral drainage lines throughout the study area. Active searching for frogs using spotlights was also conducted around watercourses.



### Table 2: Targeted fauna survey effort within the Mount Arthur modification study area

Survey Method	1 May 2012	7 May 2012	8 May 2012	9 May 2012	10 May 2012	11 May 2012	Total (Method/Site)	Total Effort (Method)
	Effort Measure	ed in hours						
Spotlighting								
Study Area A				0.5	1		1.5	
Study Area A*				0.5			0.5	
Study Area B		0.75			1		1.75	
Study Area C (North/Central)		0.5					0.5	
Study Area C (East)		0.75			1.5		2.25	
Study Area C (Central)			1	0.75		1	2.75	9.25
Call-playback and Stag watching								
Study Area A				1.25			1.25	
Study Area B		0.75					0.75	
Study Area C (North)		0.5					0.5	
Study Area C (East)		0.75			1		1.75	
Study Area C (Central)			1.25	1			2.25	6.5
Bird Survey								
Study Area A				0.75	0.5		1.25	
Study Area B			0.5	0.75			1.25	
Study Area C (East)			0.75	0.75	0.75	0.5	2.75	
Study Area C (North)			0.5		0.5		1	6.25
Koala SAT search (Study Area C)					1		1	1



### Table2: Targeted fauna survey effort within the Mount Arthur modification study area (Continued)

Survey Method	1 May 2012	7 May 2012	8 May 2012	9 May 2012	10 May 2012	11 May 2012	Total (Method/Site)	Total Effort (Method)
	Effort measure	ed in days/nights	3					
Infra Red Cameras								
Study Area A			4	4	4			
Study Area B		4	4	4	4			
Study Area C (East)		4	4	4	4			
Study Area C (North)		4	4	4	4			60
Tree-mounted Elliot Traps (B size)								
Study Area A			5	5	5			
Study Area B		5	5	5	5			
Study Area C (East)		5	5	5	5			
Study Area C (North)		5	5	5	5			75
Hair Tubes								
Study Area A			12	12	12			
Study Area B		12	12	12	12			
Study Area C (East)		12	12	12	12			
Study Area C (North)		12	12	12	12			180
SM2 Bat Echolocation Recorder								
Study Area A	6	1						
Study Area B			1	1	1			
Study Area C (East)	6	1	1	1	1			
Study Area C (Central)	6	1	1	1	1			30

KEY: \* = Also included frog census.



### 2.3 Survey Conditions

The weather was predominantly warm with light breezes during the day followed by cool nights. Bureau of Meteorology records from Jerrys Plains, NSW are presented in Table 3.

Habitat assessments were conducted along each transect and other locations (Section 3.1; Figure 3 - Figure 5). Habitat characteristics and parameters that were assessed included:

- Aspect/slope of the site;
- Dominant vegetation, floristic composition and structure;
- Composition of ground layer (bare earth, litter etc.);
- Presence and relative abundance of key habitat features (e.g. tree hollows, large logs, exfoliating rock, flowering resources, aquatic features);
- Condition and disturbance factors; and
- Vegetation age structure.

# Table 3: Weather conditions at Jerry's Plains (20 km south of study area) during field survey

Date	Min temp (°C)	Max temp (°C)	Rainfall (mm)	9am Temp (°C)	9am wind dir.	9am wind speed (km/h)	3pm Tem p (°C)	3pm cloud amount (oktas)	3pm wind dir.	3pm wind speed (km/h)
1/05/2012	4.5	24.5	0	13	Е	2	23.5	3	Е	2
2/05/2012	6	27	0	13.5	NE	4	26.5	4	WNW	6
3/05/2012	13	24	1.6	16	-	Calm	24	3	Ν	7
4/05/2012	8	23.5	0	12.5	NW	7	23	3	Ν	2
5/05/2012	5	24	0	12.5	-	Calm	21.5	2	S	2
6/05/2012	4.5	22	0	12	NW	11	21	1	NW	11
7/05/2012	5.5	22.5	0	10	-	Calm	21.5	7	NW	2
8/05/2012	4	24.5	0	11.5	NNW	7	23.5	0	NNW	2
9/05/2012	5.5	28	0	13.5	NW	9	27	0	NNW	4
10/05/2012	7.5	29.5	0	15	NW	7	28.5	0	NW	4
11/05/2012	7	29	0	15	NW	7	28.5	4	WNW	4

Source: Australian Bureau of Meteorology 2012

### 2.4 Limitations

The timing of this study (Autumn 2012) may have limited the potential for some frog species to be detected. However, good quality habitat for threatened frog species recorded from the locality (in particular Green and Golden Bell Frog - *Litoria aurea*) was absent from the study area. There was limited suitable habitat for threatened frog species yet the survey was outside of the calling periods for threatened frogs within the locality. Day searches were not considered as effective as night searches given the seasonality and target species.

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Survey effort prescribed in the DEC's (2004) *Threatened Biodiversity Survey and Assessment: Guidelines for Developments and Activities* was not employed for reptiles as threatened reptiles have not been recorded within the locality and potential habitat for threatened reptiles within the study area was limited.



# 3 **RESULTS**

### 3.1 Habitat Assessment and Description

Habitat within the study area is mixed, constituting derived grassland, forest and woodland. Derived grassland supported a mixture of native and exotic grass species and occurs within the study area due to historic clearing of woodland or forest habitats for agriculture. Habitat features and complexity within the existing grassland habitat is limited and generally favours a suite of common native fauna species rather than fauna of conservation significance. A sparse covering of scattered large trees throughout the grassland habitat adds some complexity in the form of canopy features, hollows, stags and logs, although such features are somewhat isolated. Habitat assessment results are provided in Appendix 1.

Woodland and forest vegetation patches cover approximately half of the study area and are variable in condition, structure and habitat features as a result of different disturbance regimes, topography and environmental factors. Habitat assessments were performed throughout six patches along or adjacent to fauna transects (Figures 3 to 5). A description of each of the vegetation patches investigated is shown in Table 4.

Habitat Description	Habitat Features/Location	Condition/Recovery Potential
1 – Drainage line with thick <i>Typha</i>	Thick <i>Typha</i> within the portion of the drainage line adjacent to transect within Area A. Potential watering point for a range of fauna. Limited aquatic habitat complexity/features.	Disturbed drainage line near top of catchment. Surrounding vegetation has moderate recovery potential in most areas. The currently altered hydrological regime of the watercourse will remain.
2 - Disturbed forest	Lowland forest around trapping transect of Area A. Moderately dense cover of large older growth trees to 25 m with recent patchy regrowth of mid-storey and understorey vegetation, but mostly native and exotic grasses. Frequent small to medium hollows in older trees. At least two large Spotted Gum and Ironbarks with large hollows (i.e. >30 cm). Occasional logs below larger trees. Some weed infestations present.	Moderate - some recovery of understorey and mid-storey components occurring. Weed invasions threaten in some patches of previous disturbance. Site is partially isolated by surrounding mining activities and agricultural land, depending on fauna mobility.
3 - Disturbed grassy woodland	Disturbed grassy woodland within Area B. Large scattered trees to 20 m over mixed native/exotic ground cover. Limited structural complexity/diversity of vegetation with understorey and mid-storey components largely absent expect for some patches of regenerating Bulloke. Hollows present in most large mature trees ranging from small to large. Some logs beneath larger trees.	Poor/moderate - some apparent resilience with patches of regenerating shrubs. Large expanse of paddocks surrounding.

Table 4: Habitat assessment of example areas within remnant vegetation patches of the Mount Arthur proposed modification areas.



Table4: Habitat assessment of example areas within remnant vegetation patches of the Mount Arthur proposed modification areas (Continued).

Habitat Description	Habitat Features	Condition/Recovery Potential
4 – Forest	Spotted Gum - Grey Box forest around eastern trapping transect of Area C . Moderate-sized patch of mixed age forest with Spotted Gum to 1 m in diameter and 25 m height. Mid-storey of regenerating Eucalyptus. Good pulse of flowering. Patchy understorey with multiple shrub species present. Hollows common throughout at a range of sizes. Occasional large logs. Occasional mistletoe.	Good. Some apparent disturbance through previous clearing, but extent unknown. Recovering woodland with good habitat complexity.
5 – Grassy woodland	Example A - Mixed-age dense grassy woodland patch around northern trapping transect of Area C. Trees to 20 m high and 60 cm diameter. Few very old trees and hollows uncommon. Some regeneration of canopy species but lower strata components have limited cover and diversity. Example B - Mixed-aged open grassy woodland – Area C west of track with northern bat recorder. Hollows and logs uncommon. Limited floristic diversity or feeding resources. Predominantly native grass cover.	Moderate - with good recovery potential.
6 – Grassland	These areas constituted a mix of native and exotic grasses with occasional herbs or forbs. Cover of other vegetative layers such as understorey or canopy was absent or very sparse. These areas were generally highly disturbed and modified due to clearing and grazing.	Poor – with moderate or low recovery potential.
7 – Disturbed	Disturbed areas were generally roads or other infrastructure, or places where significant soil disruption including fill had occurred leading to weed domination.	Poor with very low recovery potential.

Within the remnant vegetation patches of the study area, the predominant habitat type is woodland, with taller forest remnants within Study Area A lacking canopy cover and consequently functioning as woodland or open woodland. The patch of Central Hunter Ironbark-Spotted Gum-Grey Box Forest along the eastern border of Study Area C was the major forest remnant investigated within the study area, which has retained its forest structure.

Larger and better consolidated woodland/forest habitats within the study area offer a variety of micro-habitat features for resident fauna. A high to moderate level of resilience of the different habitat types is apparent in most of the larger denser woodland patches, as evidenced by a moderate diversity of native ground cover and shrubs and a low cover of weeds.

Some regeneration of woodland/forest areas is evident within the study area over recent decades, most notably around Study Area C, with younger trees abundant in some areas coinciding with older remnant trees. The majority of tree hollows and large woody debris is associated with the scattered old remnant trees. Whilst grazing has continued on the site, stocking rates appear to be light and cattle tend not to access the larger patches of regenerating vegetation, leading to better habitat quality in those larger patches. **Mt Arthur Coal 2012 Modification** 



### 3.2 Aquatic Habitat Features

Aquatic habitat features within the study area were limited to small ephemeral streams and small farm dams within Study Area C. The ephemeral streams within Study Area C consist of 1<sup>st</sup> to 2<sup>nd</sup> order watercourses with an irregular, limited flow regime, being situated at the top of the catchment areas for Saddlers and Quarry Creeks. The low flow regime limits potential aquatic habitat features along the watercourses, although condition is moderate to good.

The drainage line that runs through Study Area A is part of Saddlers Creek and consists of a permanent shallow watercourse. Its catchment has partly been impacted by previous mining works to the east and north, but is largely cleared and used for agriculture. Habitat in this drainage line consists predominantly of thick *Typha* reed beds, with other aquatic macrophytes also present in places. There are no pools free of thick *Typha* growth. The farm dams throughout the study area offer limited habitat values, being largely devoid of aquatic vegetation or other habitat features, but provide a watering point for a range of terrestrial species.

### 3.3 Fauna

A total of 77 vertebrate species were recorded during the field surveys, comprising 44 birds, 25 mammals (including six introduced species), five reptiles and three frogs (Appendix 2). Most of these species are common and widespread throughout the locality and wider region, including within more disturbed habitats. There was a low diversity of woodland bird species and small native terrestrial mammals were not recorded. Marsupial diversity was very low and the species present were species that are generally common and widespread. Few reptiles were recorded, though targeted survey was limited to opportunistic searches through rocky habitat or around congregations of logs. Both of these habitats were rare within the study area and there were very limited areas of outcropping and exfoliating rock.

The faunal assemblage is likely indicative of the highly modified landscape and presence of introduced predators. The area around Study Area C comprises roughly 500 ha of land with small to medium sized patches of remnant vegetation (the largest approximately 60 ha) largely surrounded by open cut mining and agriculture. There are numerous pathways to the Mount Arthur area providing easy access for introduced predators. Expansive potential source areas for native species, such as Wollemi National Park occur approximately 10-15 km to the southwest of Mount Arthur, but connectivity to this areas is poor, particularly for terrestrial mammals vulnerable to predation.



### 3.4 Threatened Species

Two threatened species were recorded during the survey: Grey-headed Flying-fox (*Pteropus poliocephalus*) and Eastern Freetail-bat (*Mormopterus norfolkensis*). The Grey-headed Flying-fox was recorded at five locations within the study area, while the Eastern Freetail-bat was recorded once during the survey. A further three bat species may have been recorded but call recordings from these species were not of sufficient quality to be certain or else the calls overlap significantly with other species so that a definitive identification is not possible. These species were Eastern Bentwing-bat (*Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis*), Eastern Cave Bat (*Vespadelus troughtoni*) and Eastern False Pipistrelle (*Falsistrellus tasmaniensis*).

Threatened animal species recorded or considered to have a moderate chance of occurring are all mobile species and moderately common within the region in their preferred habitats. These species are listed in Appendix 3. The threatened fauna species recorded within the study area and the co-ordinates where these species were recorded are listed in Table 5.

Species	Co-ordinates MGA Zone 5		Threatened Species Status <sup>1</sup>		
	Easting	Northing	EPBC Act	TSC Act	
Cray banded Elving fax Diaronya poliaconholya	299107	6417731			
Grey-headed Flying-fox - Pteropus poliocephalus	299018	6417654	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	
	298396	6417445			
Eastern Freetail-bat - Mormopterus norfolkensis	299019	6417568		Vulnorabla	
Eastern Freetail-bat - Mormoplerus nonoikensis	301052	6416618	-	vuillelable	
	299019	6417568			
Eastern Bentwing-bat (Miniopterus schreibersii	298413	6417671		Vulnorable	
oceanensis)*	294659	6421162	-	vuillelable	
	301052	6416618		Vulnerable	
	299061	6417594			
Eastern Cave Bat (Vespadelus troughtoni)*	294659	6421162	-	Vulnerable	
	301052	6416618			
Eastern False Pipistrelle ( <i>Falsistrellus tasmaniensis</i> )*	294659	6421162	-	Vulnerable	

### Table 5: Threatened fauna recorded within the study area

Threatened species status under the TSC Act and/or EPBC Act (current as of 4 July 2012).
 \* Possible record.



# 4 CONCLUSION

A total of **77** vertebrate species were recorded during the field surveys, comprising 44 birds, **25** mammals (including six introduced species), five reptiles and three frogs.

Two threatened species were recorded during the fauna survey: the Grey-headed Flying-fox (*Pteropus poliocephalus*) and Eastern Freetail-bat (*Mormopterus norfolkensis*). The Greyheaded Flying-fox was recorded at five locations within the study area, while the Eastern Freetail-bat was recorded once during the survey. A further three bat species, the Eastern Bentwing-bat (*Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis*), Eastern Cave Bat (*Vespadelus troughtoni*) and Eastern False Pipistrelle (*Falsistrellus tasmaniensis*), may have been recorded but call recordings from these species were not of sufficient quality to be certain.

Remnant woodland vegetation within the study area is in moderate to good condition. Fauna habitat throughout the study area has varied conservation importance for threatened fauna species, with the largest patches of remnant vegetation around Mount Arthur providing the greatest conservation value.



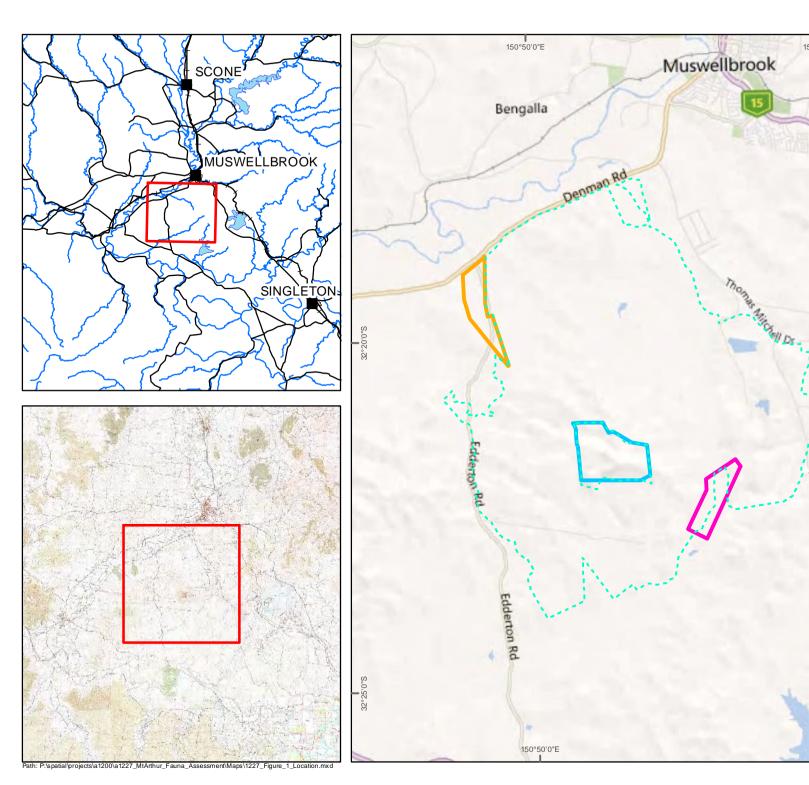
# **5 REFERENCES**

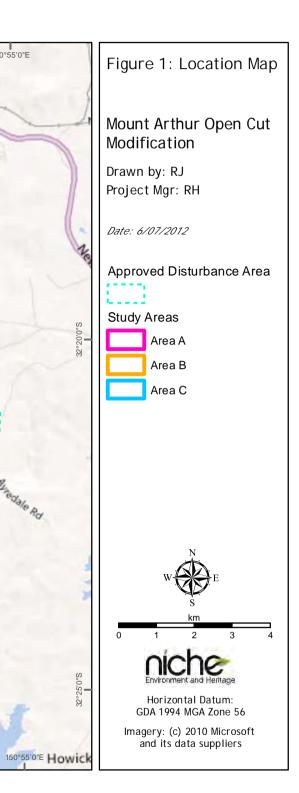
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- Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities (2011b). Survey Guidelines for Australia's Threatened Reptiles.
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# **FIGURES**

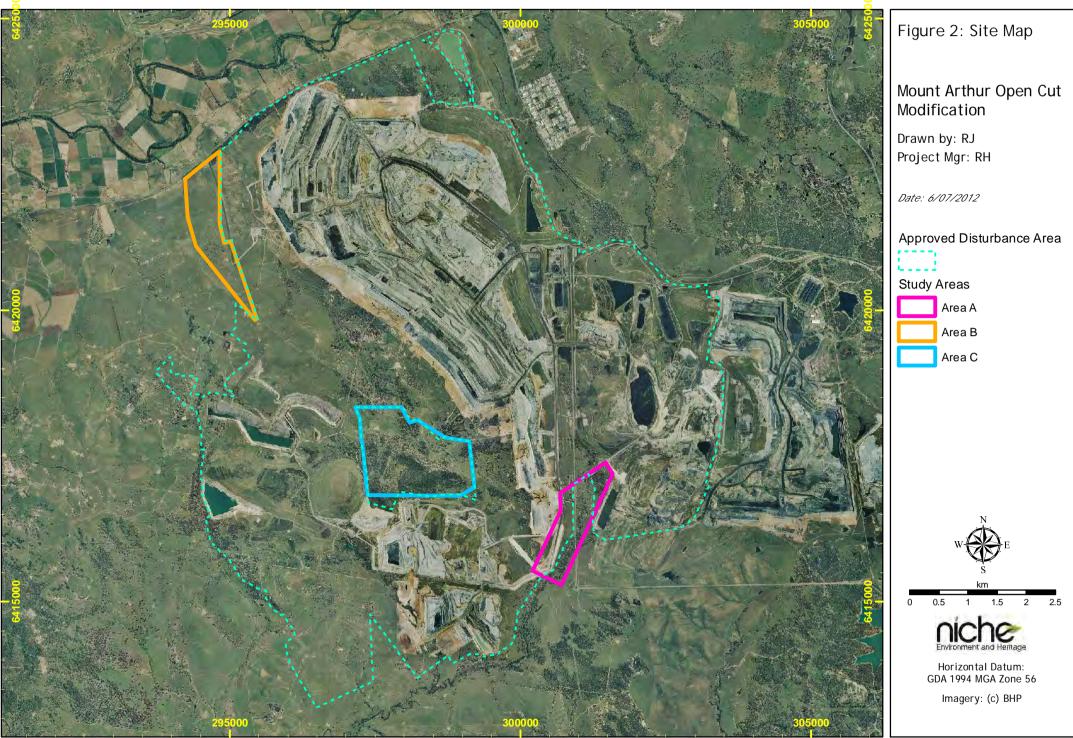
**Mt Arthur Coal 2012 Modification** Fauna Survey Report





150°55'0"E

Pyredale Rd



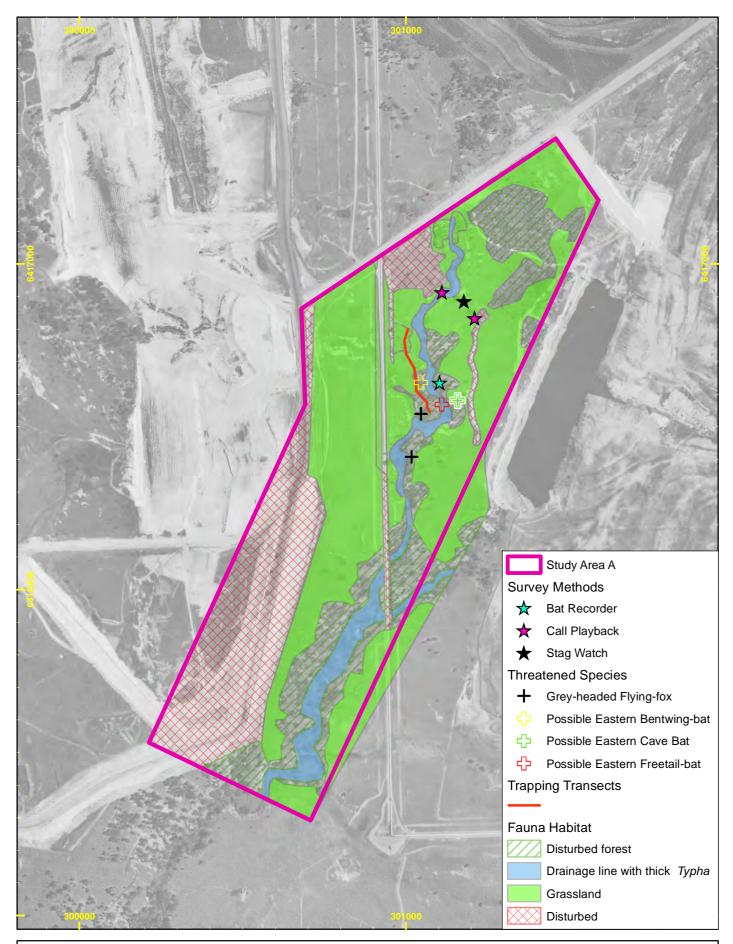


Figure 3: Fauna Habitat Type, Survey Methods and Threatened Species Mount Arthur Open Cut Modification - Study Area A Drawn by: RJ Project Mgr: RH Date: 23/10/2012

Imagery: (c) BHP

300

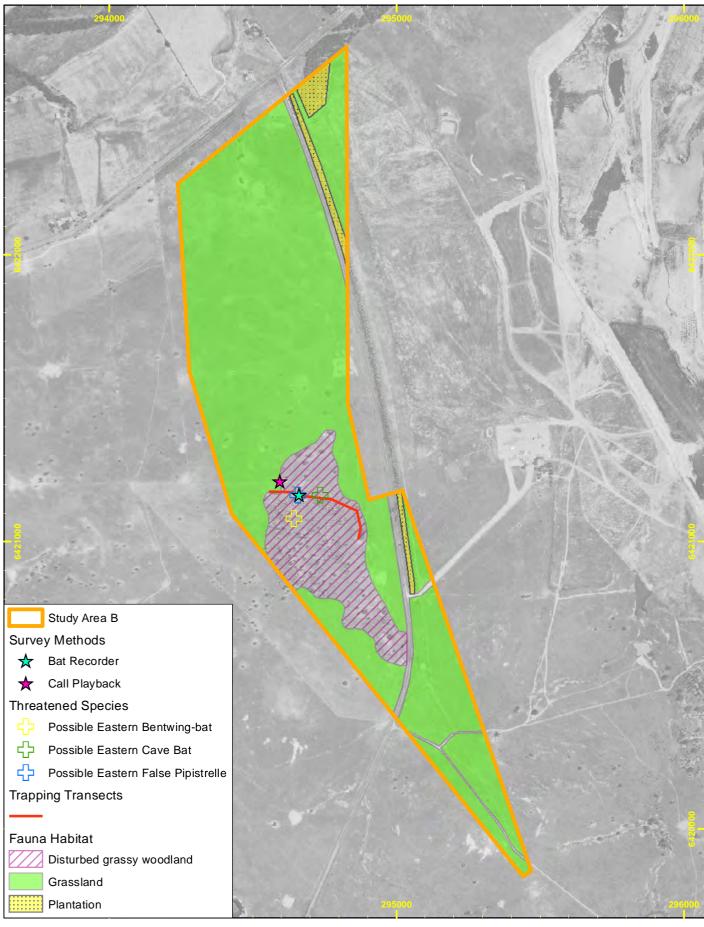
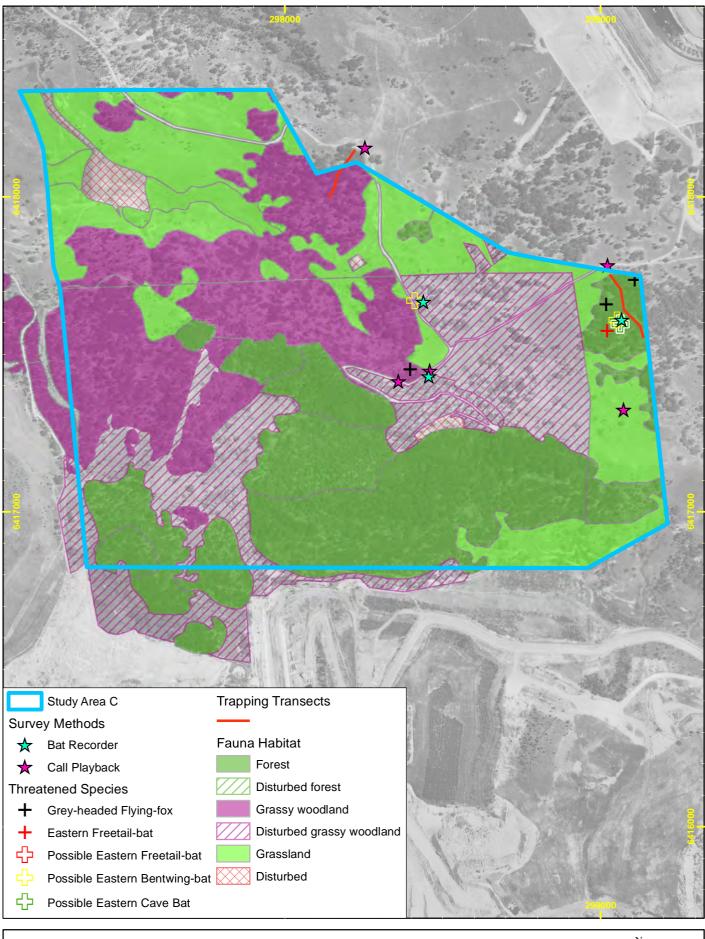
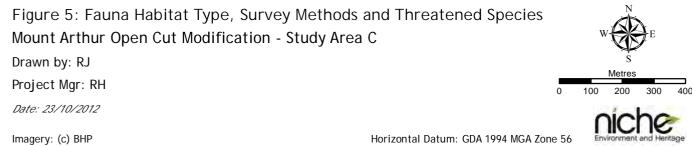


Figure 4: Fauna Habitat Type, Survey Methods and Threatened Species Mount Arthur Open Cut Modification - Study Area B Drawn by: RJ Project Mgr: RH 100 200 300 400 Date: 6/07/2012 Imagery: (c) BHP

a1227\_MtArthur\_Fauna\_Assessment\Maps\1227\_Figure\_4\_Methods\_Area\_B.m





# **APPENDICIES**

Mt Arthur Coal 2012 Modification Fauna Survey Report

### **Appendix 1: Habitat Assessment - Results**

#### Habitat Assessment Sheet: Area A

Habitat Type: Disturbed Spotted Gum, Ironbark, Grey Box Forest

#### Central Coordinates: 150.885; -32.369

Locality/Geomorphology/Slope: Open depression with gently sloping sides and drainage line. Main drainage to south with east and west facing gentle slopes.

#### Broad Vegetation Description:

Canopy - moderately dense along transect but patchy throughout, height 20 - 25 metres (m), tree diameter at breast height (d.b.h.) to 1.2 m but more commonly 20 - 40 centimetres (cm). Some very large Narrow-leaved Ironbark (*Eucalyptus crebra*) and Spotted Gum (*Corymbia maculata*) outside of transect.

Midstorey - patchy - height 10 - 18 m. Sparse throughout but locally more dense amongst stands of regenerating trees. Predominantly regenerating *Acacia* spp., *Casuarina* spp. and *Eucalyptus* spp. canopy species.

Understorey - patchy to 2 m mixed native woody shrubs and occasional exotics.

Groundcover: cover 75 - 90%, Predominantly native grasses with occasional disturbance tolerant shrubs and forbs. Areas of exotic grasses (e.g. Coolatai Grass [*Hyparrhenia hirta*]) where previous soil disturbance has occurred mostly around edges. Areas of erosion scald.

#### Habitat Features:

Occasional tree hollows with larger trees supporting large hollows >30 cm, though these are rare. Occasional logs and woody debris associated with older trees.

Creek provides permanent aquatic habitat thoughout with low diversity of aquatic habitat components - almost exclusively shallow water habitat with dense Typha growth. Occasionally additional macrophytes, but limited.

**Disturbance:** Modified vegetation due to degradation of all strata levels though moderate to good recovery potential with good recruitment. Requires management of Coolatai Grass. Past disturbance from cattle with some evidence of continued light disturbance from cattle and rabbits.



#### Habitat Assessment Sheet: Area B

Habitat Type: Disturbed Grassy Woodland. Paddocks with patchy regeneration and large remnant woodland trees.

Central Coordinates: 150.819; -32.328

Locality/Geomorphology/Slope: Open plain with gentle northerly aspect.

#### **Broad Vegetation Description:**

Canopy - sparse and patchy cover, height to 20 m tree d.b.h. to 1.2 m. Slaty Box dominated.

Midstorey - overall low cover with patchy stands of dense regeneration of Bulloke and Eucalyptus species. Height 5 - 10 m.

Understorey - sparse with occasional regenerating *Eucalyptus* spp. and woody shrubs.

Groundcover: moderately dense to dense cover of mixed native and exotic grasses.

#### Habitat Features:

Occasional hollows and large logs associated with large remnant trees; farm dams within area, but with poor habitat.

Disturbance: Predominantly cleared throughout with continued grazing at moderate levels.



### Habitat Assessment Sheet: Area C (Transect 1)

Habitat Type: Spotted Gum-Grey Box Forest

Central Coordinates: 150.865; -32.360

Locality/Geomorphology/Slope: Moderately steep south facing hillslope.

#### Broad Vegetation Description:

Canopy - height to 25 m tree d.b.h. to 1 m. Spotted Gum (dominant) and Grey Box (Eucalyptus microcarpa).

Midstorey - height 10-18 m., moderately dense. Predominantly Spotted Gum.

Understorey - 25 - 50% cover of Blackthorn (*Bursaria spinosa*), Coffee Bush (*Breynia oblongifolia*), *Acacia spp.*, species from the Santalaceae family, *Cassinia spp.* and *Notelaea spp.* 

Groundcover: 50% cover of mixed native grasses, shrubs and herbs, moderately deep leaf litter patches.

#### Habitat Features:

Frequent medium and small hollows (<30 cm diameter) and also some nest boxes; surface rock rare becoming more common in gully; large logs common; ephemeral drainage line at bottom of gully with some small pools, but lack of permanent aquatic habitat and no instream macrophytes. Occasional mistletoe, stags and bare branches. Prolific flowering of some individual Spotted Gums.

**Disturbance:** Apparent previous selective clearing (particularly Ironbark species), but otherwise good condition with intact vegetation at all strata levels and moderate species richness. Limited current cattle disturbance.



### Habitat Assessment Sheet: Area C (Transect 2)

Habitat Type: Grassy Woodland - derived community mixed age.

#### Central Coordinates: 150.855; -32.356

**Locality/Geomorphology/Slope:** Steep south-west facing slope from ridgetop extending into gully.

#### Broad Vegetation Description:

Canopy - height to 20 m; max tree d.b.h. 60 cm; Spotted Gum, Grey Box and Forest Red Gum (*Eucalyptus tereticornis*).

Midstorey - height 5 - 15 m Spotted Gum, Grey Box and Forest Red Gum.

Understorey - sparse and patchy Blackthorn and some regenerating canopy species.

Groundcover - Patchy, dominated by native grasses with some herbs shrubs and bare earth patches.

#### Habitat Features:

Hollows occasional, mistletoe common; logs occasional; stags uncommon; surface rock uncommon though becoming common on opposite side of gully; ephemeral creek at bottom of gully, though permanent pools absent; small farm dams near site.

Disturbance: Previous clearing.



## Appendix 2: Fauna Recorded from the Study Area

		Conservation	n Status <sup>1</sup>	Ohannatian	Church	Churche	Study	Study	Study	Outside Sites
Common Name	Scientific Name	TSC Act	EPBC Act	Observation Type	Study Area A	Study Area B	Area C (North)	Area C (East)	Area C (Central)	
Amphibians										
Common Eastern Froglet	Crinia signifera				Х					
Smooth Toadlet	Uperoleia laevigata			Н	Х					
Verreaux's Frog	Litoria verreauxii			Н	Х	Х			Х	
Reptiles										
Thick-tailed Gecko	Underwoodisaurus milii			0					Х	
Southern Rainbow-skink	Carlia tetradactyla					Х				
Dark-flecked Garden Sunskink	Lampropholis delicata					х				
Lace Monitor	Varanus varius			СТ				х		
Red-bellied Black Snake	Pseudechis porphyriacus				Х	Х				
Birds										
Brown Quail	Coturnix ypsilophora									х
Nankeen Kestrel	Falco cenchroides				Х	Х	Х			
Australian Hobby	Falco longipennis			0						х
Brown Falcon	Falco berigora					Х				
Black-shouldered Kite	Elanus axillaris			0		Х				
Wedge-tailed Eagle	Aquila audax				Х	Х				
Masked Lapwing	Vanellus miles			О, Н	Х					
Crested Pigeon	Ocyphaps lophotes			0		Х				
Galah	Eolophus roseicapillus			H, O, S	Х	Х		Х		
Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	Cacatua galerita			S, O, H	Х	Х		Х		
Crimson Rosella	Platycercus elegans			Η, Ο		Х		Х		

Fauna Survey Report



		Conservation	Status <sup>1</sup>	Ohannatian	Church	Churcher	Study	Study	Study	Outside
Common Name	Scientific Name	TSC Act	EPBC Act	Observation Type	Study Area A	Study Area B	Area C (North)	Area Ć (East)	Area C (Central)	Outside Sites
Eastern Rosella	Platycercus eximius				Х	Х		Х		
Australian King-Parrot	Alisterus scapularis			0				Х		
Shining Bronze-Cuckoo	Chalcites lucidus			Н					Х	
Barn Owl	Tyto alba			0, S, H	Х					
Tawny Frogmouth	Podargus strigoides			Н					Х	
Laughing Kookaburra	Dacelo novaeguineae			0		Х				
White-throated Treecreeper	Cormobates leucophaea			Н					Х	
Superb Fairy-wren	Malurus cyaneus			H, O	Х	Х	Х	Х		
Spotted Pardalote	Pardalotus punctatus			H, O			Х	Х	Х	
Striated Pardalote	Pardalotus striatus			H, O	Х		х	Х	Х	
Buff-rumped Thornbill	Acanthiza reguloides			0					Х	
Yellow-faced Honeyeater	Lichenostomus chrysops			H, O			Х	Х		
Noisy Miner	Manorina melanocephala			H, O	Х	Х		Х		
Noisy Friarbird	Philemon corniculatus			O/H	Х			Х		
Rose Robin	Petroica rosea			O/H				Х		
Golden Whistler	Pachycephala pectoralis			O/H				Х		
Grey Fantail	Rhipidura albiscapa			H, O	Х		х	Х		
Grey Butcherbird	Cracticus torquatus			H, O				Х		
Magpie-lark	Grallina cyanoleuca			0						Х
Pied Butcherbird	Cracticus nigrogularis			O/H	Х	Х		Х	Х	
Australian Magpie	Cracticus tibicen			H, O, CT				Х		
Pied Currawong	Strepera graculina			H, O			Х	Х		
Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike	Coracina novaehollandiae			0	Х					
Olive-backed Oriole	Oriolus sagittatus			0		Х				
Australian Raven	Corvus coronoides			H, O, CT	Х	Х		Х		



		Conservation	Status <sup>1</sup>	Observation	Chudu	Chudu	Study	Study	Study	Outside Sites       x       x
Common Name	Scientific Name	TSC Act	EPBC Act	<ul> <li>Observation</li> <li>Type</li> </ul>	Study Area A	Study Area B	Area C (North)	Area C (East)	Area C (Central)	
White-winged Chough	Corcorax melanorhamphos			0, H				Х		
Common Starling*	Sturnus vulgaris			0		Х				
Welcome Swallow	Hirundo neoxena			0	Х					
Silvereye	Zosterops lateralis			H, O			Х	Х		
Mistletoebird	Dicaeum hirundinaceum									
Australian Pipit	Anthus novaeseelandiae			0						Х
Red-browed Finch	Neochmia temporalis			H, O			Х	Х	Х	
Zebra Finch	Taeniopygia guttata			H, O	Х					Х
Mammals										
Short-beaked Echidna	Tachyglossus aculeatus			CT, IO				Х		
Common Wombat	Vombatus ursinus			I, O	Х			Х	Х	
Common Brushtail Possum	Trichosurus vulpecula			S, C, HT, ET	Х			Х	Х	
Eastern Grey Kangaroo	Macropus giganteus			0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Common Wallaroo	Macropus robustus			0					Х	Х
Red-necked Wallaby	Macropus rufogriseus			O, HT, CT			Х	Х	Х	
Grey-headed Flying-fox	Pteropus poliocephalus	V	V	S, H	Х			Х	Х	
Eastern Freetail-bat	Mormopterus norfolkensis	V			?			Х		
	Mormopterus 'Species 4' (big penis)					Х	Х			
White-striped Freetail-bat	Tadarida australis						Х	?		
Eastern Bentwing-bat	Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis	V			?	?	?	?		
Gould's Wattled Bat	Chalinolobus gouldii				?	Х	Х	?		
Chocolate Wattled Bat	Chalinolobus morio			EC	х	?	Х	Х		
Eastern False Pipistrelle	Falsistrellus tasmaniensis	V				?				
Eastern Broad-nosed Bat	Scotorepens orion					?				
Large Forest Bat	Vespadelus darlingtoni					?	?	?		



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		Conservation S	tatus <sup>1</sup>	Observation	Study	Study	Study	Study	Study	Outside Sites
Common Name	Scientific Name	TSC Act	EPBC Act	Туре	Study Area A	Area B	Area C (North)	Area C (East)	Area C (Central)	
Southern Forest Bat	Vespadelus regulus						?	Х		
Eastern Cave Bat	Vespadelus troughtoni	V			?	?		?		
Little Forest Bat	Vespadelus vulturnus				Х	?	?			
Black Rat*	Rattus rattus			СТ				Х		
Dog*	Canis lupus familiaris									Х
Fox*	Vulpes vulpes			СТ	Х					Х
Cat*	Felis catus			0					Х	Х
Rabbit*	Oryctolagus cuniculus			0, I0, CT	Х	х	х	Х	Х	
European cattle*	Bos taurus			0, CT						

KEY: \* = introduced species; CT = Camera Trap; O = Observed; H = Heard; S = Spotlight; IO = Indirect Observation (i.e. burrows, scats etc.); ET = Elliot Trap; Ec = Echolocation recording; HT = Hair Tube.

Threatened and/or migratory species status under the TSC Act and/or EPBC Act (current as of 4 July 2012).

V = Vulnerable; E = Endangered; CE = Critically Endangered; M = Migratory.



### Appendix 3: Threatened Fauna Species Potentially Occurring within the Study Area or Surrounds

Note: Highlighted species were located or recorded as possibly occurring during the current survey. Fauna that are exclusively dependant on marine environments, including near shore environments, were removed from the table. Non-referenced habitat information has been sourced from: *Threatened Species Profiles for threatened species, endangered populations and endangered ecological communities listed under the NSW Threatened Species Conservation Act 1999* (NSW Office of Environment and Heritage, 2012).

Species	Conservatio	on Status <sup>1</sup>	Habitat
Species	EPBC Act	TSC Act	
Amphibians			
Green and Golden Bell Frog Litoria aurea	V	E	Inhabits marshes, dams and stream-sides, particularly those containing bullrushes ( <i>Typha</i> spp.) or spikerushes ( <i>Eleocharis</i> spp.). Optimum habitat includes water-bodies that are un-shaded, free of predatory fish such as Plague Minnow ( <i>Gambusia holbrooki</i> ), have a grassy area nearby and diurnal sheltering sites available.
Booroolong Frog Litoria booroolongensis	E	E	The Booroolong Frog is restricted to NSW and north-eastern Victoria, predominantly along the western-flowing streams of the Great Dividing Range. It has disappeared from much of the Northern Tablelands, however several populations have recently been recorded in the Namoi catchment. Lives along permanent streams with some fringing vegetation cover such as ferns, sedges or grasses.
Birds			
Black-necked Stork Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus		E	In Australia, Black-necked Storks are widespread in coastal and subcoastal northern and eastern Australia, south to central-eastern NSW and with vagrants recorded at scattered sites well away from the coast (for example, near Moree, north-east of Hay and in Victoria). Black-necked Storks are mainly found on shallow, permanent, freshwater terrestrial wetlands, and surrounding marginal vegetation, including swamps, floodplains, watercourses and billabongs, freshwater meadows, wet heathland, farm dams and shallow floodwaters, as well as extending into adjacent grasslands, paddocks and open savannah woodlands. They also forage within or around estuaries and along intertidal shorelines, such as saltmarshes, mudflats and sandflats, and mangrove vegetation.
Australasian Bittern <i>Botaurus poiciloptilus</i>	E	E	The Australasian Bitterns is widespread but uncommon over south-eastern Australia. In NSW they may be found over most of the state except for the far north-west. Favours permanent freshwater wetlands with tall, dense vegetation, particularly bullrushes ( <i>Typha</i> spp.) and spikerushes ( <i>Eleoacharis</i> spp.).
Cattle Egret Ardea ibis	М		Occurs in tropical and temperate grasslands, wooded lands and terrestrial wetlands (Commonwealth Department of the Environment, Water, Heritage and the Arts [DEWHA] 2012).
Great Egret <i>Ardea alba</i>	М		Terrestrial wetlands, estuarine and littoral habitats and moist grasslands. Inland, prefer permanent water bodies on floodplains; shallows of deep permanent lakes (either open or vegetated), semi-permanent swamps with tall emergent vegetation and herb dominated seasonal swamps with abundant aquatic flora. Also regularly use saline habitats including mangrove forests, estuarine mudflats, salt marshes, bare saltpans, shallows of salt lakes, salt fields and offshore reefs. Breeding requires wetlands with fringing trees in which to build nests including mangrove forest, freshwater lakes or swamps and rivers.



Creation	Conservati	on Status <sup>1</sup>	
Species	EPBC Act	TSC Act	Habitat
White-bellied Sea-eagle Haliaeetus leucogaster	М		A migratory species that is resident to Australia. Found in terrestrial and coastal wetlands; favouring deep freshwater swamps, lakes and reservoirs; shallow coastal lagoons and salt marshes (DEWHA 2012).
Spotted Harrier Circus assimilis		V	The Spotted Harrier occurs throughout the Australian mainland, except in densely forested or wooded habitats of the coast, escarpment and ranges, and rarely in Tasmania. Individuals disperse widely in NSW and comprise a single population. Occurs in grassy open woodland including acacia and mallee remnants, inland riparian woodland, grassland and shrub steppe. It is found most commonly in native grassland, but also occurs in agricultural land, foraging over open habitats including edges of inland wetlands.
Little Eagle Hieraaetus morphnoides		V	Most abundant in lightly timbered areas with open areas nearby. Often recorded foraging in grasslands, crops, treeless dune fields, and recently logged areas. May nest in farmland, woodland and forest in tall trees (DEWHA 2012).
Australian Painted Snipe Rostratula australis	V, M	E	Generally inhabits shallow terrestrial freshwater (occasionally brackish) wetlands, including temporary and permanent lakes, swamps and claypans. They also use inundated or waterlogged grassland or saltmarsh, dams, rice crops, sewage farms and bore drains (DEWHA 2012).
Latham's Snipe Gallinago hardwickii	М		Typically found on wet soft ground or shallow water with good cover of tussocks. Often found in wet paddocks, seepage areas below dams (Pizzey, 2007).
Little Lorikeet Glossopsitta pusilla		V	Distributed in forests and woodlands from the coast to the western slopes of the Great Dividing Range in NSW, extending westwards to the vicinity of Albury, Parkes, Dubbo and Narrabri. Mostly occur in dry, open eucalypt forests and woodlands. They feed primarily on nectar and pollen in the tree canopy. Nest hollows are located at heights of between 2 m and 15 m, mostly in living, smooth-barked eucalypts. Most breeding records come from the western slopes.
Turquoise Parrot Neophema pulchella		V	Occurs in open woodlands and eucalypt forests with a ground cover of grasses and under storey of low shrubs. Generally found in the foothills of the Great Divide, including steep rocky ridges and gullies (Higgins, 1999). Nest in hollow-bearing trees, either dead or alive; also in hollows in tree stumps. Prefer to breed in open grassy forests and woodlands, and gullies that are moist.
Swift Parrot Lathamus discolor	E	E	The Swift Parrot occurs in woodlands and forests of NSW from May to August, where it feeds on eucalypt nectar, pollen and associated insects. The Swift Parrot is dependent on flowering resources across a wide range of habitats in its wintering grounds in NSW (DEWHA 2012). This species is migratory, breeding in Tasmania and also nomadic, moving about in response to changing food availability (Pizzey, 1997).
Masked Owl Tyto novaehollandiae		V	Inhabits a diverse range of wooded habitat that provide tall or dense mature trees with hollows suitable for nesting and roosting (Higgins, 1999). Mostly recorded in open forest and woodlands adjacent to cleared lands. Nest in hollows, in trunks and in near vertical spouts or large trees, usually living but sometimes dead (Higgins, 1999). Nest hollows are usually located within dense forests or woodlands. Masked owls prey upon hollow-dependent arboreal marsupials, but terrestrial mammals make up the largest proportion of the diet.
Barking Owl Ninox connivens	-	V	Generally found in open forests, woodlands, swamp woodlands and dense scrub. Can also be found in the foothills and timber along watercourses in otherwise open country (Pizzey, 2007).



Spacios	Conservation Status <sup>1</sup>		Habitat		
Species	EPBC Act	TSC Act			
White-throated Needletail Hirundapus caudacutus	М		An aerial species found in feeding concentrations over cities, hilltops and timbered ranges (Pizzey, 2007).		
Rainbow Bee-eater Merops ornatus	М		Usually occurs in open or lightly timbered areas, often near water (DEWHA 2012).		
Brown Treecreeper (eastern subspecies) <i>Climacteris picumnus</i> <i>victoriae</i>	-	V	Found in eucalypt woodlands (including Box-Gum Woodland) and dry open forest of the inland slopes and plains inland of the Great Dividing Range; mainly inhabits woodlands dominated by stringybarks or other rough-barked eucalypts, usually with an open grassy understorey, sometimes with one or more shrub species; also found in mallee and River Red Gum ( <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> ) Forest bordering wetlands with an open understorey of acacias, saltbush, lignum, cumbungi and grasses.		
Speckled Warbler Pyrrholaemus saggitatus		V	The Speckled Warbler lives in a wide range of Eucalyptus dominated communities that have a grassy understorey, often on rocky ridges or in gullies. Typical habitat would include scattered native tussock grasses, a sparse shrub layer, some eucalypt regrowth and an open canopy.		
Black-chinned Honeyeater (eastern subspecies) Melithreptus gularis gularis	-	V	Occupies mostly upper levels of drier open forests or woodlands dominated by box and ironbark eucalypts, especially Mugga Ironbark (Eucalyptus sideroxylon), White Box (E. albens), Inland Grey Box (E. microcarpa), Yellow Box (E. melliodora) and Forest Red Gum (E. tereticornis). Also inhabits open forests of smooth-barked gums, stringybarks, ironbarks and tea-trees.		
Regent Honeyeater Anthochaera phrygia	Ε, Μ	CE	A semi-nomadic species occurring in temperate eucalypt woodlands and open forests. Most records are from box-ironbark eucalypt forest associations and wet lowland coastal forests (Pizzey, 2007).		
Hooded Robin (south- eastern form) <i>Melanodryas cucullata</i> <i>cucullata</i>		V	Prefers lightly wooded country, usually open eucalypt woodland, acacia scrub and mallee, often in or near clearings or open areas. Requires structurally diverse habitats featuring mature eucalypts, saplings, some small shrubs and a ground layer of moderately tall native grasses.		
Scarlet Robin Petroica boodang		V	The Scarlet Robin's range includes all state capitals. Occurs in forests, woodlands; and heavier vegetation when breeding. During autumn and winter occurs in more open and Cleared areas. It has dispersive or locally migratory seasonal movements. Is conspicuous in open and suburban habitats.		
Grey-crowned Babbler (eastern subspecies) Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis		V	Inhabits open Box-Gum Woodlands on the slopes, and Box-Cypress-pine and open Box Woodlands on alluvial plains.		



Species	Conservation Status <sup>1</sup>		Habitat		
Species	EPBC Act	TSC Act	าสมเส		
Diamond Firetail Stagonopleura guttata		V	Feeds exclusively on the ground, on ripe and partly-ripe grass and herb seeds and green leaves, and on insects (especially in the breeding season). Found in grassy eucalypt woodlands, including Box-Gum Woodlands and Snow Gum Eucalyptus pauciflora Woodlands. Also occurs in open forest, mallee, Natural Temperate Grassland, and in secondary grassland derived from other communities.		
Varied Sittella Daphoenositta chrysoptera		V	Inhabits wide variety of dry eucalypt forests and woodlands, usually with either shrubby under storey or grassy ground cover or both, in all climatic zones of Australia. Usually in areas with rough-barked trees, such as stringybarks or ironbarks, but also in paperbarks or mature Eucalypts with hollows.		
Black-faced Monarch Monarcha melanopsis	М		A migratory species found during the breeding season in damp gullies in temperate rainforests. Disperses after breeding into more open woodland (Pizzey, 2007).		
Satin Flycatcher Myiagra cyanoleuca	М		Migratory species that occurs in coastal forests, woodlands and scrubs during migration. Breeds in heavily vegetated gullies (Pizzey, 2007).		
Mammals					
Spotted-tailed (Eastern) Quoll Dasyurus maculatus maculatus	E	V	Uses a range of habitats including sclerophyll forests and woodlands, coastal heathlands and rainforests. Habitat requirements include suitable den sites, including hollow logs, rock crevices and caves, an abundance of food and an area of intact vegetation in which to forage.		
Koala Phascolarctos cinereus	V	V	Inhabits eucalypt forests and woodlands. The suitability of these forests for habitation depends on the size and species of trees present, soil nutrients, climate and rainfall.		
Squirrel Glider Petaurus norfolcensis		V	Generally occurs in dry sclerophyll forests and woodlands but is absent from dense coastal ranges in the southern part of its range. Requires abundant hollow bearing trees and a mix of eucalypts, banksias and acacias. There is only limited information available on den tree use by Squirrel gliders, but it has been observed using both living and dead trees as well as hollow stumps. Within a suitable vegetation community at least one species should flower heavily in winter and one species of eucalypt should be smooth barked. Endangered population in the Wagga Wagga LGA.		
Brush-tailed Rock-wallaby Petrogale penicillata	V	E	Found in rocky areas in a wide variety of habitats including rainforest gullies, wet and dry sclerophyll forest, open woodland and rocky outcrops in semi-arid country. Commonly sites have a northerly aspect with numerous ledges, caves and crevices.		
Grey-headed Flying-fox Pteropus poliocephalus	V	V	This species is a canopy-feeding frugivore and nectarivore of rainforests, open forests, woodlands, melaleuca swamps and banksia woodlands. Bats commute daily to foraging areas, usually within 15 km of the day roost although some individuals may travel up to 70 km.		



Species	Conservation	on Status <sup>1</sup> TSC Act	Habitat
Yellow-bellied Sheathtail-bat Saccolaimus flaviventris		V	The Yellow-bellied Sheathtail-bat is a wide-ranging species found across northern and eastern Australia. Roosts singly or in groups of up to six, in tree hollows and buildings; in treeless areas they are known to utilise mammal burrows. When foraging for insects, flies high and fast over the forest canopy, but lower in more open country. Forages in most habitats across its very wide range, with and without trees; appears to defend an aerial territory. Breeding has been recorded from December to mid-March, when a single young is born. Seasonal movements are unknown; there is speculation about a migration to southern Australia in late summer and autumn.
Eastern Freetail-bat Mormopterus norfolkensis		V	Most records are from dry eucalypt forests and woodlands to the east of the Great Dividing Range. Appears to roost in trees, but little is known of this species' habits (Allison and Hoye 1995; Churchill 1998).
Little Bent-wing Bat Miniopterus australis		V	Coastal north-eastern NSW and eastern Queensland (Churchill, 2008). Little Bent-wing Bat is an insectivorous bat that roost in caves, in old mines, in tunnels, under bridges, or in similar structures. They breed in large aggregations in a small number of known caves and may travel 100s km from feeding home ranges to breeding sites (Law, 1996). Little Bent-wing Bat has a preference for moist eucalypt forest, rainforest or dense coastal banksia scrub where it forages below the canopy for insects.
Eastern Bentwing-bat Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis		V	Broad range of habitats including rainforest, wet and dry sclerophyll forest, paperbark forest and open grasslands. Roost in caves and man made habitats and under road culverts.
Soith-eastern Long-eared Bat Nyctophilus corbeni	V	V	Overall, the distribution of the south eastern form coincides approximately with the Murray Darling Basin with the Pilliga Scrub region being the distinct stronghold for this species. Inhabits a variety of vegetation types, including mallee, bulloke Allocasuarina leuhmanni and box eucalypt dominated communities, but it is distinctly more common in box/ironbark/cypress-pine vegetation that occurs in a north-south belt along the western slopes and plains of NSW and southern Queensland. Roosts in tree hollows, crevices, and under loose bark.
Large-eared Pied Bat Chalinolobus dwyeri	V	V	Located in a variety of drier habitats, including the dry sclerophyll forests and woodlands to the east and west of the Great Dividing Range. Can also be found on the edges of rainforests and in wet sclerophyll forests (Churchill, 1998). This species roosts in caves and mines in groups of between 3 and 37 individuals (Churchill, 1998).
Eastern False Pipistrelle Falsistrellus tasmaniensis		V	Inhabit sclerophyll forests, preferring wet habitats where trees are more than 20 m high (Churchill, 1998). Two observations have been made of roosts in stem holes of living eucalypts. There is debate about whether or not this species moves to lower altitudes during winter, or whether they remain sedentary but enter torpor (Menkhorst, 1995). This species also appears to be highly mobile and records showing movements of up to 12 km between roosting and foraging sites.
Large-footed Myotis (Southern Myotis) <i>Myotis macropus (adversus)</i>		V	Occurs in most habitat types as long as they are near permanent water bodies, including streams, lakes and reservoirs. Commonly roost in caves, but can also roost in tree hollows, under bridges and in mines (Churchill 1998).



Constant	Conservation Status <sup>1</sup>			
Species	EPBC Act	TSC Act	Habitat	
Greater Broad-nosed Bat Scoteanax rueppellii		V	Prefer moist gullies in mature coastal forests and rainforests, between the Great Dividing Range and the coast. They are only found at low altitudes below 500 m (Churchill, 1998). In dense environments they utilise natural and human-made opening in the forest for flight paths. Creeks and small rivers are favoured foraging habitat. This species roosts in hollow tree trunks and branches (Churchill, 1998).	
Eastern Cave Bat Vespadelus troughtoni		V	The Eastern Cave Bat is found in a broad band on both sides of the Great Dividing Range from Cape York to Kempsey, with records from the New England Tablelands and the upper north coast of NSW. Cave-roosting species that is usually found in dry open forest and woodland, near cliffs or rocky overhangs; has been recorded roosting in disused mine workings, occasionally in colonies of up to 500 individuals.	
New Holland Mouse Pseudomys novaehollandiae	V	-	Coastal heath and dry sclerophyll forest and woodland.f	

Threatened and/or migratory species status under the TSC Act and/or EPBC Act (current as of 4 July 2012).

V = Vulnerable; E = Endangered; CE = Critically Endangered; M = Migratory.



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January 2013

#### APPENDIX 2

# FLORA AND FAUNA PREVIOUSLY RECORDED WITHIN THE MT ARTHUR COAL MINE

Mt Arthur Coal Open Cut Modification Ecological Assessment

#### FLORA

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
Acanthaceae	Brunoniella australis	Blue Trumpet	
	Pseuderanthemum variabile	Pastel Flower	
	Rostellularia adscendens var. adscendens		
Adiantaceae	Adiantum aethiopicum	Common Maidenhair	
	Cheilanthes austrotenuifolia	Rock Fern	
	Cheilanthes distans	Bristly Cloak Fern	
	Cheilanthes sieberi subsp. sieberi	Mulga Fern	
Aizoaceae	*Galenia pubescens	Galenia	
	Tetragonia tetragonioides	New Zealand Spinach	
Alismataceae	Damasonium minus	Starfruit	
Alliaceae	*Nothoscordum borbonicum	Onion Weed	
Amaranthaceae	*Alternanthera pungens	Khaki Weed	
	*Amaranthus quitensis	South American Amaranth	
	*Gomphrena celosioides	Gomphrena Weed	
	Ptilotus semilanatus		
Anthericaceae	Arthropodium milleflorum	Pale Vanilla-lily	
	Arthropodium minus		
	Dichopogon fimbriatus	Nodding Chocolate Lily	
	Dichopogon strictus	Chocolate Lily	
	Laxmannia compacta		
	Thysanotus patersonii	Twining Fringe-Lily	
	Thysanotus tuberosus	Common Fringe-lily	
Apiaceae	*Cyclospermum leptophyllum	Slender Celery	
	*Foeniculum vulgare	Fennel	
	Centella asiatica	Indian Pennywort	
	Daucus glochidiatus	Native Carrot	
	Hydrocotyle laxiflora	Stinking Pennywort	
Apocynaceae	Parsonsia eucalyptophylla	Gargaloo	
Asclepiadaceae	*Gomphocarpus fruticosus	Narrow-leaved Cotton Bush	
	*Gomphocarpus physocarpus	Balloon Cotton Bush	
Asphodelaceae	*Asphodelus fistulosus	Onion Weed	
Aspleniaceae	Asplenium flabellifolium	Necklace Fern	
Asteraceae	*Ambrosia artemisiifolia	Annual ragweed	
	*Ambrosia tenuifolia	Lacy Ragweed	
	*Arctotheca calendula	Capeweed	
	*Aster subulatus	Wild Aster	
	*Bidens pilosa	Cobbler's Pegs	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	*Carduus nutans	Nodding Thistle	
	*Carthamus lanatus	Saffron Thistle	
	*Chondrilla juncea	Skeleton Weed	
	*Cirsium vulgare	Spear Thistle	
	*Conyza bonariensis	Flaxleaf Fleabane	
	*Conyza sumatrensis		
	*Coreopsis lanceolata	Coreopsis	
	*Crepis capillaris	Smooth Hawksbeard	
	*Dimorphotheca ecklonis	Cape Daisy	
	Euchiton involucratus	Star Cudweed	
	*Galinsoga parviflora	Potato Weed	
	*Gamochaeta coarctata		
	*Gamochaeta purpurea	Purple Cudweed	
	*Hedypnois rhagadioloides	Cretan Weed	
	*Lactuca saligna	Willow-leaved Lettuce	
	*Lactuca serriola	Prickly Lettuce	
	*Onopordum acanthium subsp.		
	acanthium	Scotch Thistle	
	*Senecio madagascariensis	Fireweed	
	*Silybum marianum	Variegated Thistle	
	*Soliva sessilis	Bindyi	
	*Sonchus oleraceus	Common Sowthistle	
	*Tagetes minuta	Stinking Roger	
	*Taraxacum officinale	Dandelion	
	*Tragopogon porrifolius	Salsify	
	*Xanthium spinosum	Bathurst Burr	
	*Bidens subalternans	Greater Beggar's Ticks	
	Brachyscome linearifolia		
	Brachyscome multifida	Cut-leaved Daisy	
	Calocephalus citreus	Lemon Beauty-heads	
	Calotis cuneifolia	Purple Burr-Daisy	
	Calotis lappulacea	Yellow Burr-daisy	
	Cassinia arcuata	Sifton Bush	
	Cassinia quinquefaria		
	Chrysocephalum apiculatum	Common Everlasting, Yellow Buttons	
	Chrysocephalum semipapposum	Clustered Everlasting	
	Cotula australis	Common Cotula	
	*Cotula coronopifolia	Water Buttons	
	Craspedia variabilis		
	Cymbonotus lawsonianus	Bear's Ear	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	Euchiton gymnocephalus		
	Euchiton sphaericus		
	*Facelis retusa	Annual Trampweed	
	Glossocardia bidens	Cobbler's Tack	
	Gnaphalium sphaericum		
	*Hypochaeris radicata	Catsear	
	Lagenophora stipitata	Blue Bottle-daisy	
	Minuria leptophylla		
	Olearia elliptica	Sticky Daisy Bush	
	Ozothamnus diosmifolius	White Dogwood	
	Podolepis jaceoides	Showy Copper-wire Daisy	
	Pseudognaphalium luteoalbum	Jersey Cudweed	
	Senecio hispidulus	Hill Fireweed	
	Senecio quadridentatus	Cotton Fireweed	
	Sigesbeckia orientalis		
	Solenogyne bellioides		
	Vernonia cinerea var. cinerea		
	Vittadinia cuneata	Fuzzweed	
	Vittadinia cuneata f. cuneata		
	Vittadinia muelleri		
	Vittadinia pterochaeta	Rough Fuzzweed	
	Vittadinia sulcata		
	Vittadinia triloba		
Bignoniaceae	Pandorea pandorana	Wonga Wonga Vine	
Boraginaceae	Cynoglossum australe		
	Cynoglossum suaveolens		
Brassicaceae	*Capsella bursa-pastoris	Shepherd's Purse	
	*Hirschfeldia incana	Buchan Weed	
	*Lepidium africanum		
	*Lepidium bonariense		
	*Rapistrum rugosum	Turnip Weed	
	Lepidium pseudohyssopifolium	Peppercress	
	*Raphanus raphanistrum	Wild Radish	
Cactaceae	*Harrisia martinii	Moonlight Cactus	
	*Opuntia aurantiaca	Tiger Pear	
	*Opuntia humifusa	Creeping Pear	
	*Opuntia stricta	Common Prickly Pear	
	*Opuntia stricta var. stricta	Common Prickly Pear	
Campanulaceae	Wahlenbergia communis	Tufted Bluebell	
	Wahlenbergia gracilis	Australian Bluebell	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	Wahlenbergia luteola		
	Wahlenbergia stricta	Tall Bluebell	
Caryophyllaceae	*Agrostemma githago	Corn Cockle	
	*Cerastium glomeratum	Mouse-ear Chickweed	
	*Petrorhagia nanteuilii		
	*Petrorhagia velutina		
	*Polycarpon tetraphyllum	Four-leaved Allseed	
	*Silene gallica	French Catchfly	
	*Silene nocturna		
	*Spergularia rubra	Sandspurry	
	Cerastium fontanum	Mouse-ear Chickweed	
	*Paronychia brasiliana	Chilean Whitlow Wort	
	Stellaria flaccida		
Casuarinaceae	Allocasuarina luehmannii	Bulloak	
	Allocasuarina torulosa	Forest Oak	
	Allocasuarina verticillata	Drooping Sheoak	
	Casuarina cunninghamiana	River Oak	
	Casuarina glauca	Swamp Oak	
Celastraceae	Maytenus silvestris	Narrow-leaved Orangebark	
Chenopodiaceae	Atriplex semibaccata	Creeping Saltbush	
	Einadia hastata	Berry Saltbush	
	Einadia nutans subsp. linifolia		
	Einadia polygonoides		
	Einadia trigonos	Fishweed	
	Enchylaena tomentosa	Ruby Saltbush	
	Maireana microphylla	Small-leaf Bluebush	
	Salsola kali var. kali		
	Sclerolaena birchii	Galvinized Burr	
Chloanthaceae	Spartothamnella juncea	Bead Bush	
Clusiaceae	*Hypericum perforatum	St. Johns Wort	
	Hypericum gramineum	Small St John's Wort	
Commelinaceae	Commelina cyanea	Native Wandering Jew	
	Commelina ensifolia	Scurvy Grass	
	Murdannia graminea	Grass Lily	
Convolvulaceae	Convolvulus erubescens	Blushing Bindweed	
Convolvulaceae	Dichondra repens	Kidney Weed	
	Evolvulus alsinoides var.		
	decumbens		
Crassulaceae	*Bryophyllum delagoense	Mother of millions	
	Crassula decumbens var. decumbens		

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	Crassula sieberiana	Australian Stonecrop	
Cupressaceae	Callitris endlicheri	Black Cypress Pine	
Cyperaceae	*Cyperus eragrostis	Umbrella Sedge	
	*Cyperus rotundus	Nutgrass	
	*Cyperus tenellus		
	Bolboschoenus caldwellii		
	Carex inversa		
	Cyperus fulvus	Sticky Sedge	
	Cyperus gracilis	Slender Flat-sedge	
	Eleocharis acuta		
	Eleocharis dulcis		
	Fimbristylis dichotoma	Common Fringe-sedge	
Dilleniaceae	Hibbertia obtusifolia	Hoary guinea flower	
Euphorbiaceae	Beyeria viscosa	Pinkwood	
	Breynia oblongifolia	Coffee Bush	
	Chamaesyce drummondii	Caustic Weed	
	Phyllanthus similis		
	Phyllanthus virgatus		
	Poranthera microphylla		
Fabaceae			
(Caesalpinioideae)	Senna aciphylla	Sprawling Cassia	
	Senna clavigera		
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	*Medicago polymorpha	Burr Medic	
(	*Medicago sativa	Lucerne	
	*Medicago truncatula	Barrel Medic	
	*Melilotus indicus	Hexham Scent	
	*Trifolium arvense	Haresfoot Clover	
	*Trifolium campestre	Hop Clover	
	*Trifolium dubium	Yellow Suckling Clover	
	*Trifolium repens	White Clover	
	*Trifolium subterraneum	Subterraneum Clover	
	*Vicia sativa	Subterraneum ciover	
	Bossiaea heterophylla	Variable Bossiaea	
	Bossiaea prostrata Bossiaea rhombifolia subsp.		
	rhombifolia		
	Daviesia acicularis		
	Daviesia genistifolia	Broom Bitter Pea	
	Desmodium brachypodum	Large Tick-trefoil	
	Desmodium gunnii	Slender Tick-trefoil	
	Desmodium varians	Slender Tick-trefoil	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	Glycine clandestina		
	Glycine microphylla	Small-leaf Glycine	
	Glycine tabacina		
	Hardenbergia violacea	False Sarsaparilla	
	Hovea linearis		
	Indigofera australis	Australian Indigo	
	Jacksonia scoparia	Dogwood	
	Swainsona galegifolia	Smooth Darling Pea	
	Templetonia stenophylla	Leafy Templetonia	
	Zornia dyctiocarpa var. dyctiocarpa	Zornia	
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	*Acacia podalyriifolia	Queensland Silver Wattle	
	*Acacia saligna	Golden Wreath Wattle	
	*Mimosa pudica	Common Sensitive Plant	
	Acacia amblygona	Fan Wattle	
	Acacia binervia	Coast Myall	
	Acacia decora	Western Silver Wattle	
	Acacia excelsa	Ironwood	
	Acacia falcata		
	Acacia genistifolia	Early Wattle	
	Acacia gunnii	Ploughshare Wattle	
	Acacia implexa	Hickory Wattle	
	Acacia melanoxylon	Blackwood	
	Acacia melvillei - homalophylla		
	Acacia paradoxa	Kangaroo Thorn	
	Acacia parramattensis	Parramatta Wattle	
	Acacia parvipinnula	Silver-stemmed Wattle	
	Acacia pendula	Boree	EP (TSC Act)
	Acacia salicina	Cooba	
Gentianaceae	*Centaurium erythraea	Common Centaury	
	*Centaurium tenuiflorum		
	Schenkia spicata	Spike Centaury	
Geraniaceae	*Erodium botrys	Long Storksbill	
	*Erodium cicutarium	Common Storksbill	
	Erodium crinitum	Blue Storksbill	
	Geranium dissectum		
	Geranium solanderi var. solanderi		
	Pelargonium inodorum		
Goodeniaceae	Goodenia ovata	Hop Goodenia	
	Goodenia paniculata	Branched Goodenia	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	Goodenia pinnatifida		
	Scaevola aemula	Fairy Fanflower	
	Scaevola albida var. albida		
	Scaevola humilis		
Hydrocharitaceae	Ottelia ovalifolia	Swamp Lily	
Hypoxidaceae	Hypoxis hygrometrica	Golden Weather-grass	
Iridaceae	*Romulea rosea	Onion Grass	
Juncaceae	*Juncus acutus	Sharp Rush	
	Juncus usitatus		
	Luzula flaccida		
Lamiaceae	*Marrubium vulgare	White Horehound	
	*Stachys arvensis	Stagger Weed	
	Ajuga australis	Austral Bugle	
	Mentha satureioides	Native Pennyroyal	
	Plectranthus parviflorus	Cockspur Flower	
	Scutellaria humilis	Dwarf Skullcap	
Lauraceae	*Cinnamomum camphora	Camphor Laurel	
Linaceae	*Linum trigynum	French Flax	
	*Linum usitatissimum	Flax	
	Linum marginale	Native Flax	
Lobeliaceae	Pratia purpurascens	Whiteroot	
Lomandraceae	Lomandra confertifolia	Mat-rush	
	Lomandra filiformis	Wattle Mat-rush	
	<i>Lomandra filiformis</i> subsp. <i>filiformis</i>	Many-flowered Mat-rush	
	Lomandra glauca	Pale Mat-rush	
	Lomandra longifolia	Spiny-headed Mat-rush	
	Lomandra multiflora subsp. multiflora		
Loranthaceae	Amyema cambagei		
	Amyema miquelii		
	Amyema pendulum subsp. pendulum		
Luzuriagaceae	Eustrephus latifolius	Wombat Berry	
	Geitonoplesium cymosum	Scrambling Lily	
Malvaceae	*Lagunaria patersonia	Norfolk Island Hibiscus	
	*Modiola caroliniana	Red-flowered Mallow	
	*Sida rhombifolia	Paddy's Lucerne	
	Abutilon oxycarpum	Lantern Bush	
	Hibiscus sturtii	Hill Hibiscus	
	Hibiscus sturtii var. sturtii	Hill Hibiscus	
	Sida cordifolia		

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	Sida corrugata	Corrugated Sida	
	Sida cunninghamii	Ridged Sida	
	Sida filiformis	Fine Sida	
Moraceae	Ficus rubiginosa	Port Jackson Fig	
Myoporaceae	Eremophila debilis	Amulla	
	Eremophila deserti	Turkeybush	
	Myoporum acuminatum	Boobialla	
	Myoporum montanum	Western Boobialla	
	Myoporum parvifolium	Creeping Boobialla	
Myrtaceae	Angophora floribunda	Rough-barked Apple	
	Corymbia maculata	Spotted Gum	
	Eucalyptus albens	White Box	
	Eucalyptus albens x E. moluccana	White/Grey Box hybrid	
	Eucalyptus blakelyi	Blakely's Red Gum	
	Eucalyptus camaldulensis	River Red Gum	EP (TSC Act)
	Eucalyptus canaliculata	Grey Gum	
	Eucalyptus conica	Fuzzy Box	
	Eucalyptus crebra	Narrow-leaved Ironbark	
	Eucalyptus dawsonii	Slaty Gum	
	Eucalyptus melliodora	Yellow Box	
	Eucalyptus moluccana	Grey Box	
	Eucalyptus punctata	Grey Gum	
	Eucalyptus tereticornis	Forest Red Gum	
	Melaleuca armillaris	Bracelet Honey-myrtle	
	Melaleuca decora		
	Melaleuca styphelioides	Prickly-leaved Tea Tree	
Nyctaginaceae	Boerhavia dominii	Tarvine	
Oleaceae	*Olea europaea subsp. cuspidata	African olive	
	Jasminum suavissimum		
	Notelaea longifolia	Large Mock-olive	
	Notelaea microcarpa	Native Olive	
	Notelaea microcarpa var. microcarpa	Velvet Mock Olive	
Orchidaceae	Cymbidium canaliculatum	Tiger Orchid	EP (TSC Act)
	Cymbidium suave	Snake Orchid	
	Dendrobium speciosum	Rock Lily	
	Diuris punctata	Purple Donkey Orchid	
	Diuris tricolor	Painted Donkey Orchid	EP (TSC Act)
	Microtis unifolia	Common Onion Orchid	
	Pterostylis mutica	Midget Greenhood	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	<b>Status</b> <sup>1</sup>
Oxalidaceae	*Oxalis corniculata		
	*Oxalis pes-caprae		
	Oxalis exilis		
	Oxalis perennans		
Phormiaceae	Dianella caerulea	Blue Flax-lily	
	Dianella longifolia	Blue Flax-Lily	
	Dianella revoluta var. revoluta	Blue Flax-Lily	
Pittosporaceae	Billardiera scandens	Hairy Appleberry	
	Bursaria spinosa	Blackthorn	
	Bursaria spinosa subsp. spinosa	Blackthorn	
Plantaginaceae	*Plantago lanceolata	Lamb's Tongues	
	*Plantago myosuros		
	Plantago debilis		
Poaceae	*Avena barbata	Bearded Oats	
		Narrow-leafed Carpet	
	*Axonopus fissifolius	Grass	
	*Briza minor	Shivery Grass	
	*Bromus catharticus	Praire Grass	
	*Bromus hordeaceus	Soft Brome	
	*Bromus molliformis	Soft Brome	
	*Chloris gayana	Rhodes Grass	
	Cynodon dactylon	Common Couch	
	*Echinochloa esculenta	Japanese Millet	
	*Ehrharta erecta	Panic Veldtgrass	
	*Eragrostis curvula	African Lovegrass	
	*Hordeum glaucum	Northern Barley Grass	
	*Hordeum leporinum	Barley Grass	
	*Hyparrhenia hirta	Coolatai Grass	
	*Lolium perenne	Perennial Ryegrass	
	*Lolium rigidum	Wimmera Ryegrass	
	*Melinis repens	Red Natal Grass	
	*Panicum maximum var. maximum	Guinea Grass	
	*Paspalum dilatatum	Paspalum	
	*Pennisetum clandestinum	Kikuyu Grass	
	*Setaria italic	Foxtail Millet	
	*Setaria parviflora		
	*Sorghum halepense	Johnson Grass	
	Sorghum leiocladum	Wild Sorghum	
	*Stenotaphrum secundatum	Buffalo Grass	
	*Urochloa mutica	Para Grass	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	*Urochloa panicoides	Urochloa Grass	
	*Vulpia bromoides	Squirrel Tail Fesque	
	Aristida jerichoensis	Jericho Wiregrass	
	Aristida personata	Purple wire-grass	
	Aristida ramosa	Purple Wiregrass	
	Aristida vagans	Threeawn Speargrass	
	Austrodanthonia bipartita	Wallaby Grass	
	Austrodanthonia fulva	Wallaby Grass	
	Austrodanthonia racemosa		
	Austrodanthonia racemosa var. obtusata		
	Austrodanthonia racemosa var. racemosa		
	Austrodanthonia richardsonii	Straw Wallaby-grass	
	Austrodanthonia tenuior		
	Austrostipa aristiglumis	Plains Grass	
	Austrostipa scabra	Speargrass	
	Austrostipa scabra subsp. scabra	Speargrass	
	Austrostipa verticillata	Slender Bamboo Grass	
	Bothriochloa biloba		V (EPBC Act)
	Bothriochloa decipiens	Red Grass	
	Bothriochloa decipiens var. decipiens		
	Bothriochloa macra	Red Grass	
	Chloris truncata	Windmill Grass	
	Chloris ventricosa	Tall Chloris	
	Cymbopogon refractus	Barbed Wire Grass	
	Dactyloctenium radulans	Button Grass	
	Dichanthium sericeum	Queensland Bluegrass	
	Dichelachne crinita	Longhair Plumegrass	
	Dichelachne micrantha	Shorthair Plumegrass	
	Digitaria brownii	Cotton Panic Grass	
	Echinopogon ovatus	Forest Hedgehog Grass	
	*Eleusine tristachya	Goose Grass	
	Elymus scaber var. scaber	Common Wheatgrass	
	Enneapogon gracilis	Slender Nineawn	
	Enneapogon nigricans	Niggerheads	
	Enteropogon acicularis		
	Entolasia stricta	Wiry Panic	
	Eragrostis brownii	Brown's Lovegrass	
	Eragrostis leptostachya	Paddock Lovegrass	
	Eriochloa pseudoacrotricha	Early Spring Grass	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	Eulalia aurea	Silky Browntop	
	Isachne globosa	Swamp Millet	
	Lachnagrostis filiformis		
	Microlaena stipoides	Weeping Grass	
	Microlaena stipoides var. stipoides		
	Panicum effusum	Hairy Panic	
	Panicum queenslandicum	Yadbila Grass	
	Panicum simile	Two-colour Panic	
	Paspalidium criniforme		
	Paspalidium distans		
	Paspalidium gracile	Slender Panic	
	Paspalum distichum	Water Couch	
	Phragmites australis	Common Reed	
	*Poa annua	Winter Grass	
	Poa labillardierei	Tussock Grass	
	Poa sieberiana		
	Sporobolus creber	Slender Rat's Tail Grass	
	Sporobolus elongatus	Slender Rat's Tail Grass	
	Themeda australis	Kangaroo Grass	
Polygonaceae	*Polygonum arenastrum	Wireweed	
	*Polygonum aviculare	Wireweed	
	Persicaria decipiens	Slender Knotweed	
	Rumex brownii	Swamp Dock	
Portulacaceae	Calandrinia eremaea		
	Portulaca oleracea	Pigweed	
Potamogetonaceae	Potamogeton crispus	Curly Pondweed	
Primulaceae	*Anagallis arvensis	Scarlet/Blue Pimpernel	
Ranunculaceae	<i>Clematis aristata</i>	Old Man's Beard	
	Clematis glycinoides var. glycinoides	Headache Vine	
	Ranunculus inundatus	River Buttercup	
Rhamnaceae	Cryptandra amara	Bitter cryptandra	
	Cryptandra amara var. longiflora		
Rosaceae	Acaena novae-zelandiae	Bidgee-widgee, Biddy Biddy	
	*Rubus fruticosus sp. agg.		
	Rubus parvifolius	Native Raspberry	
Rubiaceae	*Richardia stellaris		
	Asperula conferta	Common Woodruff	
	Galium propinquum	Maori Bedstraw	
	Opercularia aspera	Coarse Stinkweed	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	Opercularia diphylla		
	Pomax umbellata		
	Psydrax odorata	Shiny-leaved Canthium	
	Psydrax odorata f. buxifolia		
Rutaceae	Geijera parviflora	Wilga	
Salicaceae	*Salix babylonica	Weeping Willow	
Santalaceae	Exocarpos cupressiformis	Native Cherry	
Sapindaceae	Dodonaea viscosa	Sticky Hop-bush	
Scrophulariaceae	*Linaria pelisseriana	Pelisser's Toadflax	
	*Verbascum thapsus	Great Mullein	
	*Verbascum virgatum	Twiggy Mullein	
	Veronica calycina	Hairy Speedwell	
	Veronica plebeia	Trailing Speedwell	
Solanaceae	*Lycium ferocissimum	African Boxthorn	
	*Nicotiana glauca	Tree Tobacco	
	*Solanum nigrum	Black-berry Nightshade	
	*Solanum pseudocapsicum	Madeira Winter	
	Solanum americanum	Glossy Nightshade	
	Solanum amblymerum	Narrawa Burr	
	Solanum brownii	Violet Nightshade	
	Solanum opacum	Green-berry Nightshade	
Stackhousiaceae	Stackhousia viminea	Slender Stackhousia	
Sterculiaceae	Brachychiton populneus subsp. populneus	Kurrajong	
Thymelaeaceae	Pimelea curviflora		
	Pimelea curviflora var. divergens		
	Pimelea curviflora var. sericea		
	Pimelea glauca	Smooth Rice-flower	
	Pimelea linifolia	Slender Rice-flower	
	Pimelea linifolia subsp. linifolia	Queen of the Bush	
Typhaceae	Typha orientalis	Broad-leaved Cumbungi	
Urticaceae	*Urtica dioica	Giant Nettle	
Verbenaceae	*Glandularia aristigera	Mayne's Pest	
	*Lantana montevidensis	Trailing Lantana	
	*Verbena bonariensis	Purpletop	
	*Verbena litoralis		
	*Verbena officinalis	Common Verbena	
	*Verbena rigida	Veined Verbena	
	*Verbena rigida var. rigida	Veined Verbena	
	*Verbena x brasiliensis	Gin Case	
	Clerodendrum tomentosum	Hairy Clerodendrum	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	Verbena gaudichaudii		
Violaceae	Melicytus dentatus	Tree Violet	
Viscaceae	Notothixos cornifolius	Kurrajong Mistletoe	
Vitaceae	Cayratia clematidea	Native Grape	
Xanthorrhoeaceae	Xanthorrhoea glauca		

Xanthorrhoeaceae Xanthorrhoea glauca

Threatened flora species status listed under the TSC Act and/or EPBC Act (current at 24 January 2013).

V = Vulnerable; EP = Endangered Population.

\* Introduced species.

#### BIRDS

Order	Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
ACCIPITRIFORMES	Accipitridae	Accipiter fasciatus	Brown Goshawk	
		Aquila audax	Wedge-tailed Eagle	
		Circus assimilis	Spotted Harrier	V (TSC Act)
		Elanus axillaris	Black-shouldered Kite	
ANSERIFORMES	Anatidae	Anas gracilis	Grey Teal	
		Anas rhynchotis	Australasian Shoveler	
		Anas superciliosa	Pacific Black Duck	
		Chenonetta jubata	Australian Wood Duck	
		Cygnus atratus	Black Swan	
APODIFORMES	Apodidae	Hirundapus caudacutus	White-throated Needletail	
CAPRIMULGIFORMES	Aegothelidae	Aegotheles cristatus	Australian Owlet-nightjar	
	Podargidae	Podargus strigoides	Tawny Frogmouth	
CHARADRIIFORMES	Charadriidae	Elseyornis melanops	Black-fronted Dotterel	
		Vanellus miles	Masked Lapwing	
CICONIIFORMES	Ardeidae	Egretta novaehollandiae	White-faced Heron	
	Pelecanidae	Pelecanus conspicillatus	Australian Pelican	
COLUMBIFORMES	Columbidae	Ocyphaps lophotes	Crested Pigeon	
CORACIIFORMES	Halcyonidae	Dacelo novaeguineae	Laughing Kookaburra	
		Todiramphus sanctus	Sacred Kingfisher	
	Meropidae	Merops ornatus	Rainbow Bee-eater	
CUCULIFORMES	Cuculidae	Cacomantis flabelliformis	Fan-tailed Cuckoo	
		Eudynamys orientalis	Eastern Koel	
		Scythrops novaehollandiae	Channel-billed Cuckoo	
FALCONIFORMES	Falconidae	Falco berigora	Brown Falcon	
		Falco cenchroides	Nankeen Kestrel	
		Falco longipennis	Australian Hobby	
		Falco peregrinus	Perigrine Falcon	
GALLIFORMES	Megapodiidae	Coturnix pectoralis	Stubble Quail	
		Coturnix ypsilophora	Brown Quail	
GRUIFORMES	Rallidae	Fulica atra	Eurasian Coot	
		Gallinula tenebrosa	Dusky Morehen	
		Porphyrio porphyrio	Purple Swamphen	
PASSERIFORMES	Acanthizidae	Acanthiza chrysorrhoa	Yellow-rumped Thornbill	
		Acanthiza nana	Yellow Thornbill	
		Acanthiza pusilla	Brown Thornbill	
		Acanthiza reguloides	Buff-rumped Thornbill	

Order	Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
		Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled Warbler	V (TSC Act)
		Gerygone albogularis	White-throated Gerygone	
		Gerygone fusca	Western Gerygone	
		Gerygone mouki	Brown Gerygone	
		Sericornis frontalis	White-browed Scrubwren	
		Smicrornis brevirostris	Weebill	
	Alaudidae	Alauda arvensis	Eurasian Skylark	
		Mirafra javanica	Horsefield's Bushlark	
	Artamidae	Artamus cyanopterus	Dusky Woodswallow	
		Artamus superciliosus	White-browed Woodswallow	
		Cracticus nigrogularis	Pied Butcherbird	
		Cracticus tibicen	Australian Magpie	
		Cracticus torquatus	Grey Butcherbird	
		Strepera graculina	Pied Currawong	
	Campephagidae	Coracina novaehollandiae	Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike	
		Lalage sueurii	White-winged Triller	
	Cisticolidae	Cisticola exilis	Golden-headed Cisticola	
	Climacteridae	Cormobates leucophaea	White-throated Treecreeper	
	Corcoracidae	Corcorax melanorhamphos	White-winged Chough	
	Corvidae	Corvus coronoides	Australian Raven	
		Corvus orru	Torresian Crow	
	Estrildidae	Neochmia temporalis	Red-browed Finch	
		Stagonopleura guttata	Diamond Firetail	V (TSC Act)
		Taeniopygia bichenovii	Double-barred Finch	
		Taeniopygia guttata	Zebra Finch	
	Hirundinidae	Hirundo neoxena	Welcome Swallow	
		Petrochelidon ariel	Fairy Martin	
	Maluridae	Malurus cyaneus	Superb Fairy-wren	
	Meliphagidae	Acanthorhynchus tenuirostris	Eastern Spinebill	
		Anthochaera carunculata	Red Wattlebird	
		Lichenostomus chrysops	Yellow-faced Honeyeater	
		Lichenostomus penicillatus	White-plumed Honeyeater	
		Lichenostomus virescens	Singing Honeyeater	
		Manorina melanocephala	Noisy Miner	

Order	Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
		Melithreptus brevirostris	Brown-headed Honeyeater	
		Melithreptus lunatus	White-naped Honeyeater	
		Philemon citreogularis	Little Friarbird	
		Philemon corniculatus	Noisy Friarbird	
	Monarchidae	Grallina cyanoleuca	Magpie-lark	
	Motacillidae	Anthus novaeseelandiae	Australasian Pipit	
	Nectariniidae	Dicaeum hirundinaceum	Mistletoebird	
	Neosittidae	Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied Sitella	V (TSC Act)
	Oriolidae	Oriolus sagittatus	Olive-backed Oriole	
	Pachycephalidae	Colluricincla harmonica	Grey Shrike-thrush	
		Pachycephala pectoralis	Golden Whistler	
		Pachycephala rufiventris	Rufous Whistler	
	Pardalotidae	Pardalotus punctatus	Spotted Pardalote	
		Pardalotus striatus	Striated Pardalote	
	Petroicidae	Eopsaltria australis	Eastern Yellow Robin	
		Melanodryas cucullata	Hooded Robin	V (TSC Act)
		Petroica goodenovii	Red-capped Robin	1 (100 / 101)
	Pomatostomidae	Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned Babbler	V (TSC Act)
	Rhipiduridae	Rhipidura albiscapa	Grey Fantail	
		Rhipidura leucophrys	Willie Wagtail	
	Sturnidae	*Sturnus tristis	Common Myna	
		Sturnus vulgaris	Common Starling	
	Timaliidae	Zosterops lateralis	Silvereye	
PODICIPEDIFORMES	Podicipedidae	Tachybaptus novaehollandiae	Australasian Grebe	
PSITTACIFORMES	Cacatuidae	Cacatua galerita	Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	
		Cacatua sanguinea	Little Corella	
		Eolophus roseicapillus	Galah	
	Psittacidae	Alisterus scapularis	Australian King Parrot	
		Glossopsitta concinna	Musk Lorikeet	
		Glossopsitta pusilla	Little Lorikeet	V (TSC Act)
		Platycercus adscitus	Pale-headed Rosella	
		Platycercus elegans	Crimson Rosella	
		Platycercus eximius	Eastern Rosella	
		Psephotus haematonotus	Red-rumped Parrot	
STRIGIFORMES	Strigidae	Ninox novaeseelandiae	Southern Boobook	
	Tytonidae	Tyto javanica	Eastern Barn Owl	l

V = Vulnerable

#### AMPHIBIANS

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	
Hylidae	Litoria caerulea	Green Tree Frog	
	Litoria fallax	Eastern Sedge-frog	
	Litoria freycineti	Wallum Rocket Frog	
	Litoria latopalmata	Broad-palmed Frog	
	Litoria peronii	Peron's Tree Frog	
Myobatrachidae	Crinia signifera	Common Eastern Froglet	
	Limnodynastes ornatus	Ornate Burrowing Frog	
	Limnodynastes peronii	Perons Tree Frog	
	Limnodynastes tasmaniensis	Spotted Grass Frog	
	Uperoleia laevigata	Smooth Toadlet	
	Uperoleia tyleri	Tyler's Toadlet	

Note: No species are listed as threatened.

#### REPTILES

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name
Agamidae	Amphibolurus muricatus	Jacky Lizard
	Pogona barbata	Bearded Dragon
Chelidae	Chelodina longicollis	Long-necked Tortoise
Elapidae	Furina diadema	Red-naped Snake
	Parasuta dwyeri	Dwyers Snake
	Pseudechis guttatus	Blue-bellied Black Snake
	Pseudechis porphyriacus	Red-bellied Black Snake
	Pseudonaja textilis	Eastern Brown Snake
	Rhinoplocephalus nigrescens	Eastern Small-eyed Snake
Gekkonidae	Diplodactylus vittatus	Eastern Stone Gecko
	Oedura robusta	Robust Velvet Gecko
	Underwoodisaurus milii	Thick-tailed Gecko
Scincidae	Carlia tetradactyla	Southern Rainbow Skink
	Ctenotus robustus	Robust Ctenotus
	Ctenotus taeniolatus	Copper-tailed Skink
	Egernia modesta	Eastern Rock-skink
	Egernia striolata	Tree Skink
	Lampropholis delicata	Dark-flecked Garden Sunskink
	Tiliqua scincoides	Eastern Blue-tongued Lizard
Varanidae	Varanus varius	Lace Monitor

Note: No species are listed as threatened.

#### MAMMALS

Order	Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
ARTIODACTYLA	Bovidae	*Bos Taurus	Cattle	
CARNIVORA	Canidae	*Canis lupus dingo	Dingo	
		*Canis lupus familiaris	Domestic Dog	
		*Vulpes vulpes	Red Fox	
	Felidae	*Felis catus	Cat	
CHIROPTERA	Emballonuridae	Saccolaimus flaviventris	Yellow-bellied Sheath- tailed Bat	V (TSC Act)
	Molossidae	Mormopterus norfolkensis	East Coast Freetail Bat	V (TSC Act)
		Mormopterus planiceps	Southern Freetail-bat	
		Mormopterus sp.	A Freetail Bat	
		Nyctinomus australis	White-striped Freetail Bat	
				V (TSC Act)
	Vespertilionidae	Chalinolobus dwyeri	Large-eared Pied Bat	V (EPBC Act)
		Chalinolobus gouldii	Gould's Wattled Bat	
		Chalinolobus morio	Chocolate Wattled Bat	
		Miniopterus schreibersii		
		oceanensis	Eastern Bent-wing Bat	V (TSC Act)
		Myotis macropus	Large-footed Myotis	V (TSC Act)
		Nyctophilus geoffroyi	Lesser Long-eared Bat	
		Nyctophilus sp.	a long-eared bat	
		Scoteanax rueppellii	Greater Broad-nosed Bat	V (TSC Act)
		Scotorepens balstoni	Inland Broad-nosed Bat	
		Scotorepens orion	Eastern Broad-nosed Bat	
		Vespadelus pumilus	Eastern Forest Bat	
		Vespadelus regulus	Southern Forest Bat	
		Vespadelus troughtoni	Eastern Cave Bat	V (TSC Act)
		Vespadelus vulturnus	Little Forest Bat	
DASYUROMORPHIA	Dasyuridae	Antechinus stuartii	Brown Antechinus	
DIPROTODONTIA	Macropodidae	Macropus giganteus	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	
		Macropus parma	Parma Wallaby	V (TSC Act)
		Macropus robustus	Common Wallaroo	
		Macropus rufogriseus	Red-necked Wallaby	
		Wallabia bicolour	Swamp Wallaby	
	Petauridae	Petaurus breviceps	Sugar Glider	
		Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel Glider	V (TSC Act)

Order	Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>
	Phalangeridae	Trichosurus vulpecular	Common Brushtail Possum	
	Pseudocheiridae	Pseudocheirus peregrines	Ring-tailed Possum	
	Vombatidae	Vombatus ursinus	Common Wombat	
LAGOMORPHA	Leporidae	<i>*Lepus</i> sp.	Brown Hare	
		*Oryctolagus cuniculus	European Rabbit	
MONOTREMATA	Tachyglossidae	Tachyglossus aculeatus	Short-beaked Echidna	
PERAMELEMORPHIA	Peramelidae	Isoodon macrourus	Northern Brown Bandicoot	
		Perameles nasuta	Long-nosed Bandicoot	E (TSC Act)
RODENTIA	Muridae	*Mus musculus	House Mouse	
		Rattus fuscipes	Bush Rat	
		*Rattus norvegicus	Black Rat	
		*Rattus rattus	Black Rat	

Threatened flora species status listed under the TSC Act and/or EPBC Act (current at 24 January 2013).

V = Vulnerable; E = Endangered.

\* Introduced species.

January 2013

APPENDIX 3

THREATENED SPECIES DATABASE RECORDS

Mt Arthur Coal Open Cut Modification Ecological Assessment

#### January 2013

#### Appendix 3a Threatened flora species database records

		Sta	atus <sup>1</sup>		Datab	base
Scientific Name	Common Name	TSC Act	EPBC Act	OEH (2013) <sup>2</sup>	SEWPaC (2012) <sup>3</sup>	Royal Botanic Gardens Sydney and the Domain (2012) <sup>4</sup>
ASCLEPIADACEAE	1	1				
Cynanchum elegans	White-flowered Wax Plant	E	E	-	•	-
Tylophora linearis	-	V	E	-	•	-
MYRTACEAE	1					
Eucalyptus glaucina	Slaty Red Gum	V	V	•	•	-
Eucalyptus nicholii	Narrow-leaved Black Peppermint	v	v	•	-	-
<b>ORCHIDACEAE</b>						
Diuris tricolor	Pine Donkey Orchid	V	-	•	-	•
<i>Prasophyllum</i> sp. Wybong (C.Phelps ORG 5269)	a leek-orchid	-	CE	-	•	-
Pterostylis gibbosa	Illawarra Greenhood	E	E	-	•	-
POACEAE						
Bothriochloa biloba	Bluegrass	-	V	•	•	-
Digitaria porrecta	Finger Panic Grass	Е	E	-	•	-
RHAMNACEAE						
Pomaderris reperta	Denman Pomaderris	CE	CE	•	•	-
SANTALACEAE						
Thesium australe	Austral Toadflax	V	V	-	•	-
SCROPHULARIACEAE	1	1	1			
Euphrasia arguta	-	CE	CE	-	•	-
THYMELAEACEAE	1	1	1			
Pimelea curviflora var. curviflora	Rice Flower	v	v	•	•	-
ZAMIACEAE						
Macrozamia plurinervia	-	-	V	•	-	-

<sup>1</sup> Threatened flora species status listed under the TSC Act and/or EPBC Act (current at 24 January 2013).

V = Vulnerable; E = Endangered; CE = Critically Endangered

<sup>4</sup> Royal Botanic Gardens Sydney and the Domain (2012) Database Records within the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; -32.2663, 150.7535. Data received: 30 May 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Office of Environment and Heritage (2013) *Database Records within the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; -32.2663, 150.7535*. Data received: 22 January 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities (2012) *EPBC Act Protected Matters Search for the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; - 32.2663, 150.7535*. Data received: 13 April 2012.

Appendix 3b Threatened fauna species database records
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		Sta	atus <sup>1</sup>		Database	r
Scientific Name	Common Name	TSC Act	EPBC Act	OEH (2013) <sup>2</sup>	SEWPaC (2012) <sup>3</sup>	Birds Australia (2012)⁴
Amphibians						
HYLIDAE						
Litoria aurea	Green and Golden Bell Frog	E	V	•	•	-
Litoria booroolongensis	Booroolong Frog	E	E	-	•	-
Birds						
MEGAPODIIDAE		-				
Leipoa ocellata	Malleefowl	Е	V	-	•	-
ANATIDAE		-				
Oxyura australis	Blue-billed Duck	V	-	•	-	-
Stictonetta naevosa	Freckled Duck	V	-	•	-	-
CICONIIDAE		-				
Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus	Black-necked Stork	E	-	•	-	-
ARDEIDAE		T				
Botaurus poiciloptilus	Australasian Bittern	Е	E	-	•	-
ACCIPITRIDAE	T		1	<b>1</b>	1	
Circus assimilis	Spotted Harrier	V	-	•	-	•
Hieraaetus morphnoides	Little Eagle	V	-	•	-	•
BURHINIDAE		T				
Burhinus grallarius	Bush Stone-curlew	Е	-	-	-	•
ROSTRATULIDAE	1	1	1		1	r
Rostratula australis	Australian Painted Snipe	Е	V	-	•	-
PSITTACIDAE		T				
Glossopsitta pusilla	Little Lorikeet	V	-	•	-	•
Lathamus discolor	Swift Parrot	Е	E		•	-
Neophema pulchella	Turquoise Parrot	V	-	•	-	-
TYTONIDAE		T				
Tyto novaehollandiae	Masked Owl	V	-	•	-	-
Tyto tenebricosa	Sooty Owl	V	-	•	-	-
STRIGIDAE		1	1		1	1
Ninox connivens	Barking Owl	V	-	•	-	-
Ninox strenua	Powerful Owl	V	-	•	-	-
CLIMACTERIDAE		1	r		1	1
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown Treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V	-	•	-	•
ACANTHIZIDAE	1			1	1	r
Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled Warbler	V	-	•	-	•

Appendix 3b	Threatened	fauna specie	s database	records	(continued)
					(

		Sta	atus <sup>1</sup>	Database			
Scientific Name	Common Name	TSC Act	EPBC Act	OEH (2013) <sup>2</sup>	SEWPaC (2012) <sup>3</sup>	Birds Australia (2012) <sup>4</sup>	
Birds (Continued)							
MELIPHAGIDAE							
Anthochaera phrygia	Regent Honeyeater	CE	Е	•	•	-	
Melithreptus gularis gularis	Black-chinned Honeyeater (eastern subspecies)	v	-	•	-	-	
Epthianura albifrons	White-fronted Chat	V	-	-	-	•	
PETROICIDAE			-		-		
Melanodryas cucullata cucullata	Hooded Robin (south- eastern form)	V	-	•	-	•	
Petroica boodang	Scarlet Robin	V	-	•	-	-	
POMATOSTOMIDAE	-						
Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned Babbler (eastern subspecies)	V	-	•	-	•	
NEOSITTIDAE							
Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied Sittella	V	-	•	-	•	
ESTRILDIDAE			•				
Stagonopleura guttata	Diamond Firetail	V	-	•	-	•	
Marsupials							
DASYURIDAE							
Dasyurus maculatus	Spotted-tailed Quoll	V	Е	•	•	-	
PHASCOLARCTIDAE							
Phascolarctos cinereus	Koala	v	v	•	-	-	
PETAURIDAE							
Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel Glider	Е		•	-	-	
MACROPODIDAE							
Petrogale penicillata	Brush-tailed Rock- wallaby	E	V	•	•	-	
PTEROPODIDAE							
Pteropus poliocephalus	Grey-headed Flying-fox	v	V	•	•	-	
EMBALLONURIDAE							
Saccolaimus flaviventris	Yellow-bellied Sheathtail- bat	V	-	•	-	-	
MOLOSSIDAE							
Mormopterus norfolkensis	Eastern Freetail-bat	V	-	•	-	-	
VESPERTILIONIDAE							
Chalinolobus dwyeri	Large-eared Pied Bat	V	V	•	•	-	

		Sta	atus <sup>1</sup>		Database	
Scientific Name	Common Name	TSC Act	EPBC Act	OEH (2013) <sup>2</sup>	SEWPaC (2012) <sup>3</sup>	Birds Australia (2012)⁴
Mammals(Continued)						
Falsistrellus tasmaniensis	Eastern False Pipistrelle	v	-	•	-	-
Miniopterus australis	Little Bentwing-bat	V	-	•	-	-
Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis	Eastern Bentwing-bat	V	-	•	-	-
Myotis macropus	Southern Myotis	V	-	•	-	-
Nyctophilus corbeni (South-eastern form)	Corben's Long-eared Bat	v	V	•	•	-
Scoteanax rueppellii	Greater Broad-nosed Bat	V	-	•	-	-
Vespadelus troughtoni	Eastern Cave Bat	V	-	•	-	-
MURIDAE						
Pseudomys novaehollandiae	New Holland Mouse	-	V	-	•	-

#### Appendix 3b Threatened fauna species database records (continued)

Note: Please note that there were no threatened fauna species recorded in Australian Museum (2012) Australian Museum (2012) Database Records within the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; -32.2663, 150.7535. Data received: 27 April 2012.

<sup>1</sup> Threatened fauna species status listed under the TSC Act and/or EPBC Act (current at 24 January 2013).

V = Vulnerable; E = Endangered; CE = Critically Endangered.

<sup>2</sup> Office of Environment and Heritage (2013) *Database Records within the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; -32.2663, 150.7535.* Data received: 22 January 2013.

<sup>3</sup> Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities (2012) *EPBC Act Protected Matters Search for the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; - 32.2663, 150.7535*. Data received: 13 April 2012.

<sup>4</sup> Birds Australia (2012) Database Records within the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; -32.2663, 150.7535. Data received: 9 May 2012.

## Appendix 3c Migratory species recorded from the databases within and surrounding the Modification

			Da	itabase		
Scientific Name	Common Name	OEH (2013) <sup>1</sup>	SEWPaC (2012) <sup>2</sup>	Birds Australia (2012) <sup>3</sup>	Australian Museum (2012)⁴	Type of Presence
Anthochaera phrygia	Regent Honeyeater	•	•	•	•	Species habitat may occur within area.
Apus pacificus	Fork-tailed Swift		•			Species or species habitat may occur within area.
Ardea ibis	Cattle Egret	•	•			Species or species habitat may occur within area.
Ardea modesta	Eastern Great Egret	•	•	•		Species or species habitat may occur within area.
Gallinago hardwickii	Latham's Snipe		•	•		Species or species habitat may occur within area.
Haliaeetus leucogaster*	White-bellied Sea-Eagle		•	•		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area.
Hirundapus caudacutus*	White-throated Needletail	•	•	•		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area.
Sterna caspia	Caspian Tern	•				Species or species habitat unlikely to occur within area.
Leipoa ocellata	Malleefowl		•			Species or species habitat unlikely to occur within area.
Merops ornatus*	Rainbow Bee- eater	•	•	•		Species or species habitat may occur within area.
Monarcha melanopsis	Black-faced Monarch		•			Breeding may occur within area.
Myiagra cyanoleuca	Satin Flycatcher	•		•		Breeding likely to occur within area.
Rhipidura rufifrons	Rufous Fantail	•		•		Species or species habitat may occur within area.
Rostratula australis	Australian Painted Snipe onment and Heritage (		•			Species or species habitat unlikely to occur within area.

Office of Environment and Heritage (2013) *Database Records within the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; -32.2663, 150.7535*. Data received: 22 January 2013.

\* Species recorded in or near the Modification area.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities (2012) EPBC Act Protected Matters Search for the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; -32.2663, 150.7535. Data received: 13 April 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Birds Australia (2012) *Database Records within the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; -32.2663, 150.7535.* Data received: 9 May 2012.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Australian Museum (2012) Australian Museum (2012) Database Records within the following Search Area: -32.2663, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.9616; -32.4402, 150.7535; -32.2663, 150.7535. Data received: 27 April 2012.

January 2013

APPENDIX 4

FLORISTIC LIST BY MODIFICATION EXTENSION AREA

Mt Arthur Coal Open Cut Modification Ecological Assessment

Family and Scientific	Common Name	Modification Area					
Name		Α	В	С	D	Е	
Acanthaceae	1				1	T	
Rostellularia adscendens		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
Adiantaceae							
Adiantum aethiopicum	Common Maidenhair			~			
Cheilanthes distans	Bristly Cloak Fern		$\checkmark$				
Cheilanthes sieberi		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Aizoaceae							
*Galenia pubescens	Galenia	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Anacardiaceae							
*Schinus areira	Pepper Tree				$\checkmark$		
Anthericaceae							
Caesia parviflora	Pale Grass-lily		$\checkmark$	~			
Apiaceae							
Centella asiatica	Indian Pennywort		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Hydrocotyle laxiflora	Stinking Pennywort		$\checkmark$				
Asclepiadaceae							
*Gomphocarpus fruticosus	Narrow-leaved Cotton Bush	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~	$\checkmark$	
Asparagaceae				-			
*Asparagus aethiopicus	Asparagus Fern				$\checkmark$		
Asphodelaceae							
*Asphodelus fistulosus			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Asteraceae							
*Aster subulatus	Wild Aster					~	
*Bidens pilosa	Cobbler's Pegs	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Brachyscome ciliaris var. subintegrifolia		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$			
Brachyscome multifida var. dilatata	Cut-leaf Daisy		$\checkmark$	~			
Calotis cuneifolia	Purple Burr-Daisy					~	
Calotis hispidula	Bogan Flea		$\checkmark$				
Calotis lappulacea	Yellow Burr-daisy		$\checkmark$	~	~	~	
*Carthamus lanatus	Saffron Thistle		$\checkmark$		~		
Cassinia quinquefaria				~	~		
Chrysocephalum apiculatum	Common Everlasting	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~	

Family and Scientific			Modif	fication Are	ea	
Name	Common Name	Α	В	С	D	Е
*Cichorium intybus	Chicory	$\checkmark$				
*Cirsium vulgare	Spear Thistle	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~	$\checkmark$
*Conyza bonariensis	Flaxleaf Fleabane					$\checkmark$
*Conyza canadensis				$\checkmark$		
*Conyza sumatrensis	Tall Fleabane	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~	
Cymbonotus lawsonianus	Bear's Ear		$\checkmark$	~		
Euchiton involucratus	Star Cudweed			~	$\checkmark$	
Euchiton sphaericus			$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	
Glossocardia bidens	Cobbler's Tack		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	
*Hypochaeris radicata	Catsear		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	
*Lactuca saligna	Willow-leaved Lettuce	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	
* <i>Lactuca</i> sp.						$\checkmark$
Lagenifera gracilis	Slender Lagenophora		$\checkmark$			
Minuria leptophylla		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Olearia elliptica	Sticky Daisy Bush			$\checkmark$		
Senecio diaschides				$\checkmark$		
Senecio hispidulus	Hill Fireweed				$\checkmark$	
*Senecio madagascariensis	Fireweed	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~
Senecio quadridentatus	Cotton Fireweed		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~
Sigesbeckia orientalis			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
*Sonchus oleraceus	Common Sowthistle	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		~	
*Taraxacum officinale	Dandelion		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~
<i>Vittadinia cervicularis</i> f. <i>cervicularis</i>			$\checkmark$	~		
Vittadinia cuneata var. cuneata		~	$\checkmark$		~	~
Vittadinia dissecta var. hirta						~
*Xanthium occidentale	Noogoora Burr				$\checkmark$	
Brassicaceae						
* <i>Brassica rapa</i> subsp. <i>sylvestris</i>	Turnip		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
*Hirschfeldia incana	Buchan Weed					$\checkmark$
*Lepidium africanum		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$
Lepidium pseudohyssopifolium	Peppercress		$\checkmark$			~
*Sinapis arvensis	Charlock					~

Family and Scientific	On many and Names	Modification Area						
Name	Common Name	А	В	С	D	Е		
Cactaceae					-	-		
*Opuntia stricta var. stricta	Common Prickly Pear	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Campanulaceae					-	-		
Wahlenbergia communis	Tufted Bluebell	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Casuarinaceae								
Allocasuarina littoralis	Black She-oak		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
Allocasuarina luehmannii	Bulloak	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Celastraceae								
Maytenus silvestris	Narrow-leaved Orangebark			$\checkmark$				
Chenopodiaceae					·			
Atriplex semibaccata	Creeping Saltbush	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					
*Chenopodium album	Fat Hen			$\checkmark$				
Chenopodium glaucum		$\checkmark$						
Einadia nutans	Climbing Saltbush		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~		
Enchylaena tomentosa	Ruby Saltbush	$\checkmark$			~	~		
Maireana microphylla	Small-leaf Bluebush	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~			
Sclerolaena birchii	Galvinized Burr					~		
Sclerolaena muricata	Black Rolypoly	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~		
Chloanthaceae								
Spartothamnella juncea	Bead Bush		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~			
Clusiaceae								
Hypericum gramineum	Small St John's Wort				$\checkmark$			
*Hypericum perforatum	St. Johns Wort				~	~		
Convolvulaceae					I.			
Convolvulus erubescens	Blushing Bindweed	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
Dichondra repens	Kidney Weed	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~		
Dichondra species A		$\checkmark$						
Polymeria calycina			$\checkmark$		~			
Cyperaceae	1							
Carex inversa			$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	~		
Cyperus fulvus	Sticky Sedge				~			
Cyperus gracilis			$\checkmark$					
Fimbristylis dichotoma	Common Fringe-sedge		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~			
Scleria mackaviensis			√					

Family and Scientific	Common Nome		Modif	ication Are	ea	
Name	Common Name	Α	В	С	D	Е
Euphorbiaceae						
Breynia oblongifolia	Coffee Bush			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Chamaesyce drummondii	Caustic Weed		$\checkmark$			
Phyllanthus gunnii			$\checkmark$			
Phyllanthus virgatus			$\checkmark$			
Fabaceae (Caesalpinioidea	e)					
Senna odorata				$\checkmark$		
Fabaceae (Faboideae)						
Daviesia genistifolia	Broom Bitter Pea			~		
Desmodium brachypodum	Large Tick-trefoil				~	
Desmodium gunnii	Slender Tick Trefoil		$\checkmark$	~		
Desmodium rhytidophyllum			$\checkmark$	~		
Desmodium varians	Slender Tick-trefoil		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Glycine clandestina		$\checkmark$			~	
Glycine microphylla	Small-leaf Glycine			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Glycine tabacina		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Hardenbergia violacea	False Sarsaparilla		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
*Medicago minima	Woolly Burr Medic					$\checkmark$
*Medicago orbicularis	Button Medic		$\checkmark$			
*Medicago sativa	Lucerne	$\checkmark$				
*Melilotus indicus						$\checkmark$
Swainsona galegifolia	Smooth Darling Pea			$\checkmark$		
*Trifolium incarnatum	Crimson Clover	$\checkmark$				
*Trifolium sp.						$\checkmark$
*Trifolium subterraneum	Subterraneum Clover				$\checkmark$	
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)						
Acacia cultriformis	Knife-leaved Wattle		$\checkmark$			
Acacia decora	Western Golden Wattle	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$
Acacia falcata					~	
Acacia implexa	Hickory Wattle		$\checkmark$			
Acacia maidenii	Maiden's Wattle		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Acacia salicina	Cooba		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~
Gentianaceae						
*Centaurium erythraea	Common Centaury		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$

Family and Scientific	Common Nomo		Modif	ea		
Name	Common Name	А	В	с	D	Е
*Centaurium tenuiflorum			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Geranium solanderi	Native Geranium	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Scaevola albida	Pale Fan-flower		$\checkmark$			
Juncaceae						
*Juncus acutus	Sharp Rush				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Lamiaceae				-		
Ajuga australis	Austral Bugle		$\checkmark$			
*Mentha pulegium	Pennyroyal		$\checkmark$			
Mentha satureioides	Native Pennyroyal		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Scutellaria humilis	Dwarf Skullcap		$\checkmark$	~		
Teucrium species A		$\checkmark$				
Linaceae						
Linum marginale	Native Flax		$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
*Linum trigynum	French Flax	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~	$\checkmark$
Lobeliaceae	•					
Isotoma fluviatilis subsp.						
fluviatilis	Swamp Isotome		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Lomandraceae	1					
Lomandra confertifolia	Mat-rush	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
<i>Lomandra filiformis</i> subsp. <i>filiformis</i>	Wattle Mat-rush		$\checkmark$			
Lomandra longifolia	Spiny-headed Mat-rush	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	
<i>Lomandra multiflora</i> subsp. <i>multiflora</i>	Many-flowered Mat-rush	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Luzuriagaceae						
Geitonoplesium cymosum	Scrambling Lily		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Malvaceae						
Abutilon oxycarpum	Lantern Bush		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$
*Modiola caroliniana	Red-flowered Mallow	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Sida corrugata	Corrugated Sida	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~		$\checkmark$
Sida cunninghamii	Ridged Sida	$\checkmark$				
*Sida rhombifolia	Paddy's Lucerne			~		
*Sida spinosa						$\checkmark$
Moraceae						
Ficus rubiginosa	Port Jackson Fig, Rusty Fig				$\checkmark$	
Myoporaceae						
Eremophila debilis	Amulla		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Myoporum montanum	Western Boobialla		$\checkmark$	~	~	

Family and Scientific	Common Name		Modif	ication Ar	ation Area				
Name	Common Name	Α	В	с	D	Е			
Myrtaceae	-	1				I			
Angophora floribunda	Rough-barked Apple		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					
Corymbia maculata	Spotted Gum		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
Eucalyptus blakelyi	Blakely's Red Gum			~		~			
Eucalyptus dawsonii	Slaty Gum	$\checkmark$							
Eucalyptus moluccana x albens	Grey Box		$\checkmark$	~	~	$\checkmark$			
Eucalyptus punctata	Grey Gum			$\checkmark$					
Eucalyptus tereticornis	Forest Red Gum				$\checkmark$				
Oleaceae									
Notelaea microcarpa	Native Olive		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
Oxalidaceae									
Oxalis chnoodes			$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$			
Oxalis perennans			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					
Oxalis sp.					~	~			
Phormiaceae		•							
Dianella caerulea	Blue Flax-lily		$\checkmark$						
Dianella longifolia	Blue Flax-lily		$\checkmark$						
Dianella revoluta	Blue Flax-lily		✓	~	~	~			
Dianella tasmanica	Tasman Flax-lily			~					
Pittosporaceae					-				
Bursaria spinosa	Blackthorn	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~			
Plantaginaceae									
Plantago gaudichaudii	Narrow Plantain		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					
*Plantago lanceolata	Lamb's Tongues			~					
Poaceae		I		I					
*Aira cupaniana	Silver Hairgrass				$\checkmark$				
Aristida acuta			$\checkmark$						
Aristida calycina			$\checkmark$		~				
Aristida personata	Purple Wire-grass	~	$\checkmark$		~				
Aristida ramosa	Purple Wiregrass		$\checkmark$						
Austrodanthonia fulva	Wallaby Grass		√			~			
Austrodanthonia setacea	Smallflower Wallaby-grass		$\checkmark$	~	~				
Austrostipa aristiglumis	Plains Grass	$\checkmark$							
Austrostipa scabra	Speargrass		$\checkmark$			1			
Austrostipa scabra subsp. falcata		~	√	~	~	~			
Austrostipa scabra subsp. scabra	Speargrass		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~			
Austrostipa verticillata	Slender Bamboo Grass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	~			

Family and Scientific			Modif	fication Ar	ea	
Name	Common Name	А	В	С	D	Е
Bothriochloa biloba		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Bothriochloa decipiens	Red Grass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Bothriochloa macra	Red Grass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$
*Bromus catharticus	Praire Grass		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
*Bromus molliformis	Soft Broome		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
*Chloris gayana	Rhodes Grass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Chloris truncata	Windmill Grass		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Chloris ventricosa	Tall Chloris	~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Cymbopogon refractus	Barbed Wire Grass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
*Cynodon dactylon	Common Couch	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Dichanthium sericeum subsp. <i>sericeum</i>	Queensland Bluegrass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~
Dichelachne crinita	Longhair Plumegrass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Dichelachne rara			$\checkmark$			
Digitaria brownii	Cotton Panic Grass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Digitaria diffusa	Open Summer Grass	$\checkmark$				
Digitaria divaricatissima	Umbrella Grass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Digitaria ramularis			$\checkmark$			~
Elymus scaber var. scaber	Common Wheatgrass	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		
Enneapogon gracilis	Slender Nineawn		$\checkmark$			
Enneapogon nigricans	Niggerheads		$\checkmark$			
Enteropogon acicularis		$\checkmark$				
Eragrostis alveiformis		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Eragrostis brownii	Brown's Lovegrass	$\checkmark$				
Eragrostis lacunaria	Purple Lovegrass	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Eragrostis leptostachya	Paddock Lovegrass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Eriochloa pseudoacrotricha	Early Spring Grass	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Eulalia aurea	Silky Browntop	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
*Hyparrhenia hirta	Coolatai Grass		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
*Lolium multiflorum	Italian Ryegrass		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$
*Lolium perenne	Perennial Ryegrass			$\checkmark$		
*Melinis repens	Red Natal Grass				$\checkmark$	~
Microlaena stipoides	Weeping Grass		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$
Panicum effusum	Hairy Panic	~	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$
*Panicum maximum var. maximum	Guinea Grass					~
Panicum queenslandicum	Yadbila Grass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Panicum simile	Two-colour Panic		$\checkmark$			
Paspalidium distans		~	$\checkmark$		~	

Family and Scientific	Common Nome		Modification Area									
Name	Common Name	Α	В	С	D	E						
*Paspalum dilatatum	Paspalum	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	~	~						
Paspalum distichum	Water Couch				$\checkmark$	~						
*Pennisetum clandestinum	Kikuyu Grass				$\checkmark$							
*Phalaris arundinacea var. arundinacea	Reed Canary Grass					√						
*Setaria parviflora	Slender Pigeon Grass					$\checkmark$						
Sporobolus caroli	Fairy Grass	$\checkmark$										
Sporobolus creber	Slender Rat's Tail Grass	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$	~						
Themeda australis	Kangaroo Grass		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$						
Polygalaceae												
Polygala japonica	Dwarf Milkwort		$\checkmark$									
Polygonaceae												
Persicaria decipiens	Slender Knotweed				$\checkmark$							
Persicaria subsessilis	Hairy Knotweed				$\checkmark$							
*Polygonum arenastrum	Wireweed	~										
Rumex brownii	Swamp Dock		$\checkmark$	~								
Primulaceae												
*Anagallis arvensis	Scarlet/Blue Pimpernel	~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$						
Ranunculaceae	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		I								
Clematis glycinoides	Headache Vine		$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$							
Rhamnaceae												
Cryptandra amara	Bitter cryptandra				$\checkmark$							
Rosaceae		1		I								
Acaena ovina			$\checkmark$	~								
Rubus parvifolius	Native Raspberry			~								
Rubiaceae				1		1						
Asperula conferta	Common Woodruff		$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$	~						
*Galium aparine	Goosegrass					· ·						
Galium propinquum	Maori Bedstraw		$\checkmark$	√								
Psydrax odorata	Shiny-leaved Canthium		· · ·									
Santalaceae		1		1		I						
Exocarpos strictus	Dwarf Cherry			~								
		1	L	•		1						
Sapindaceae Dodonaea viscosa subsp. angustifolia	Narrow-leaved Hopbush			~								
Scrophulariaceae		u										
*Verbascum virgatum	Twiggy Mullein		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$							
Veronica plebeia	Trailing Speedwell		$\checkmark$	~	~	~						
		1	l	1	1	<u>ا</u>						

Family and Scientific	Ocean Alexandre		Modif	ication Are	ea	
Name	Common Name	Α	В	С	D	Е
Solanaceae	-	<u>.</u>		-		
*Lycium ferocissimum	African Boxthorn			~		$\checkmark$
Solanum elegans	Spiny Kangaroo Apple		$\checkmark$			
*Solanum nigrum	Black-berry Nightshade		$\checkmark$			
*Solanum physalifolium var. nitidibaccatum				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Solanum prinophyllum	Forest Nightshade		$\checkmark$			
Solanum sp.			$\checkmark$			
Stackhousiaceae		<u>.</u>				
Stackhousia muricata	Western Stackhousia		$\checkmark$			
Sterculiaceae						
Brachychiton populneus	Kurrajong		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Thymelaeaceae						
Pimelea curviflora var. gracilis			~	$\checkmark$		
Typhaceae						
Typha orientalis	Broad-leaved Cumbungi				$\checkmark$	
Verbenaceae						
*Verbena bonariensis	Purpletop		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		~
*Verbena rigida		$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$
Xanthorrhoeaceae						
Xanthorrhoea glauca				$\checkmark$		

\* Introduced species.

January 2013

#### APPENDIX 5

#### VEGETATION SAMPLE PLOT DATA

Mt Arthur Coal Open Cut Modification Ecological Assessment

				Plot	and C	over-	Abund	ance Scores						
Family Name	Scientific Name	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	<b>A</b> 8	A9	A10			
	Rostellularia adscendens													
Acanthaceae	var. adscendens		3											
Adiantaceae	Cheilanthes sieberi			2	2		1	1		1				
Aizoaceae	*Galenia pubescens	1		1	3	3		2		1				
Asclepiadaceae	*Gomphocarpus fruticosus	1					1		4					
Asteraceae	*Bidens pilosa		3											
Asteraceae	*Carthamus lanatus		2				1			1				
Asteraceae	*Cirsium vulgare		2	1										
Asteraceae	*Conyza sumatrensis		1			1	1	1						
Asteraceae	*Senecio madagascariensis	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1				
Asteraceae	Brachyscome ciliaris var. subintegrifolia							1						
Asteraceae	Chrysocephalum apiculatum					1		2						
Asteraceae	*Lactuca saligna		1	1										
Asteraceae	Vittadinia cuneata f. cuneata			1										
Brassicaceae	*Lepidium africanum				1	2		1						
	*Opuntia stricta var.													
Cactaceae	stricta						1							
Campanulaceae	Wahlenbergia communis			1						1	1			
Casuarinaceae	Allocasuarina luehmannii			4	5	3		1						
Chenopodiaceae	Atriplex semibaccata				1	1								
Chenopodiaceae	Chenopodium glaucum				1									
Chenopodiaceae	Enchylaena tomentosa				1	2								
Chenopodiaceae	Maireana microphylla				1	2	1	1						
Chenopodiaceae	Sclerolaena muricata					1								
Convolvulaceae	Convolvulus erubescens		1											
Convolvulaceae	Dichondra repens										1			
Convolvulaceae	Dichondra species A	1												
Cyperaceae	Fimbristylis dichotoma			1	1		1							
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	*Medicago sativa	1												
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	*Trifolium incarnatum		1											
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Glycine clandestina			1										
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Glycine tabacina			1			3			1	1			
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Acacia decora									1				
Geraniaceae	Geranium solanderi				1									
Lamiaceae	Teucrium species A		1											
Linaceae	*Linum trigynum	1		1	1	1	1	1	1					
			1	1	1	1	1		1	1	L			

				Plot	and C	over-	Abund	ance S	Scores				
Family Name	Scientific Name	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	<b>A</b> 8	A9	A10		
Lomandraceae	Lomandra confertifolia			1	1			1	1				
Lomandraceae	Lomandra longifolia									2			
	Lomandra multiflora												
Lomandraceae	subsp. multiflora			1							<u> </u>		
Malvaceae	*Sida rhombifolia				1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Malvaceae	Sida corrugata				1			1			1		
Myrtaceae	Eucalyptus dawsonii					1		3	1				
Plantaginaceae	*Plantago lanceolata	1	2	2	1	2	2		1	2	2		
Poaceae	*Bromus catharticus		1										
Poaceae	*Bromus molliformis		1								<u> </u>		
Poaceae	*Lolium perenne		1						1				
Poaceae	*Paspalum dilatatum								1	1	<u> </u>		
Poaceae	Aristida personata							1			<u> </u>		
Poaceae	Aristida ramosa	3	3	4	4	1	2	3	5	2	2		
Poaceae	Austrodanthonia fulva	2					1	2	1	1	<u> </u>		
Poaceae	Austrostipa aristiglumis		1										
Poaceae	Austrostipa scabra subsp. falcata				1	1	1	1		1			
Poaceae	Austrostipa verticillata		2		1	1							
Poaceae	Bothriochloa biloba	2	3				3		2	3	6		
Poaceae	Bothriochloa decipiens		1	2	1	1		1					
Poaceae	Bothriochloa macra	1				2							
Poaceae	Chloris truncata					2	1	1					
Poaceae	Chloris ventricosa			1	2	2	2	1	2				
Poaceae	Cymbopogon refractus	1		1	1					1			
Poaceae	Dichanthium sericeum subsp. sericeum	3				1	2	1	3	3	1		
Poaceae	Dichelachne crinita	1											
Poaceae	Digitaria brownii		1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1		
Poaceae	Digitaria diffusa									1			
Poaceae	Digitaria divaricatissima		1										
Poaceae	Elymus scaber var. scaber									1			
Poaceae	Enteropogon acicularis							1		1			
Poaceae	Eragrostis alveiformis			2		2		2					
Poaceae	Eragrostis benthamii			1		2	1						
Poaceae	Eragrostis brownii			1		1	1						
Poaceae	Eragrostis lacunaria										1		
Poaceae	Eragrostis leptostachya			1	1	1	1	1	1		<u> </u>		
Poaceae	Eriochloa pseudoacrotricha					2	1	1		1	<u> </u>		
Poaceae	Eulalia aurea			1	1	2			2	1	<u> </u>		
Poaceae	Panicum effusum	1		1		1	1		2	1			

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		Plot and Cover-Abundance Scores											
Family Name	Scientific Name	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	<b>A</b> 8	A9	A10		
Poaceae	Panicum queenslandicum	2	2	1		2	1	2	1	2	2		
Poaceae	Paspalidium distans		1	1	1		1						
Poaceae	Sporobolus caroli	1											
Poaceae	Sporobolus creber	3		1	2	3	3	3	2	3	1		
Polygonaceae	*Polygonum arenastrum				1								
Polygonaceae	Rumex brownii									1			
Primulaceae	*Anagallis arvensis		1										
Verbenaceae	*Verbena rigida	1											

\* Introduced species.

			T	Plo	ot and	Cove	e <b>r-A</b> b	unda	nce S	core	S	
Family Name	Scientific Name	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	В9	B10	B11
Acanthaceae	Rostellularia adscendens								1			
0 + h	Rostellularia adscendens				1							
Acanthaceae	var. adscendens		1		1	1						
Adiantaceae	Cheilanthes distans	-	1	-		1	4	4	4			
Adiantaceae	Cheilanthes sieberi	1		1	2	2	1	1	1	-	1	2
Aizoaceae	*Galenia pubescens						1		-	2		
Anthericaceae	Caesia parviflora					1						
Apiaceae	Centella asiatica					1			-			
Apiaceae	Hydrocotyle laxiflora	_					1	1				
Asclepiadaceae	*Gomphocarpus fruticosus	2	1	1	1		2	2	1	1	2	2
Asphodelaceae	*Asphodelus fistulosus		1						2	1		
Asteraceae	*Bidens pilosa			1						1		
Asteraceae	*Carthamus lanatus									1		
Asteraceae	*Cirsium vulgare	2	1					2	1	4	3	1
Asteraceae	*Conyza sumatrensis					1			1	5	2	2
Asteraceae	*Hypochaeris radicata										1	
Asteraceae	*Senecio madagascariensis	3	1	1	2	2	3	3	2		2	2
Asteraceae	*Sonchus oleraceus				1							
Asteraceae	*Taraxacum officinale						4	3				
Asteraceae	Brachyscome multifida var. dilatata				1							
Asteraceae	Calotis hispidula										1	
Asteraceae	Calotis lappulacea		2	2	2	3			3			2
Asteraceae	Chrysocephalum apiculatum	2			1		2	3	2		1	2
Asteraceae	Cymbonotus lawsonianus	1				1						
Asteraceae	Euchiton sphaericus	1		1	1						1	1
Asteraceae	Glossocardia bidens		1	1					1			1
Asteraceae	*Lactuca saligna						1			1		1
Asteraceae	Lagenifera gracilis				1							
Asteraceae	Minuria leptophylla										1	
Asteraceae	Senecio quadridentatus					1			1	2	1	1
Asteraceae	Sigesbeckia orientalis		1			1			1			1
Asteraceae	Vittadinia cervicularis var. cervicularis										2	
Asteraceae	Vittadinia cuneata f. cuneata	2	2		1	2	2	2	2		2	
Brassicaceae	*Brassica rapa subsp. sylvestris									1		
Brassicaceae	*Lepidium africanum		1									
Brassicaceae	Lepidium pseudohyssopifolium		1									

		Plot and Cover-Abundance Scores												
Family Name	Scientific Name	B1	B2	<b>B</b> 3	B4	<b>B</b> 5	B6	B7	B8	B9	B10	B11		
0	*Opuntia stricta var. stricta						1				1	1		
Cactaceae			1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Campanulaceae	Wahlenbergia communis		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Casuarinaceae	Allocasuarina littoralis		-	-	1									
Chenopodiaceae	Atriplex semibaccata	-	1	1										
Chenopodiaceae	Einadia nutans		1											
Chenopodiaceae	Maireana microphylla	1	1						1					
Chloanthaceae	Spartothamnella juncea		2	1	2	3			1			1		
Convolvulaceae	Convolvulus erubescens	-							1			1		
Convolvulaceae	Dichondra repens	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2		1		
Convolvulaceae	Polymeria calycina		1	1	1	1								
Cyperaceae	Carex inversa									3				
Cyperaceae	Cyperus gracilis		1			1			1			1		
Cyperaceae	Fimbristylis dichotoma	1												
Cyperaceae	Scleria mackaviensis		1											
Euphorbiaceae	Chamaesyce drummondii			1							1			
Euphorbiaceae	Phyllanthus gunnii		1											
Euphorbiaceae	Phyllanthus virgatus											1		
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Desmodium gunnii		1	1	2	1								
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Desmodium rhytidophyllum										1			
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Desmodium varians					1								
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Glycine tabacina	1	2	1			1		2		1			
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Hardenbergia violacea								1					
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Acacia cultriformis		3									1		
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Acacia decora			2								3		
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Acacia implexa				2									
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Acacia salicina								2					
Gentianaceae	*Centaurium erythraea						1	1			1	1		
Gentianaceae	*Centaurium tenuiflorum										1			
Geraniaceae	Geranium solanderi				2			1		1				
Goodeniaceae	Scaevola albida											1		
Lamiaceae	Ajuga australis		1			1			2					
Lamiaceae	Mentha satureioides	2		1			1	2			3	2		
Lamiaceae	Scutellaria humilis					1		_			<u> </u>			
Linaceae	*Linum trigynum	1												
Linaceae	Linum marginale		1	1			1			1	1	1		
Lobeliaceae	Isotoma fluviatilis subsp. fluviatilis				1									
Lomandraceae	Lomandra confertifolia	2	3	2	1	3	1	1	3		2	2		

				Plo	t and	Cove	er-Ab	unda	nce S	core	S	
Family Name	Scientific Name	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9	B10	B11
Lomandraceae	Lomandra filiformis subsp. filiformis				1							
Lomandraceae	Lomandra longifolia								3			
	Lomandra multiflora											
Lomandraceae	subsp. multiflora	2	3	1	2	1		1				2
Luzuriagaceae	Geitonoplesium cymosum		2		1							
Malvaceae	*Modiola caroliniana									2		
Malvaceae	*Sida rhombifolia	1	1	1		1	3	2	1	4	2	2
Malvaceae	Abutilon oxycarpum		1					-	-			
Malvaceae	Sida corrugata		2	2		1	1	1	2			1
Myoporaceae	Eremophila debilis		2	1		1		1				1
Myoporaceae	Myoporum montanum					1			3			1
Myrtaceae	Corymbia maculata				2							
Myrtaceae	Eucalyptus moluccana		2	4	2	2			4			4
Oleaceae	Notelaea microcarpa		2	2	1	3						1
Oxalidaceae	Oxalis chnoodes	1	1						1			
Oxalidaceae	Oxalis perennans					1						
Phormiaceae	Dianella caerulea								1			
Phormiaceae	Dianella longifolia		1					1				1
Phormiaceae	Dianella revoluta				1							
Phormiaceae	Dianella tasmanica		1	1	1							
Pittosporaceae	Bursaria spinosa		1		1	1		1	1			
Plantaginaceae	*Plantago lanceolata	2		1		2	3				2	1
Plantaginaceae	Plantago gaudichaudii	1	2			1	1		2			1
Poaceae	*Bromus catharticus									1		
Poaceae	*Hyparrhenia hirta										1	
Poaceae	*Paspalum dilatatum	1		1			2	3			1	1
Poaceae	Aristida acuta								1	1		
Poaceae	Aristida personata		3	4					3			
Poaceae	Aristida ramosa	3		5		1		3		2	4	3
Poaceae	Austrodanthonia fulva	1		2	2	2			2		1	1
Poaceae	Austrodanthonia setacea				3							
Poaceae	Austrostipa scabra		2									
Poaceae	Austrostipa scabra subsp. falcata							1	2			1
Poaceae	Austrostipa scabra subsp. scabra			1		1			2			
Poaceae	Austrostipa verticillata	1							~	5		1
Poaceae	Bothriochloa biloba									<u> </u>	3	
Poaceae	Bothriochloa decipiens	1	2			1	1	2		1		1
Poaceae	Bothriochloa macra	1	-				1		1			

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				Plo	ot and	Cove	er-Ab	unda	nce S	core	S	
Family Name	Scientific Name	B1	B2	В3	В4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9	B10	B11
Poaceae	Chloris truncata			1								
Poaceae	Chloris ventricosa	4	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	1	4	3
Poaceae	Cymbopogon refractus	2	2	2		2	1		1		1	1
Poaceae	Dichanthium sericeum subsp. sericeum	2		2			1				2	1
Poaceae	Dichelachne crinita	1										
Poaceae	Dichelachne rara					1						
Poaceae	Digitaria brownii		2				1	1	3	1		2
Poaceae	Digitaria divaricatissima										1	
Poaceae	Digitaria ramularis								1			
Poaceae	Elymus scaber var. scaber		1									
Poaceae	Enneapogon gracilis		1									
Poaceae	Enneapogon nigricans								1			
Poaceae	Eragrostis leptostachya			1	1							
Poaceae	Microlaena stipoides								1	1		1
Poaceae	Panicum effusum		1			2	1		2			
Poaceae	Panicum queenslandicum	3	1	2	2		1		2	3	1	3
Poaceae	Panicum simile								1			
Poaceae	Paspalidium distans		1	1					1	1		
Poaceae	Sporobolus creber	1					1				1	2
Poaceae	Themeda australis	2			1				3			3
Polygalaceae	Polygala japonica				1							
Polygonaceae	Rumex brownii	1					1			1		
Primulaceae	*Anagallis arvensis		1	1	1			1	1	1	1	
Ranunculaceae	Clematis glycinoides			1	1	1						1
Rosaceae	Acaena ovina	2		1	1		3	3			1	1
Rubiaceae	Asperula conferta	2	1		1	1	1	1			2	2
Rubiaceae	Galium propinquum		1			1						
Rubiaceae	Psydrax odorata		2	2	1	1						3
Scrophulariaceae	*Verbascum virgatum										1	
Scrophulariaceae	Veronica plebeia				1	1		1		1		
Solanaceae	*Solanum nigrum								1	2		1
Solanaceae	Solanum elegans					1						
Solanaceae	Solanum sp.								1			
Stackhousiaceae	Stackhousia muricata							1				
Sterculiaceae	Brachychiton populneus			1		2			1			3
Thymelaeaceae	Pimelea curviflora	1										2
Verbenaceae	*Verbena bonariensis									2	1	

\* Introduced species.

Family Name	Scientific Name	Plo	t and	Cove Scoi		ndan	dance		
_		C1	C2	С3	C4	C5	C6		
0	Rostellularia adscendens var.		1						
Acanthaceae	adscendens	2	1		1	1	2		
Adiantaceae Anthericaceae	Cheilanthes sieberi Caesia parviflora	Z			1	1	2		
		2							
Apiaceae	Centella asiatica *Gomphocarpus	2				1			
Asclepiadaceae	fruticosus		1	1	3	1			
Asphodelaceae	*Asphodelus fistulosus			1					
Asteraceae	*Bidens pilosa		1		1	1			
Asteraceae	*Cirsium vulgare		1	1	3	1			
Asteraceae	*Conyza sumatrensis		1			1	1		
Asteraceae	*Conyza canadensis	1							
Asteraceae	Euchiton involucratus	1							
Asteraceae	*Senecio madagascariensis	2	1	3	2		1		
Asteraceae	*Taraxacum officinale		2			1			
Asteraceae	Brachyscome multifida var. dilatata	1							
Asteraceae	Calotis lappulacea		1	2	1	1			
Asteraceae	Cassinia quinquefaria	1	1						
Asteraceae	Chrysocephalum apiculatum		1		1				
Asteraceae	Cymbonotus Iawsonianus		1	1	1				
Asteraceae	Olearia elliptica	3	2						
Asteraceae	Senecio diaschides		1						
Asteraceae	Senecio quadridentatus	1	1						
Asteraceae	Sigesbeckia orientalis		1	1	1	1	1		
Asteraceae	Vittadinia cervicularis var. cervicularis			1					
Brassicaceae	*Brassica rapa subsp. sylvestris			1					
Cactaceae	*Opuntia stricta var. stricta			1	1	1	1		
Campanulaceae	Wahlenbergia communis				1				
Celastraceae	Maytenus silvestris						3		
Chenopodiaceae	Einadia nutans	1	1						
Chenopodiaceae	Maireana microphylla			1					
Chloanthaceae	Spartothamnella juncea	1	1			2	2		
Convolvulaceae	Convolvulus erubescens						1		
Convolvulaceae	Dichondra repens	2	2	2	1	2	2		
Euphorbiaceae	Breynia oblongifolia					3			

Family Name	Scientific Name	Plo	t and	Cove Scoi		ndan	ce
		C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6
Fabaceae (Caesalpinioideae)	Senna odorata					3	
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	*Medicago orbicularis		1	1			
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Daviesia genistifolia					3	1
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Desmodium gunnii		1		1	2	2
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Desmodium rhytidophyllum						1
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Desmodium varians		1			1	
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Glycine microphylla	1					1
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Glycine tabacina			1	2		
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Hardenbergia violacea		1				
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Swainsona galegifolia		1				
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Acacia maidenii		1				3
Gentianaceae	*Centaurium tenuiflorum		1				
Geraniaceae	Geranium solanderi		1				
Lamiaceae	Mentha satureioides			1	3	1	
Linaceae	*Linum trigynum			1			
Linaceae	Linum marginale		1		1		
Lobeliaceae	<i>Isotoma fluviatilis</i> subsp. <i>fluviatilis</i>	1					
Lomandraceae	Lomandra confertifolia	2	3				1
Lomandraceae	Lomandra multiflora subsp. multiflora	1	1				1
Luzuriagaceae	Geitonoplesium cymosum	1	1			1	2
Malvaceae	*Sida rhombifolia			2	1	1	
Malvaceae	Sida corrugata		1	2			
Myoporaceae	Eremophila debilis						1
Myoporaceae	Myoporum montanum		2	1	1	1	1
Myrtaceae	Angophora floribunda	2					
Myrtaceae	Corymbia maculata					4	5
Myrtaceae	Eucalyptus blakelyi	3	5				
Myrtaceae	Eucalyptus moluccana	2					
Oleaceae	Notelaea microcarpa	4	3			4	3
Oxalidaceae	Oxalis perennans	1				1	
Phormiaceae	Dianella longifolia	1	2		1	1	1

Family Name	Scientific Name	Plo	t and	Cove Scor		Indan	nce		
_		C1	C2	С3	C4	C5	C6		
Phormiaceae	Dianella tasmanica	1	1			1	1		
Pittosporaceae	Bursaria spinosa	1	1				1		
Plantaginaceae	*Plantago lanceolata		1			1			
Plantaginaceae	Plantago gaudichaudii					1			
Poaceae	*Hyparrhenia hirta				1				
Poaceae	*Paspalum dilatatum		1			1			
Poaceae	Aristida personata		1	3					
Poaceae	Aristida ramosa	2	3			3			
Poaceae	Austrodanthonia fulva			1					
Poaceae	Austrodanthonia setacea	4	1			1	3		
Poaceae	Austrostipa scabra subsp. falcata			1					
Poaceae	Austrostipa scabra subsp. scabra	1				1			
Poaceae	Bothriochloa decipiens		1						
Poaceae	Chloris truncata			1					
Poaceae	Chloris ventricosa			3	3				
Poaceae	Cymbopogon refractus	1	1	1	1	2	2		
Poaceae	Dichanthium sericeum subsp. sericeum			3	2				
Poaceae	Dichelachne crinita	1	1	1					
Poaceae	Digitaria brownii			1	1				
Poaceae	Eragrostis lacunaria				1				
Poaceae	Eragrostis leptostachya	1							
Poaceae	Microlaena stipoides					2	2		
Poaceae	Panicum queenslandicum			2	1				
Poaceae	Sporobolus creber			1					
Poaceae	Themeda australis	2							
Primulaceae	*Anagallis arvensis	1	1	1		1	1		
Ranunculaceae	Clematis glycinoides	1	1			2	2		
Rosaceae	*Acaena ovina	1				1			
Rosaceae	Rubus parvifolius	1							
Rubiaceae	Asperula conferta	2	1	1					
Rubiaceae	Galium propinquum	1				1	1		
Sapindaceae	<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	2							
Scrophulariaceae	Veronica plebeia					1	2		
Solanaceae	Solanum physalifolium var. nitidibaccatum	1					1		
Sterculiaceae	Brachychiton populneus					1	1		

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Family Name	Scientific Name	t and	Cove Scoi		ndan	ce	
		C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6
Verbenaceae	*Verbena bonariensis				1		

\* Introduced species.

Family Name	Scientific Name	Ple	ot and	d Cove Sco		bundance		
		D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	
Adiantaceae	Cheilanthes sieberi	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Aizoaceae	*Galenia pubescens			3		3		
Asclepiadaceae	*Gomphocarpus fruticosus	2	1	1		1		
Asteraceae	*Bidens pilosa	1	3				1	
Asteraceae	*Carthamus lanatus					1		
Asteraceae	*Cirsium vulgare	1	1	1		1		
Asteraceae	*Conyza sumatrensis	1						
Asteraceae	Euchiton involucratus		1					
Asteraceae	*Hypochaeris radicata						1	
Asteraceae	*Senecio madagascariensis	2	2	3	3	2	2	
Asteraceae	*Taraxacum officinale	1	1		2			
Asteraceae	*Xanthium occidentale		2					
Asteraceae	Calotis lappulacea		1		1		2	
Asteraceae	Chrysocephalum apiculatum	1	1	1	1	2	2	
Asteraceae	Glossocardia bidens					1		
Asteraceae	*Lactuca saligna		1					
Asteraceae	Senecio hispidulus		1					
Asteraceae	Senecio quadridentatus	1	1					
Asteraceae	Vittadinia cuneata f. cuneata		1		1			
Cactaceae	*Opuntia stricta var. stricta			1		1	1	
Campanulaceae	Wahlenbergia communis	1	1		1	1	1	
Casuarinaceae	Allocasuarina luehmannii				1		1	
Chenopodiaceae	Einadia nutans					1	2	
Chenopodiaceae	Enchylaena tomentosa		1				1	
Chloanthaceae	Spartothamnella juncea		1					
Clusiaceae	*Hypericum perforatum	1						
Clusiaceae	Hypericum gramineum	1						
Convolvulaceae	Dichondra repens	1	2		2	2	2	
Convolvulaceae	Polymeria calycina		1					
Cyperaceae	Carex inversa	1			1			
Cyperaceae	Cyperus fulvus		1					
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	*Trifolium subterraneum		1					
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Desmodium brachypodum				1			
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Desmodium rhytidophyllum	1						
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Glycine clandestina	1						
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Glycine microphylla		1					
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Glycine tabacina					1		
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Hardenbergia violacea		3					

Family Name	Scientific Name	Pl	ot and	d Cove Sco		oundance		
		D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Acacia salicina	2	1		2		1	
Lamiaceae	Mentha satureioides	3			1	2		
Linaceae	*Linum trigynum					1		
Linaceae	Linum marginale				1			
Lomandraceae	Lomandra confertifolia				2			
Lomandraceae	Lomandra longifolia		1		2			
Lomandraceae	Lomandra multiflora subsp. multiflora						1	
Malvaceae	*Sida rhombifolia	2		3	2	2	1	
Myoporaceae	Eremophila debilis	1			1			
Myrtaceae	Angophora floribunda				1			
Myrtaceae	Corymbia maculata		2		2		4	
Myrtaceae	Eucalyptus moluccana						1	
Myrtaceae	Eucalyptus tereticornis		5		4			
Oxalidaceae	<i>Oxalis</i> sp.			1		1	1	
Phormiaceae	Dianella longifolia	1						
Phormiaceae	Dianella tasmanica		3				1	
Plantaginaceae	*Plantago lanceolata	3	2	2		5	2	
Poaceae	*Aira cupaniana					1		
Poaceae	*Chloris gayana	2	2					
Poaceae	Cynodon dactylon		3		1			
Poaceae	*Hyparrhenia hirta					2		
Poaceae	*Lolium multiflorum		1					
Poaceae	*Paspalum dilatatum	2	2	1	2	2	1	
Poaceae	Aristida calycina					1		
Poaceae	Aristida personata		3				1	
Poaceae	Aristida ramosa	1	1	3	5		1	
Poaceae	Austrodanthonia fulva		1		1		1	
Poaceae	Austrodanthonia setacea		1					
Poaceae	Austrostipa scabra subsp. falcata						1	
Poaceae	Austrostipa scabra subsp. scabra						2	
Poaceae	Austrostipa verticillata	1		3				
Poaceae	Bothriochloa decipiens		1		1	1	2	
Poaceae	Chloris ventricosa	3	3		2	3	3	
Poaceae	Cymbopogon refractus	1	1		1	1	2	
Poaceae	Dichanthium sericeum subsp. sericeum	1	2		-		1	
Poaceae	Dichelachne crinita		1					
Poaceae	Digitaria brownii	2	-	2		3	2	
Poaceae	Elymus scaber var. scaber		1	-	1	Ŭ	1	

Family Name	Scientific Name	Pl	ot and		er-Abu pres	undan	се
		D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6
Poaceae	Eragrostis alveiformis						1
Poaceae	Eragrostis lacunaria				1		
Poaceae	Eragrostis leptostachya				1		
Poaceae	Eriochloa pseudoacrotricha				1	1	
Poaceae	Eulalia aurea	1					
Poaceae	Microlaena stipoides	1	2	4	1	1	3
Poaceae	Panicum queenslandicum	2	1	2	2	2	2
Poaceae	Paspalidium distans	1			1		
Poaceae	Sporobolus creber	2			1	1	1
Primulaceae	*Anagallis arvensis	1	1				
Ranunculaceae	Clematis glycinoides		3		1		
Rubiaceae	Asperula conferta	3			1	1	1
Scrophulariaceae	Veronica plebeia	1	1		1		1
Solanaceae	*Lycium ferocissimum		1		1		1
Solanaceae	Solanum physalifolium var. nitidibaccatum				1		
Sterculiaceae	Brachychiton populneus		2				

\* Introduced species.

		Plot	and	Cover	-Abu	ndan	ce Sc	ores
Family Name	Scientific Name	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7
Adiantaceae	Cheilanthes sieberi	1		1	2	1		2
Aizoaceae	*Galenia pubescens			3		1	1	
Asclepiadaceae	*Gomphocarpus fruticosus						1	
Asteraceae	*Aster subulatus		1					
Asteraceae	*Bidens pilosa	1				1		1
Asteraceae	*Carthamus lanatus					2		
Asteraceae	*Cirsium vulgare	1	3		1	2		
Asteraceae	*Conyza bonariensis	1						
Asteraceae	*Lactuca sp.		1					
Asteraceae	*Senecio madagascariensis	3	3	1	3	2	1	2
Asteraceae	*Taraxacum officinale	1	1			1		
Asteraceae	Calotis cuneifolia					1		
Asteraceae	Calotis lappulacea				1	2		
Asteraceae	Chrysocephalum apiculatum			1	2	2		3
Asteraceae	Senecio quadridentatus	1				1	1	1
Asteraceae	Vittadinia cuneata f. cuneata					1		
Asteraceae	Vittadinia dissecta var. hirta	2						
Brassicaceae	*Hirschfeldia incana			1				
Brassicaceae	*Lepidium africanum							1
Brassicaceae	*Sinapis arvensis						1	
Brassicaceae	Lepidium pseudohyssopifolium			1				1
Cactaceae	*Opuntia stricta var. stricta					1		
Campanulaceae	Wahlenbergia communis	1		1				
Casuarinaceae	Allocasuarina luehmannii							1
Chenopodiaceae	Einadia nutans					1		
Chenopodiaceae	Enchylaena tomentosa			1				1
Chenopodiaceae	Sclerolaena birchii		1					
Clusiaceae	*Hypericum perforatum	2			3			
Convolvulaceae	Dichondra repens	1				2	1	
Cyperaceae	Carex inversa			1				
Cyperaceae	Fimbristylis dichotoma	1						
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	*Medicago minima						1	
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	*Melilotus indicus						1	
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	*Trifolium sp.						2	
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Desmodium rhytidophyllum			1				
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Glycine tabacina	1						
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Acacia decora							1

		Plot	and	Cove	r-Abu	undance Scores					
Family Name	Scientific Name	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7			
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Acacia salicina					4					
Gentianaceae	*Centaurium erythraea					1	1				
Juncaceae	*Juncus acutus		3								
Lamiaceae	Mentha satureioides			2							
Linaceae	*Linum trigynum			1							
Linaceae	Linum marginale	2		1		1		1			
Lomandraceae	Lomandra confertifolia	2		2	2	2		3			
Lomandraceae	Lomandra multiflora subsp. multiflora	2				1		1			
Malvaceae	*Modiola caroliniana						1				
Malvaceae	*Sida rhombifolia			2	1	3	1	2			
Malvaceae	Abutilon oxycarpum			1							
Malvaceae	Sida corrugata			1							
Malvaceae	*Sida spinosa			1							
Myrtaceae	Eucalyptus blakelyi					4					
Myrtaceae	Eucalyptus moluccana							1			
Oxalidaceae	Oxalis chnoodes					1					
Oxalidaceae	<i>Oxalis</i> sp.	1									
Plantaginaceae	*Plantago lanceolata	1	1	3	3	3	3				
Poaceae	*Aira cupaniana							1			
Poaceae	*Chloris gayana		1	1			2				
Poaceae	Cynodon dactylon	1	6	1		1					
Poaceae	*Hyparrhenia hirta	3				3	1				
Poaceae	*Melinis repens					1	1				
Poaceae	*Panicum maximum var. maximum						1				
Poaceae	*Paspalum dilatatum	3	1	1	3	3	1	1			
Poaceae	*Phalaris arundinacea var. arundinacea					1					
Poaceae	*Setaria parviflora	2									
Poaceae	Aristida personata	3		3							
Poaceae	Aristida ramosa	2	1			2		2			
Poaceae	Austrodanthonia fulva	2			1	2		1			
Poaceae	Austrostipa scabra subsp. falcata	1		3		2					
Poaceae	Austrostipa scabra subsp. scabra						1				
Poaceae	Austrostipa verticillata					3					
Poaceae	Bothriochloa decipiens			1			1				
Poaceae	Bothriochloa macra	2						2			
Poaceae	Chloris ventricosa	3	1			2		2			
Poaceae	Cymbopogon refractus	2		1	2	2	1	1			
Poaceae	Dichanthium sericeum subsp. sericeum	2		3	3	2	4				
Poaceae	Dichelachne crinita	1			1	1					

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		Plot	and	Cove	r-Abu	ndan	ce Sc	ores
Family Name	Scientific Name	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	E6	E7
Poaceae	Digitaria brownii	1					1	
Poaceae	Digitaria ramularis			1				
Poaceae	Eragrostis alveiformis			2				1
Poaceae	Eragrostis leptostachya					1		
Poaceae	Eriochloa pseudoacrotricha			1				
Poaceae	Microlaena stipoides	2				1		
Poaceae	Panicum effusum							1
Poaceae	Panicum queenslandicum	3		2	2	2		2
Poaceae	Sporobolus creber	2		2			2	1
Poaceae	Themeda australis	2			3			1
Polygonaceae	Rumex brownii	1						
Primulaceae	*Anagallis arvensis			1		1	1	
Rubiaceae	Asperula conferta	1	1		1			
Scrophulariaceae	Veronica plebeia	1		1	1			
Solanaceae	*Lycium ferocissimum			1		1		
Solanaceae	Solanum prinophyllum	1						1
Verbenaceae	*Verbena bonariensis	1		1	1		1	
Verbenaceae	*Verbena rigida	1			2	2		

\* Introduced species.

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#### APPENDIX 6

#### VEGETATION COMMUNITY PROFILES

Mt Arthur Coal Open Cut Modification Ecological Assessment

The following are summary descriptions of the vegetation communities that were recorded within the Modification area.

VEGETATION COMMUNITY	Derived Native Grassland ( <sup>A</sup> Box-Gum and <sup>B</sup> Unknown)
HRVP MAP UNIT	N/A
CONSERVATION STATUS	<sup>A</sup> White Box - Yellow Box - Blakely's Red Gum Grassy Woodland and Derived Native Grassland CEEC listed under the EPBC Act
	<sup>A</sup> White Box Yellow Box Blakely's Red Gum Woodland EEC listed under the TSC Act
	<sup>B</sup> None
RECORDED IN	All Modification areas
Plots: 30	Mean diversity: 27.2 species

DESCRIPTION							
Canopy	None						
Shrubs	None						
Ground	Aristida ramosa, Aristida personata, Chloris ventricosa, Sporobolus creber, Dichanthium sericeum, Bothriochloa decipiens, Bothriochloa biloba, Panicum queenslandicum, Hyparrhenia hirta, Digitaria brownii						
Climbers and creepers	Glycine tabacina						
Weeds – low to high abundance	*Senecio madagascariensis, *Hyparrhenia hirta						
Significant Species	Bothriochloa biloba						

VEGETATION COMMUNITY	Central Hunter Box – Ironbark Woodland
HRVP MAP UNIT	MU10
CONSERVATION STATUS	White Box - Yellow Box - Blakely's Red Gum Grassy Woodland and Derived Native Grassland CEEC listed under the EPBC Act White Box Yellow Box Blakely's Red Gum Woodland EEC listed under the TSC Act
RECORDED IN	Modification Areas B and C
Plots: 6	Mean diversity: 49 species
Capony	
Shrubs	Acacia cultriformis, Psydrax odorata, Spartothamnella juncea,
	Notelaea microcarpa, Acacia decora, Bursaria spinosa
Ground	Aristida ramosa, Aristida personata, Lomandra confertifolia, Austrostipa scabra subsp. falcata, Bothriochloa decipiens, Eremophila debilis, Pimelea curviflora var. gracilis
Climbers and creepers	Geitonoplesium cymosum, Polymeria calycina, Desmodium gunnii
Weeds – Iow abundance	*Senecio madagascariensis

Γ	
VEGETATION COMMUNITY	Central Hunter Box – Ironbark Woodland Wybong Slaty Box Variant
HRVP MAP UNIT	MU10
CONSERVATION STATUS	Not threatened
RECORDED IN	Modification Area A
Plots: 4	Mean diversity: 27 species

DESCRIPTION	
Canopy	Eucalyptus dawsonii, Allocasuarina luehmannii
Shrubs	Maireana microphylla
Ground	Aristida ramosa, Chloris ventricosa, Sporobolus creber, Bothriochloa biloba, Eriochloa pseudoacrotricha, Glycine tabacina
Climbers and creepers	Glycine clandestina, Glycine tabacina
Weeds – moderate abundance	*Galenia pubescens, *Plantago lanceolata
Significant Species	Bothriochloa biloba

VEGETATION COMMUNITY	Upper Hunter Hills Box – Ironbark – Red Gum Woodland
HRVP MAP UNIT	MU9
CONSERVATION STATUS	Not threatened
RECORDED IN	Modification Area C
Plots: 2	Mean diversity: 44 species



DESCRIPTION	
Сапору	Eucalyptus blakelyi, Eucalyptus albens x E. moluccana, Angophora floribunda, Brachychiton populneus
Shrubs	Notelaea microcarpa, Olearia elliptica, Dodonaea viscosa, Myoporum montanum, Spartothamnella juncea, Psydrax odorata,
Ground	Austrodanthonia setacea, Asperula conferta, Aristida ramosa, Centella asiatica
Climbers and creepers	Rubus parvifolius, Geitonoplesium cymosum, Clematis glycinoides, Hardenbergia violacea, Desmodium varians, Desmodium gunnii
Weeds – Iow abundance	*Senecio madagascariensis, *Plantago lanceolata
Significant Species	None recorded

VEGETATION COMMUNITY	Hunter Lowlands Red Gum Forest
HRVP MAP UNIT	MU24
CONSERVATION STATUS	Hunter Lowland Redgum Forest in the Sydney Basin and NSW North Coast Bioregions EEC
RECORDED IN	Modification Area D
Plots: 2	Mean diversity: 45 species



DESCRIPTION	
Сапору	Eucalyptus tereticornis, Eucalyptus punctata, Corymbia maculata, Brachychiton populneus
Shrubs	Spartothamnella juncea, Acacia salicina
Ground	Dianella tasmanica, Aristida personata, Chloris ventricosa
Climbers and creepers	Clematis glycinoides, Hardenbergia violacea, Veronica plebeia, Glycine microphylla, Polymeria calycina
Weeds – moderate abundance	*Cynodon dactylon, *Bidens pilosa, *Chloris gayana, *Paspalum dilatatum
Significant Species	None recorded

### HUNTER ECO

Significant Species

VEGETATION COMMUNITY	Central Hunter Ironbark – Spotted Gum – Grey Box Forest – Grassy Variant
HRVP MAP UNIT	MU27
CONSERVATION STATUS	Central Hunter Ironbark - Spotted Gum - Grey Box Forest in the NSWNorth Coast and Sydney Basin Bioregions EEC
RECORDED IN	Proposed Modification Area D
Plots: 1	Mean diversity: 39 species
	DESCRIPTION
Canopy	Corymbia maculata, Eucalyptus albens x E. moluccana
Shrubs	Acacia salicina, Allocasuarina luehmannii
Ground	Chloris ventricosa, Microlaena stipoides, Digitaria brownii, Austrostipa scabra subsp. scabra
Climbers and creepers	Veronica plebeia
Weeds – Iow abundance	*Plantago lanceolata, *Senecio madagascariensis, *Lycium ferocissimum

None recorded

VEGETATION COMMUNITY	Central Hunter Ironbark – Spotted Gum – Grey Box Forest – Shrubby Variant
HRVP MAP UNIT	MU27
CONSERVATION STATUS	Central Hunter Ironbark - Spotted Gum - Grey Box Forest in the NSW North Coast and Sydney basin Bioregions EEC
RECORDED IN	Modification Areas B and C
Plots: 2	Mean diversity: 30 species
	<image/>

DESCRIPTION	
Сапору	Corymbia maculata, Brachychiton populneus
Shrubs	Notelaea microcarpa, Daviesia genistifolia, Senna baronfieldii, Breynia oblongifolia, Spartothamnella juncea, Acacia maidenii, Maytenus sylvestris, Bursaria spinosa
Ground	Aristida ramosa, Microlaena stipoides, Dichondra repens, Austrodanthonia setacea
Climbers and creepers	Clematis glycinoides, Geitonoplesium cymosum, Desmodium gunnii,
Weeds – low abundance	*Anagallis arvensis
Significant Species	None recorded

VEGETATION COMMUNITY	Hunter Valley Weeping Myall Woodland
HRVP MAP UNIT	MU19
CONSERVATION STATUS	Hunter Valley Weeping Myall Woodland of the Sydney Basin Bioregion EEC
RECORDED IN	Proposed Modification Area A
Plots: 2	Mean diversity: 28 species
	<image/>
	DESCRIPTION
Canopy	None
Shrubs	Acacia pendula
Ground	Sporobolus creber, Dichanthium sericeum subsp. sericeum, Bothriochloa biloba
Climbers and creepers	Desmodium rhytidophyllum
Weeds – Iow abundance	*Senecio madagascariensis
Significant Species	Acacia pendula, Bothriochloa biloba

VEGETATION COMMUNITY	Typha Dominated Drainage Line	
HRVP MAP UNIT	N/A	
CONSERVATION STATUS	None	
RECORDED IN	Modification Area D	
Plots: None	Mean diversity: N/A	
[No image]		
DESCRIPTION		
Canopy	None	
Shrubs	None	
Ground	Typha orientalis	
Climbers and creepers	Climbers and creepers None	
Weeds – low to high abundance	*Cynodon dactylon *Xanthium occidentale	
Significant Species	None	

VEGETATION COMMUNITY	N/A
HRVP MAP UNIT	N/A
CONSERVATION STATUS	None
RECORDED IN	Modification Area A
Plots: N/A	Mean diversity: N/A



DESCRIPTION	
Сапору	None
Shrubs	None
Ground	Grassy, typical of surrounding derived grassland
Climbers and creepers	
Weeds – low to high abundance	*Chloris gayana, *Bidens pilosa
Significant Species	None

VEGETATION COMMUNITY	N/A
HRVP MAP UNIT	N/A
CONSERVATION STATUS	None
RECORDED IN	Modification Area E
Plots: 1	Mean diversity: 14 species



DESCRIPTION

Сапору	None
Shrubs	None
Ground	*Juncus acutus, *Cynodon dactylon, *Senecio madagascariensis, *Cirsium vulgare
Climbers and creepers	None
Weeds -high abundance	*Juncus acutus, *Cynodon dactylon, *Senecio madagascariensis, *Cirsium vulgare
Significant Species	None

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APPENDIX 7

SPECIES AND LOCATION OF HABITAT TREES

Mt Arthur Coal Open Cut Modification Ecological Assessment

#### Coordinates are GDA94 MGA Zone 56

Modification Area	Species	Easting	Northing
Area A	Bulloak	294621	6421398
	Bulloak	294739	6420860
	Bulloak	294844	642079
	Dead Stag	294718	6421218
	Dead Stag	294621	642144
	Dead Stag	294626	642130
	Dead Stag	294598	642128
	Dead Stag	294542	642141
	Dead Stag	294523	642139
	Dead Stag	294488	642139
	Dead Stag	294372	642135
	Dead Stag	294419	642130
	Dead Stag	294485	642129
	Dead Stag	294496	642133
	Dead Stag	294602	642116
	Dead Stag	294511	642112
	Dead Stag	294432	642110
	Dead Stag	294646	642111
	Dead Stag	294585	642107
	Slaty Box	294796	642124
	Slaty Box	294774	642138
	Slaty Box	294773	642151
	Slaty Box	294767	642152
	Slaty Box	294687	642154
	Slaty Box	294670	642131
	Slaty Box	294704	642130
	Slaty Box	294692	642127
	Slaty Box	294692	642122
	Slaty Box	294626	642122
	Slaty Box	294617	642125
	Slaty Box	294415	642135
	Slaty Box	294555	642133
	Slaty Box	294490	642125
	Slaty Box	294589	642117
	Slaty Box	294715	642083
	Slaty Box	294895	642075
	Slaty Box	294985	642067

Area	Species	Easting	Northing
Area A	Slaty Box	294882	6421027
(Continued)	Slaty Box	294869	6421125
	Slaty Box	294775	6421151
	Slaty Box	294664	6421156
	White/Grey Box	294759	6421451
	White/Grey Box	294574	6421402
	White/Grey Box	294506	6421402
	White/Grey Box	294428	6421415
	White/Grey Box	294327	6421475
	White/Grey Box	294503	6421249
	White/Grey Box	294486	6421152
Area B	Dead Stag	297886	6417992
	Dead Stag	298157	6418004
	Dead Stag	298116	6417743
	Dead Stag	297703	6418159
	Dead Stag	297488	6418230
	Dead Stag	297549	6418249
	White/Grey Box	298225	6417874
	White/Grey Box	298158	6417860
	White/Grey Box	298115	6417902
	White/Grey Box	298132	6417917
	White/Grey Box	298096	6417916
	White/Grey Box	298028	6417910
	White/Grey Box	298006	6417883
	White/Grey Box	297990	6417877
	White/Grey Box	297952	6417887
	White/Grey Box	297910	6418001
	White/Grey Box	297945	6418016
	White/Grey Box	297976	6418008
	White/Grey Box	298019	6418014
	White/Grey Box	298040	6418004
	White/Grey Box	298136	6418041
	White/Grey Box	298171	6418015
	White/Grey Box	298192	6418016
	White/Grey Box	298171	6418073
	White/Grey Box	298014	6418091
	White/Grey Box	297933	6418091
	White/Grey Box	297921	6418076
	White/Grey Box	297842	6418064
	White/Grey Box	297880	6418098

Area	Species	Easting	Northing
Area B	White/Grey Box	297934	6418116
(Continued)	White/Grey Box	297964	6418139
	White/Grey Box	297981	6418139
	White/Grey Box	297905	6418235
	White/Grey Box	297965	6418250
	White/Grey Box	297958	6418251
	White/Grey Box	297451	6418236
	White/Grey Box	297355	6417894
	White/Grey Box	297945	6418016
	White/Grey Box	297976	6418008
	White/Grey Box	298019	6418014
	White/Grey Box	298040	6418004
	White/Grey Box	298136	6418041
	White/Grey Box	298171	6418015
	White/Grey Box	298192	6418016
	White/Grey Box	298171	6418073
	White/Grey Box	298014	6418091
	White/Grey Box	297933	641809 <sup>-</sup>
	White/Grey Box	297921	6418076
	White/Grey Box	297842	6418064
	White/Grey Box	297880	6418098
	White/Grey Box	297934	6418116
	White/Grey Box	297964	6418139
	White/Grey Box	297981	6418139
	White/Grey Box	297905	641823
	White/Grey Box	297965	6418250
	White/Grey Box	297958	641825
	White/Grey Box	297451	6418236
	White/Grey Box	297355	6417894
Area C	Dead Stag	299015	6417645
	Dead Stag	299075	6417585
	Spotted Gum	298987	6417718
	Spotted Gum	299063	6417726
	Spotted Gum	299048	6417673
	Spotted Gum	299037	6417613
	Spotted Gum	299072	6417637
	Spotted Gum	299070	6417650
	Spotted Gum	299070	6417667
	Spotted Gum	299124	6417650
	Spotted Gum	299121	6417650

Area	Species	Easting	Northing
Area C	Spotted Gum	299078	6417578
(Continued)	Spotted Gum	299070	6417549
	Spotted Gum	299157	6417454
	Spotted Gum	299140	6417439
	Spotted Gum	299136	6417430
	Dead Stag	299015	6417645
	Dead Stag	299075	6417585
	Spotted Gum	298987	6417718
	Spotted Gum	299063	6417726
	Spotted Gum	299048	6417673
	Spotted Gum	299037	6417613
	Spotted Gum	299072	6417637
	Spotted Gum	299070	6417650
	Spotted Gum	299124	6417667
	Spotted Gum	299121	6417650
	Spotted Gum	299097	6417618
	Spotted Gum	299078	6417578
	Spotted Gum	299070	6417549
	Spotted Gum	299157	6417454
	Spotted Gum	299140	6417439
	Spotted Gum	299136	6417430
Area D	Dead Stag	301031	6416697
	Dead Stag	301143	6416581
	Dead Stag	301100	6417072
	Grey Gum	301013	6416459
	Grey Gum	300994	6416432
	Grey Gum	301009	6416394
	Redgum	300995	6416438
	Redgum	300988	6416398
	Redgum	301154	6416538
	Spotted Gum	301055	6416668
	Spotted Gum	301076	6416589
	Spotted Gum	301080	6416582
	Spotted Gum	300990	6416479
	Spotted Gum	300958	6416393
	Spotted Gum	301007	6416445
	Spotted Gum	300996	6416442

Area	Species	Easting	Northing
Area D	Spotted Gum	301024	6416288
(Continued)	Spotted Gum	301115	6416396
	Spotted Gum	301113	6416427
	Spotted Gum	301126	6416620
	Spotted Gum	301218	6416853
	White/Grey Box	300991	6416428
	White/Grey Box	301012	6416368

January 2013

# APPENDIX 8

# SADDLERS CREEK AND MIDDLE DEEP CREEK FLORA AND FAUNA SURVEY REPORT

Mt Arthur Coal Open Cut Modification Ecological Assessment

# Saddlers Creek and Middle Deep Creek

Flora and Fauna Survey Report

By Hunter Eco

January 2013

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Saddlers Creek and Middle Deep Creek Flora and Fauna Survey Report

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# **1** Introduction

This is a report of the ecological attributes of three areas to determine whether all or part of these areas might be appropriate for offsetting habitat that would be lost through proceeding with the proposed Mt Arthur Coal Modification:

- Saddlers Creek East (35 hectares [ha]) located along Saddlers Creek;
- Saddlers Creek South (103 ha) located further down Saddlers Creek; and
- Middle Deep Creek (410 ha) located in the Timor district in the upper Hunter.

A map showing these locations is provided in **Figure 1**.

# 2 Field Survey Methods

Field data were collected from the three areas in June 2012 and September 2012 (Table 1).

#### Table 1 Field data collection times

Survey Area	Field Data Collection Dates
Saddlers Creek East	19/6/2012, 18/9/2012
Saddlers Creek South	19/6/2012
Middle Deep Creek	22/6/2012, 9-12/9/2012

## 2.1 Vegetation Communities and Flora

A vegetation map was prepared from ground-truthed point data, floristic plot data and ground-truthed community boundary determination. The applied methods were developed by, Bell and Driscoll NSW Department of Environment, and Climate Change (DECC) (2008). Ground-truthed vegetation data were collected during meanders through the study area. Vegetation community types were determined by matching floristic content of the ground-truthed data to the species provided in the Peake Hunter Remnant Vegetation Project (HRVP) (2006) classification.

Vegetation community classification would generally be supported by data collected from standard 20 metre square (0.04 ha) floristic plots in which all species were identified and their abundance given a score based on the modified Braun-Blanquet 1-6 scale. However, field work was conducted at times when a large number of plants were either not present or could not be identified. This was particularly the case for grasses with most species having no fertile material, but also applied to small flowering annual and perennial herbs.

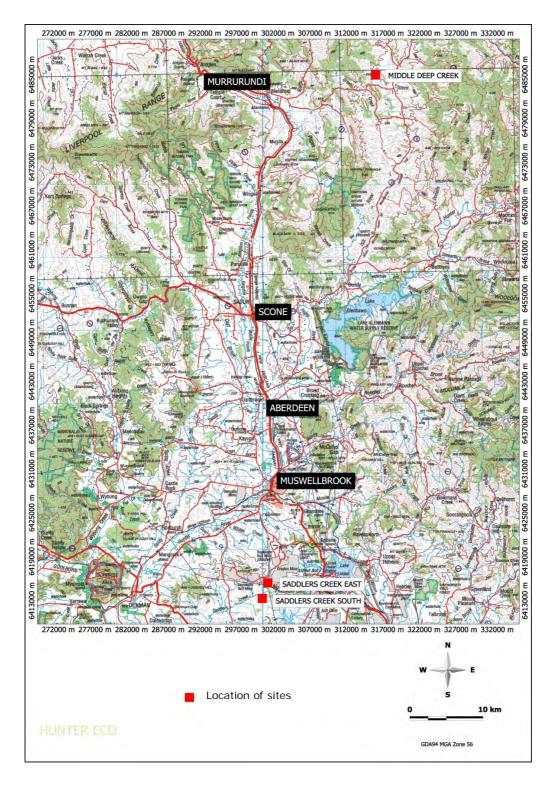


Figure 1 The location of sites

Rather than collect plot data, floristic lists were compiled for different vegetation types through the use of long meanders during which all species that could be were identified.

Data analysis was then conducted using hierarchical agglomerative clustering (Primer 6: Clarke and Gorley 2001) with presence only data input. Data from the floristic plots that were collected during the survey of the proposed Modification area were converted to presence only and comparison was made with data from the areas surveyed during this survey period.

## 2.2 Fauna

All birds seen and heard were recorded as well as all mammals and reptiles. Spotlighting was conducted on three nights at Middle Deep Creek with particular attention being given to areas with flowering eucalypts. Two camera traps were placed at Middle Deep Creek, one at a small pond and the other on an animal pathway, to record any passing wildlife. The cameras were left recording for three days and nights.

More detailed fauna investigation was not conducted at Saddlers Creek East because it was continuous with the habitat that had recently been subject of a fauna survey by Niche (2012). At Saddlers Creek South, the habitat was too sparse for a fauna survey to be useful.

## 2.3 Hollow Trees

The location (geographic coordinates using a hand-held global positioning system [GPS]) and species of all trees with habitat hollows was recorded in Saddlers Creek East. There were no such trees in Saddlers Creek South. At Middle Deep Creek, there were too many trees with habitat hollows to record in a reasonable time.

# 3 Field Survey Results

**Table 2** provides a summary of the species recorded in Saddlers Creek East and Middle Deep Creek during the survey. Detailed transects were not conducted across Saddlers Creek South because it consisted primarily of open grassland with a few scattered trees. The significant findings in that area were the Lobed Blue Grass (*Bothriochloa biloba*) (listed as Vulnerable under the Commonwealth *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act, 1999* [EPBC Act]) in the open grassland and a large stand of Weeping Myall (*Acacia pendula*) which is a component of the Endangered Population *Acacia pendula (a tree) in the Hunter Catchment* and the *Hunter Valley Weeping Myall Woodland of the Sydney Basin Bioregion* endangered ecological community (EEC), both of which are listed as threatened under the NSW *Threatened Species Conservation Act, 1994* (TSC Act). Flora and fauna species recorded within these areas are provided in **Appendices 1 and 2**.

Saddlers Creek East				
	Total Species	Exotic	Threatened Species listed under the TSC Act	
Flora				
Creekline habitat	54	20	0	
Grassy woodland habitat	51	13	0	
Combined habitats	82	24	0	
Fauna	_			
Birds	15	0	0	
Mammals	4	1	0	
Reptiles	1	0	0	
	Middle Deep Cr	reek		
Flora				
Drainage line habitat	41	7	0	
White Box habitat	41	5	0	
Blakely's Red Gum habitat	32	4	0	
Combined habitats	102	12	1	
Fauna				
Birds	64	0	7	
Mammals	12	6	2	
Reptiles	1	0	0	

#### Table 2 Summary of flora and fauna species recorded

# 3.1 Saddlers Creek East

The vegetation associated with the creek itself consisted of Hunter Lowland Redgum Forest (MU24) dominated by Forest Red Gum (*Eucalyptus tereticornis*) and Roughbarked Apple (*Angophora floribunda*) along with some localised Yellow Box (*Eucalyptus melliodora*), Blakely's Red Gum (*Eucalyptus blakelyi*) and Swamp Oak (*Casuarina glauca*). Small tree-covered areas adjoining the riparian habitat were dominated by hybrid White Box with the occasional Spotted Gum (*Corymbia maculata*), Yellow Box (*Eucalyptus melliodora*) and Narrow-leaved Ironbark (*Eucalyptus crebra*). *Eucalyptus tereticornis* occasionally extended in to these areas. At one location against the creekline there were a small number of Grey Box (*Eucalyptus moluccana*). Overall, these areas were considered to be representative of *Central Hunter Box – Ironbark Woodland* (MU10). The open grassland would probably have been derived from this (MU10). There was only one location near the riparian habitat that contained a few *Bothriochloa biloba* otherwise, the dominant grasses were *Aristida* spp. and *Austrostipa* spp.

Floristic details from the survey can be found in **Appendix 1** and site photographs can be seen in **Appendix 3**.

# 3.2 Saddlers Creek South

Saddlers Creek South had very little patch vegetation most of which contained hybrid White Box/Grey Box. The most significant patch consisted of what appeared to be *Acacia pendula* (non pendulous) (MU19), about 10 m tall and previously unrecorded (**Appendix 3**). There was also a patch of low regrowth with a similar *Acacia* spp. about 200 m away from the large group of trees. These two groups combined could be representative of the endangered population *Acacia pendula* (*a tree*) *in the Hunter catchment*, and the *Hunter Valley Weeping Myall Woodland of the Sydney Basin Bioregion* EEC listed under the TSC Act.

There were scattered patches of Lobed Blue Grass (*Bothriochloa biloba*) (listed as Vulnerable under the EPBC Act) across the open grassland of this area. Other grass species were Queensland Blue Grass (*Dichanthium sericeum*), *Aristida* spp., Western Rat-tail Grass (*Sporobolus creber*) and Yadbila Grass (*Panicum queenslandicum*).

# 3.3 Middle Deep Creek

Four vegetation communities were recorded within Middle Deep Creek:

- White Box grassy woodland (MU11);
- Blakely's Red Gum grassy woodland (MU11);
- Narrow incised drainage line habitat; and
- Derived native grassland (MU11).

In summary, the overall dominant tree species of White Box (*Eucalyptus albens*) and Blakely's Red Gum (*Eucalyptus blakelyi*) in grassy woodland were consistent with the following threatened ecological communities (TEC):

- White Box Yellow Box Blakely's Red Gum Woodland occurring within the NSW North Coast, New England Tableland, Nandewar, Brigalow Belt South, Sydney Basin, South Eastern Highlands and NSW South Western Slopes Bioregions listed as an EEC under the TSC Act.
- White Box Yellow Box Blakely's Red Gum Grassy Woodland and Derived Native Grassland listed as a critically endangered ecological community (CEEC) under the EPBC Act.

The narrow incised drainage line habitat was tightly restricted being only 5 – 10 m wide, was not present in all drainage lines and was mostly restricted to the upper drainage line. Occasionally, associated with this habitat were the canopy trees Rough-barked Apple (*Angophora floribunda*) and Thin-leaved Stringy-bark (*Eucalyptus eugenioides*). Three quarters of the land consisted of open grassland that contained varying amounts of *Aristida* species, Red Grass (*Bothriochloa decipiens*) (no Queensland Blue Grass [*Bothriochloa biloba*] was encountered) *Dichanthium sericeum*, Western Rat-tailed Grass (*Sporobolus creber*) and Plump Windmill Grass (*Chloris ventricosa*).

The surrounding woodland TEC habitat means that a large amount of the grassland would be consistent with the *White Box – Yellow Box – Blakely's Red Gum Grassy Woodland and Derived Native Grassland* TEC. **Figure 2** shows the vegetation mapped.

Thirteen Tiger Orchids (*Cymbidium canaliculatum*) were recorded, being part of the NSW listed *Endangered population of the orchid* Cymbidium canaliculatum *R. Br. in the Hunter Catchment* listed under the TSC Act. A search of data from the Atlas of NSW Wildlife from within a 10 km radius of Middle Deep Creek revealed that the Tiger Orchid was the only threatened flora species recorded.

Floristic details from the survey can be found in **Appendix 2** and photos of Middle Deep Creek can be found in Appendix 4..

The Atlas of NSW Wildlife, from within a 10 km radius of Middle Deep Creek (**Table 3**) reported 10 bird, three marsupial, one bat and one amphibian threatened species. Seven of the reported bird species and one of the marsupial species were recorded during the surveys. In addition the Grey-headed Flying-fox (*Pteropsis poliocephalus*) was recorded.

The threatened Squirrel Glider (*Petaurus norfocensis*) was found feeding in White Box blossom during spotlighting. The habitat appeared to be suitable for the threatened Brush-tailed Phascogale (*Phascogale penicillata*), Spotted-tailed Quoll (*Dasyurus maculatus*), Yellow-bellied Glider (*Petaurus australis*), and perhaps the Common Planigale (*Planigale maculata*).

Of the species listed in **Table 3** there was no suitable habitat for the Brush-tailed Rock Wallaby (*Petrogale penicillata*) and the Booroolong Frog (*Litoria booroolongensis*). The Little Eagle (*Hieraaetus morphnoides*) and Eastern Bent-wing Bat (*Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis*) could be found there along with other threatened insectivorous bats so far not recorded.

The White Box were flowering and had attracted flocks of Noisy Friarbird (*Philemon corniculatus*) and Musk Lorikeet (*Glossopsitta concinna*). This resource (as well as Blakely's Red Gum when in flower) could also attract the threatened Swift Parrot (*Lathamus discolor*) and Regent Honeyeater (*Anthochaera phrygia*). The woodland habitat was also suited to the Scarlet Robin (*Petroica boodang*) and Flame Robin (*Petroica phoenicea*).

Figure 2 shows the location of the recorded threatened species.

Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	NSW Status
	BIR	DS	
Accipitridae	Hieraaetus morphnoides	Little Eagle	V
Psittacidae	Glossopsitta pusilla	Little Lorikeet	V
Climacteridae	Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Brown Treecreeper (eastern subspecies)	V
Acanthizidae	Chthonicola sagittata	Speckled Warbler	V
Pomatostomidae	Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis	Grey-crowned Babbler (eastern subspecies)	V
Neosittidae	Daphoenositta chrysoptera	Varied Sittella	V
Petroicidae	Melanodryas cucullata cucullata	Hooded Robin (south- eastern form)	V
Petroicidae	Petroica boodang	Scarlet Robin	V
Petroicidae	Petroica phoenicea	Flame Robin	V
Estrildidae	Stagonopleura guttata	Diamond Firetail	V
	MARSU	PIALS	
Dasyuridae	Dasyurus maculatus	Spotted-tailed Quoll	V
Petauridae	Petaurus norfolcensis	Squirrel Glider	V
Macropodidae	Petrogale penicillata	Brush-tailed Rock- wallaby	E
	MICROCHIROF	PTERAN BATS	
Vespertilionidae	Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis	Eastern Bentwing-bat	V
	AMPHI	BIANS	
Hylidae	Litoria booroolongensis	Booroolong Frog	E

#### Table 3 Fauna records from within a 10 km radius of Middle Deep Creek

Source: Atlas of NSW Wildlife June 2012

Bold indicates species recorded at Middle Deep Creek

V = vulnerable and E = endangered

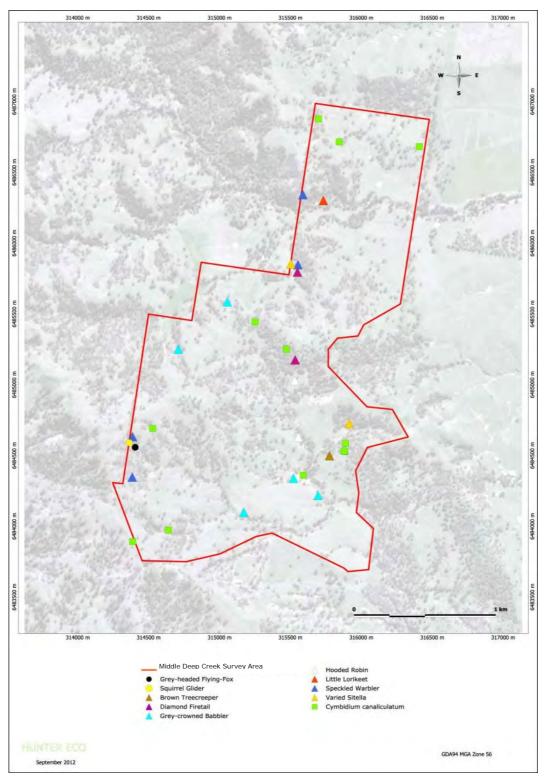


Figure 2 The location of threatened species recorded across the Middle Deep Creek survey area

# 3.4 Data Analysis

As described in Section 1, hierarchical agglomerative clustering was applied to presence only floristic data from:

- Saddlers Creek East;
- Middle Deep Creek;
- Proposed Modification Area D; and
- Combined data from box-gum habitat in proposed Modification Area B.

The Kulczynski similarity measure for presence absence data was used (Clarke and Gorley 2001). The aim was to determine whether the habitat in the current survey areas was similar to the habitat that is to be lost in the proposed Modification areas.

An examination of the resulting dendrogram (**Figure 3**) shows the following:

- At the coarsest level of the analysis (similarity 25), the Middle Deep Creek habitat was similar to habitat in proposed Modification areas B and D and these were different to Saddlers Creek East habitat;
- At a finer level (similarity 45) the two Middle Deep Creek woodland habitats were similar but different from the drainage line habitat. The two Modification Area D habitats were similar but different from the box-gum habitat in Modification Area B. The two habitats in Saddlers Creek East were similar but different to all others.

The data suggest that a reason for Saddlers Creek East showing as different to the other sampled vegetation is probably because Swamp Oak (*Casuarina glauca*), Yellow Box (*Eucalyptus melliodora*), Blakely's Red Gum (*Eucalyptus blakelyi*) and Narrow-leaved Iron-bark (*Eucalyptus crebra*) are present in that area and not in proposed Modification Area D. *Eucalyptus crebra* is present in Area D but was not recorded in sample plots from that area.

From this analysis it is reasonable to conclude that the habitat in the survey areas is similar to that in the proposed Modification Areas B and D.

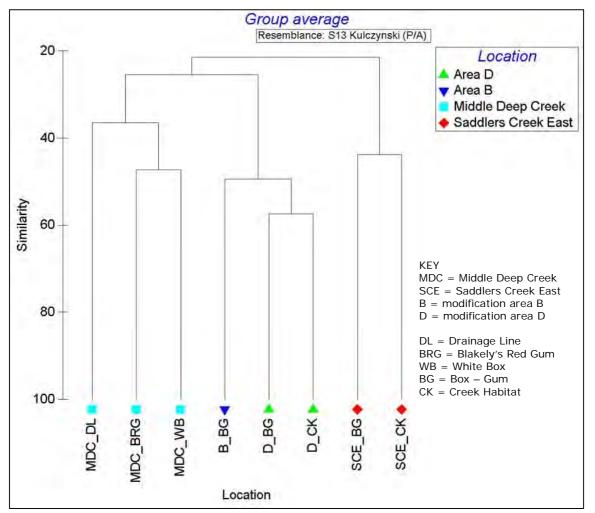


Figure 3 Dendrogram showing the similarity between sampled habitats

# 3.5 Vegetation Communities

Based on a floristic comparison with the community profiles provided in Peake (2006) Table 4 shows the communities mapped in the survey areas. **Figures 4** and **5** provide vegetation maps of Saddlers Creek and Middle Deep Creek.

#### **Table 4 Vegetation communities**

Community	Area (ha)	
Saddlers Creek East and South		
MU10 Central Hunter Box - Ironbark Woodland <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>	7	
MU10 Central Hunter Box - Ironbark Woodland (Derived grassland) <sup>2, 3</sup>	120	
MU19 Hunter Valley Weeping Myall Woodland <sup>4</sup>	0.40	
MU24 Hunter Lowlands Redgum Forest <sup>5</sup>	11	
Middle Deep Creek		
MU11 Upper Hunter White Box – Ironbark Grassy Woodland (White Box dominant) <sup>2, 3</sup>	74	
MU11 Upper Hunter White Box – Ironbark Grassy Woodland (Blakely's Red Gum dominant) <sup>2, 3</sup>	29	
MU11 Upper Hunter White Box – Ironbark Grassy Woodland (Derived grassland) <sup>2, 3</sup>	307	

<sup>1</sup> NSW EEC Central Hunter Grey Box – Ironbark Woodland in the New South Wales North Coast and Sydney Basin Bioregions

<sup>2</sup> NSW EEC White Box Yellow Box Blakely's Red Gum Woodland

 $^{3}$  Commonwealth CEEC White Box – Yellow Box – Blakely's Red Gum Grassy Woodland and Derived Native Grassland

<sup>4</sup> NSW EEC Hunter Valley Weeping Myall Woodland of the Sydney Basin Bioregion

<sup>5</sup> NSW EEC Hunter Lowland Red Gum Forest in the Sydney Basin and New South Wales North Coast Bioregions

#### MU10 Central Hunter Box - Ironbark Woodland

A small amount of this community was present in Saddlers Creek East. It was dominated by White Box (*Eucalyptus albens*) along with some Narrow-leaved Ironbark (*Eucalyptus crebra*). **Appendix 3** provides floristic details.

#### MU11 Upper Hunter White Box – Ironbark Grassy Woodland

Recorded only in Middle Deep Creek, there was no ironbark present but in most other respects the content matched the formal profile. As **Figure 5** shows, the community was readily subdivided into areas clearly dominated by a canopy of White Box (*Eucalyptus albens*) and areas dominated by Blakely's Red Gum (*Eucalyptus blakelyi*). **Appendix 2** provides floristic details.

#### MU19 Hunter Valley Weeping Myall Woodland

Recorded in Saddlers Creek South and consisted of about 40 large trees of the nonpendulous form of the Hunter *Acacia pendula* group. There was a considerable amount of suckering regrowth that included a smaller patch about 200 m from the main patch.

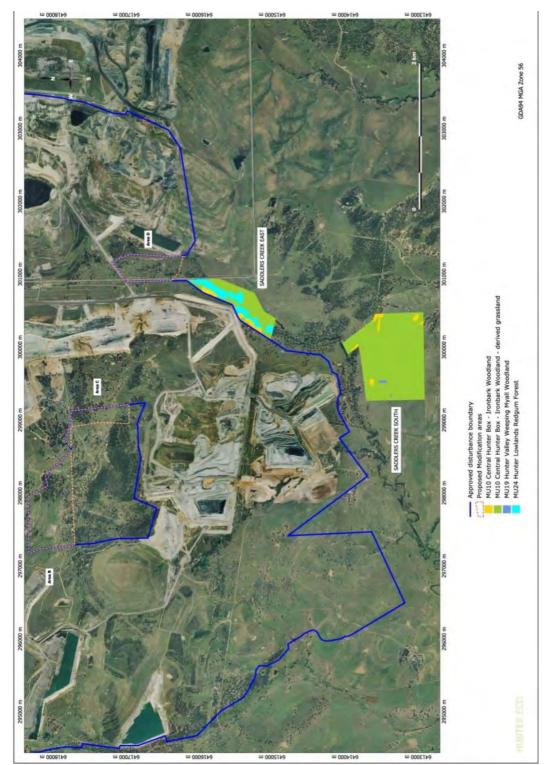


Figure 4 The vegetation mapped across Saddlers Creek survey areas

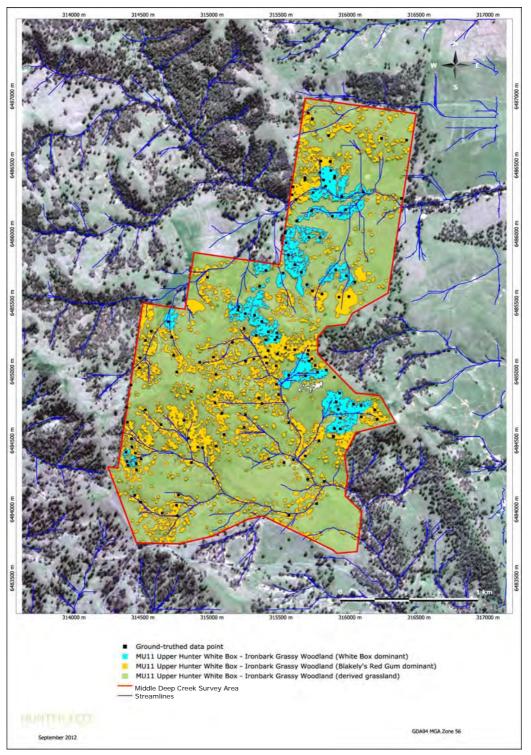


Figure 5 The vegetation mapped across the Middle Deep Creek survey area

#### MU24 Hunter Lowlands Red Gum Forest

This community in Saddlers Creek East was a continuation of the same community within proposed Modification Area D. The main canopy species were Forest Red Gum (*Eucalyptus tereticornis*) and Rough-barked Apple (*Angophora floribunda*); there were also a number of Yellow Box (*Eucalyptus melliodora*). **Appendix 1** provides further floristic detail.

### 3.6 Habitat Condition

Apart from the obvious fact of long-term clearing and grazing, there were areas that will benefit from targeted rehabilitation:

Saddlers Creek East has a heavily eroded area of about 3 ha (**Figure 6** and **Appendix 3**). There are also a number of weeds needing to be controlled, in particular Mother of Millions (*Bryophyllum* sp.) and African Boxthorn (*Lycium ferocissimum*), both of which are declared noxious weeds in the Upper Hunter County Council control area.

Middle Deep Creek also has heavily eroded areas totalling over 5 ha (**Figure 7** and **Appendix 4**). While there are a number of weed species present, Sweet briar (*Rosa rubiginosa*) is a declared noxious weed needing to be kept under control. This plant is common but not rampant and a targeted spraying program should substantially reduce its numbers.

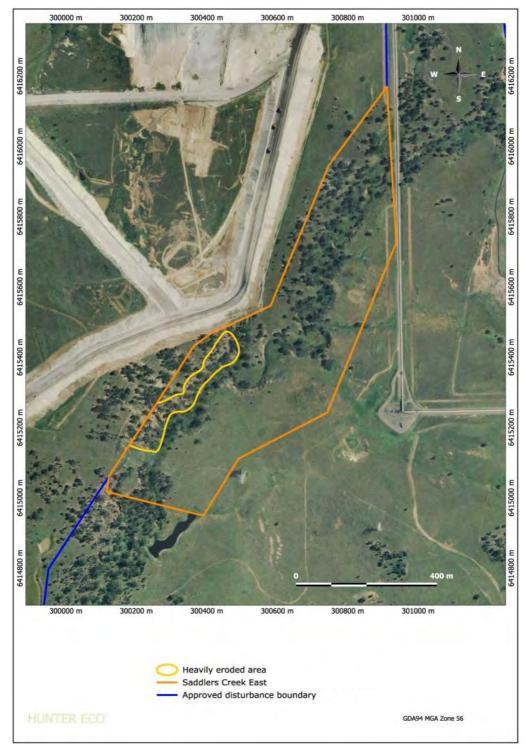


Figure 6 Location of heavily eroded areas in Saddlers Creek East

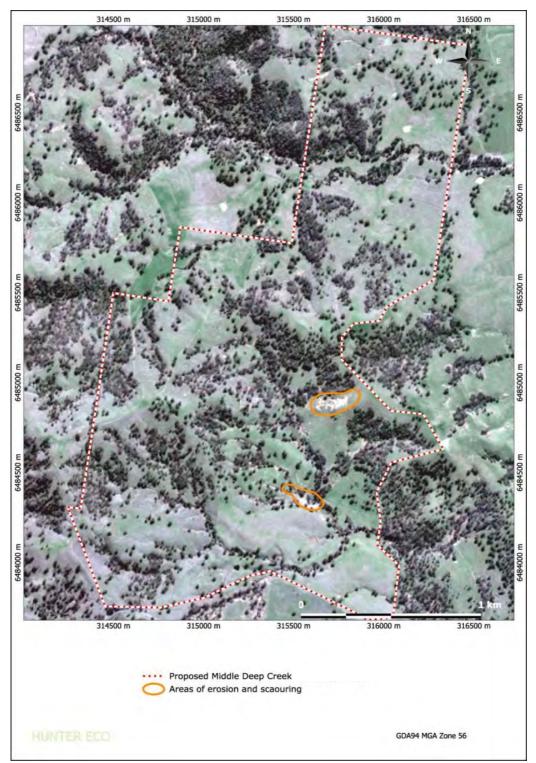


Figure 7 Location of heavily eroded areas in Middle Deep Creek

# 4 Conclusion

In combination, the habitat in the survey areas has been shown to be similar in most respects to that which would be lost if the proposed Mt Arthur Coal Modification were to proceed. The respective habitats are similar both in terms of vegetation communities described in the regional classification of Peake (2006) and their equivalent NSW State and Commonwealth threatened ecological communities. Middle Deep Creek contains several threatened bird and mammal species and significant representation of the Hunter Valley Tiger Orchid endangered population.

Over 75% of the survey areas consisted of derived native grassland, cleared of canopy, and subjected to long-term grazing. Implementation of an appropriate management plan would result in a significant increase in habitat quality and faunal diversity as woodland regenerated.

# **5** References

Department of Environment and Climate Change (2008) *Vegetation of the Cessnock-Kurri Region, Survey, Classification & Mapping, Cessnock LGA, New South Wales,* Department of Environment and Climate Change (NSW), Sydney.

Niche Environment and Heritage (2012) Mount Arthur Coal Fauna Survey Report.

Peake, T.C. (2006). The Vegetation of the Central Hunter Valley, New South Wales. A report on the findings of the Hunter Remnant Vegetation Project. Hunter–Central Rivers Catchment Management Authority, Paterson.

# Appendix 1 Saddlers Creek East Flora and Fauna Details

## Saddlers Creek East Creekline Meander Flora Species

Aizoaceae	Moraceae
*Galenia pubescens	Ficus rubiginosa
Asclepiadaceae	Myoporaceae
*Gomphocarpus fruticosus	Myoporum montanum
*Gomphocarpus physocarpus	Myrtaceae
Asteraceae	Angophora floribunda
*Cirsium vulgare	Corymbia maculata
*Senecio madagascariensis	Eucalyptus albens
*Taraxacum officinale	Eucalyptus melliodora
*Xanthium occidentale	Eucalyptus moluccana
Cassinia quinquefaria	Eucalyptus tereticornis
Cactaceae	Oleaceae
*Opuntia stricta	Notelaea microcarpa
Campanulaceae	Plantaginaceae
Wahlenbergia communis	*Plantago lanceolata
Wahlenbergia luteola	Poaceae
Casuarinaceae	*Cynodon dactylon
Casuarina glauca	*Lolium perenne
Chenopodiaceae	*Pennisetum clandestinum
Maireana microphylla	Austrostipa verticillata
Chloanthaceae	Bothriochloa decipiens
Spartothamnella juncea	Chloris ventricosa
Crassulaceae	Cymbopogon refractus
*Bryophyllum delagoense	Phragmites australis
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Primulaceae
Acacia salicina	*Anagallis arvensis
Gentianaceae	Ranunculaceae
*Centaurium erythraea	Clematis glycinoides
Geraniaceae	Rosaceae
Geranium solanderi	Rubus moluccanus
Juncaceae	Rubiaceae
*Juncus acutus	Asperula conferta
Linaceae	Psydrax odorata
*Linum trigynum	Santalaceae
Linum marginale	Exocarpos cupressiformis
Lomandraceae	Solanaceae
Lomandra longifolia	*Lycium ferocissimum
Lomandra multiflora	Sterculiaceae

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Luzuriagaceae	Brachychiton populneus
Geitonoplesium cymosum	Typhaceae
Malvaceae	Typha orientalis
*Sida rhombifolia	Verbenaceae
Sida corrugata	*Verbena bonariensis

## Saddlers Creek East Grassy Woodland Flora Species

Adiantaceae	Myrtaceae
Cheilanthes sieberi	Corymbia maculata
Aizoaceae	Eucalyptus blakelyi
*Galenia pubescens	Eucalyptus crebra
Anthericaceae	Eucalyptus punctata
Caesia parviflora	Eucalyptus tereticornis
Asteraceae	Oleaceae
*Cirsium vulgare	Notelaea microcarpa
*Senecio madagascariensis	Phormiaceae
*Xanthium occidentale	Dianella tasmanica
Cassinia quinquefaria	Pittosporaceae
Chrysocephalum apiculatum	Bursaria spinosa
Cymbonotus lawsonianus	Plantaginaceae
Bignoniaceae	*Plantago lanceolata
Pandorea pandorana	Plantago gaudichaudii
Chenopodiaceae	Poaceae
Maireana microphylla	*Briza minor
Chloanthaceae	*Chloris gayana
Spartothamnella juncea	*Hyparrhenia hirta
Convolvulaceae	*Pennisetum clandestinum
Dichondra repens	Austrodanthonia fulva
Euphorbiaceae	Austrostipa setacea
Breynia oblongifolia	Austrostipa verticillata
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Elymus scaber
Hardenbergia violacea	Panicum queenslandicum
Swainsona galegifolia	Sporobolus creber
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Themeda australis
Acacia falcata	Primulaceae
Linaceae	*Anagallis arvensis
Linum marginale	Ranunculaceae
Lomandraceae	Clematis glycinoides
Lomandra confertifolia	Solanaceae
Lomandra longifolia	*Cestrum aurantiacum
Lomandra multiflora	*Lycium ferocissimum

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Malvaceae	Sterculiaceae
*Sida rhombifolia	Brachychiton populneus
Sida corrugata	Thymelaeaceae
Myoporaceae	Pimelea linifolia
Myoporum montanum	

### Saddlers Creek East Combined Floristic List

Adiantaceae	Myoporaceae
Cheilanthes sieberi	Myoporum montanum
Aizoaceae	Myrtaceae
*Galenia pubescens	Angophora floribunda
Anthericaceae	Corymbia maculata
Caesia parviflora	Eucalyptus albens
Asclepiadaceae	Eucalyptus blakelyi
*Gomphocarpus fruticosus	Eucalyptus crebra
*Gomphocarpus physocarpus	Eucalyptus melliodora
Asteraceae	Eucalyptus moluccana
*Cirsium vulgare	Eucalyptus punctata
*Senecio madagascariensis	Eucalyptus tereticornis
*Taraxacum officinale	Oleaceae
*Xanthium occidentale	Notelaea microcarpa
Cassinia quinquefaria	Phormiaceae
Chrysocephalum apiculatum	Dianella tasmanica
Cymbonotus lawsonianus	Pittosporaceae
Bignoniaceae	Bursaria spinosa
Pandorea pandorana	Plantaginaceae
Cactaceae	*Plantago lanceolata
*Opuntia stricta	Plantago gaudichaudii
Campanulaceae	Poaceae
Wahlenbergia communis	*Briza minor
Wahlenbergia luteola	*Chloris gayana
Casuarinaceae	*Cynodon dactylon
Casuarina glauca	*Hyparrhenia hirta
Chenopodiaceae	*Lolium perenne
Maireana microphylla	*Pennisetum clandestinum
Chloanthaceae	Austrodanthonia fulva
Spartothamnella juncea	Austrostipa setacea
Convolvulaceae	Austrostipa verticillata
Dichondra repens	Bothriochloa decipiens
Crassulaceae	Chloris ventricosa
*Bryophyllum delagoense	Cymbopogon refractus

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Euphorbiaceae	Elymus scaber
Breynia oblongifolia	Panicum queenslandicum
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Phragmites australis
Hardenbergia violacea	Sporobolus creber
Swainsona galegifolia	Themeda australis
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Primulaceae
Acacia falcata	*Anagallis arvensis
Acacia salicina	Ranunculaceae
Gentianaceae	Clematis glycinoides
*Centaurium erythraea	Rosaceae
Geraniaceae	Rubus moluccanus
Geranium solanderi	Rubiaceae
Juncaceae	Asperula conferta
*Juncus acutus	Psydrax odorata
Linaceae	Santalaceae
*Linum trigynum	Exocarpos cupressiformis
Linum marginale	Solanaceae
Lomandraceae	*Cestrum aurantiacum
Lomandra confertifolia	*Lycium ferocissimum
Lomandra longifolia	Sterculiaceae
Lomandra multiflora	Brachychiton populneus
Luzuriagaceae	Thymelaeaceae
Geitonoplesium cymosum	Pimelea linifolia
Malvaceae	Typhaceae
*Sida rhombifolia	Typha orientalis
Sida corrugata	Verbenaceae
Moraceae	*Verbena bonariensis
Ficus rubiginosa	

## Saddlers Creek East Fauna Species

Birds	Mammals and Reptiles
Accipitridae	Leporidae
Black-shouldered Kite	Rabbit
Elanus axillaris	*Oryctolagus cuniculus
Artamidae	Macropodidae
Australian Magpie	Eastern Grey Kangaroo
Gymnorhina tibicen	Macropus giganteus
Grey Butcherbird	Phalangeridae
Cracticus torquatus	Common Brushtail Possum
Cacatuidae	Trichosurus vulpecula
Galah	Tachyglossidae
Cacatua roseicapilla	Echidna
Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	Tachyglossus aculeatus
Cacatua galerita	Varanidae
Corvidae	Lace Monitor
Australian Raven	Varanus varius
Corvus coronoides	
Falconidae	
Nankeen Kestrel	
Falco cenchroides	
Halcyonidae	
Laughing Kookaburra	
Dacelo novaeguineae	_
Hirundinidae	
Welcome Swallow	
Hirundo neoxena	_
Maluridae	_
Superb Fairy-wren	
Malurus cyaneus	
Meliphagidae	
Noisy Miner	
Manorina melanocephala	
Pardalotidae	
Striated Pardalote	
Pardalotus striatus	
Phasianidae	
Brown Quail	
Coturnix ypsilophora	
Psittacidae	
Australian King-Parrot	
Alisterus scapularis	
Eastern Rosella	
Platycercus eximius	

Species	Easting	Northing		Species	Easting	Northing
Dead Stag	300914	6415975		Eucalyptus albens	300296	6415268
	300913	6416083	ļ		300316	6415262
	300286	6415029	Į		300320	6415255
	300277	6415027			300336	6415242
Eucalyptus albens	300884	6415909			300458	6415393
	300913	6415955			300459	6415411
	300850	6415947			300473	6415418
	300845	6415940			300487	6415460
	300839	6415914			300471	6415469
	300808	6415869		Eucalyptus blakelyi	300215	6415087
	300746	6415785			300412	6415375
	300755	6415665		Eucalyptus crebra	300664	6415623
	300766	6415714		Eucalyptus melliodora	300778	6415806
	300768	6415697			300739	6415732
	300762	6415601			300746	6415719
	300724	6415526		Eucalyptus punctata	300901	6416077
	300725	6415517		Eucalyptus tereticornis	300910	6416093
	300716	6415517			300811	6416038
	300708	6415403			300778	6415922
	300632	6415415			300759	6415847
	300404	6415291			300780	6415823
	300392	6415281			300731	6415785
	300382	6415281			300697	6415785
	300403	6415251			300712	6415752
	300410	6415231			300707	6415718
	300384	6415242			300680	6415700
	300382	6415229			300669	6415672
	300387	6415214			300672	6415653
	300382	6415212			300678	6415631
	300374	6415203			300693	6415639
	300311	6415197			300721	6415661
	300308	6415193			300743	6415653
	300302	6415194			300781	6415669
	300300	6415192			300755	6415634
	300301	6415176			300694	6415486
	300263	6415066			300736	6415485
	300198	6415185			300740	6415418
	300233	6415175			300745	6415379
	300253	6415163			300742	6415387

# Saddlers Creek East Habitat Hollow Trees Species and Location Coordinates

Eucalyptus albens	300260	6415162	Eucalyptus tereticornis	300434	6415322
	300251	6415179		300313	6415208
	300220	6415194		300284	6415148
	300218	6415207		300267	6415064
	300232	6415244		300319	6415250
	300285	6415237		300370	6415299
	300301	6415261		300475	6415414

# Appendix 2 Middle Deep Creek Flora and Fauna Details

#### Middle Deep Creek Drainage Line Meander Floristic List

Adiantaceae	Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)
Adiantum aethiopicum	Acacia paradoxa
Cheilanthes sieberi	Geraniaceae
Pellaea falcata var. falcata	Geranium solanderi
Apiaceae	Lomandraceae
Daucus glochidiatus	Lomandra confertifolia
Asteraceae	Lomandra filiformis subsp. coriacea
*Bidens pilosa	Luzuriagaceae
*Cirsium vulgare	Eustrephus latifolius
*Conyza sp.	Geitonoplesium cymosum
*Euchiton involucratus	Myrtaceae
*Taraxacum officinale	Eucalyptus albens
Cassinia quinquefaria	Eucalyptus blakelyi
Sigesbeckia australiensis	Oleaceae
Sigesbeckia orientalis subsp.	
orientalis	Notelaea microcarpa
Bignoniaceae	Orchidaceae
Pandorea pandorana	Pterostylis pedunculata
Cactaceae	Oxalidaceae
*Opuntia stricta	Oxalis chnoodes
Campanulaceae	Pittosporaceae
Wahlenbergia communis	Bursaria spinosa
Convolvulaceae	Poaceae
Dichondra repens	Poa sp.
Cyperaceae	Primulaceae
Cyperus sphaeroideus	*Anagallis arvensis
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Ranunculaceae
Desmodium brachypodum	Clematis glycinoides var. glycinoides
Desmodium gunnii	Rosaceae
Desmodium varians	Rubus parvifolius
Glycine clandestina	
Glycine microphylla	
Glycine tabacina	
Hardenbergia violacea	
Trifolium sp.	
* Denotes introduced species	

\* Denotes introduced species

# Middle Deep Creek White Box Meander Floristic List

Аріасеае	Lomandraceae
Centella asiatica	Lomandra confertifolia
Asphodelaceae	Lomandra filiformis subsp. filiformis
Bulbine bulbosa	Lomandra multiflora
Asteraceae	Myrtaceae
*Cirsium vulgare	Eucalyptus albens
*Conyza sp.	Oleaceae
Brachyscome microcarpa	Notelaea microcarpa
Cassinia quinquefaria	Oxalidaceae
Helichrysum scorpioides	Oxalis chnoodes
Leptorhynchos squamatus subsp. A	Pittosporaceae
Olearia elliptica	Bursaria spinosa
Colchicaceae	Poaceae
Burchardia umbellata	*Hordeum leporinum
Wurmbea biglandulosa	Aristida ramosa
Convolvulaceae	Chloris ventricosa
Convolvulus erubescens	Cymbopogon refractus
Dichondra repens	Dichelachne crinita
Epacridaceae	Panicum queenslandicum
Melichrus urceolatus	Primulaceae
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	*Anagallis arvensis
Glycine microphylla	Ranunculaceae
Glycine tabacina	Ranunculus lappaceus
Templetonia stenophylla	Rhamnaceae
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Cryptandra spinescens
Acacia decora	Rubiaceae
Acacia paradoxa	Asperula conferta
Geraniaceae	Thymelaeaceae
Geranium solanderi	Pimelea curviflora
Lamiaceae	Pimelea linifolia
*Salvia verbenaca	
Mentha satureioides	

Adiantaceae	Lomandraceae
Cheilanthes sieberi	Lomandra confertifolia
Asteraceae	Lomandra filiformis subsp. coriacea
*Bidens pilosa	Lomandra multiflora
*Cirsium vulgare	Myrtaceae
*Conyza sp.	Eucalyptus blakelyi
Cassinia quinquefaria	Oleaceae
Chrysocephalum apiculatum	Notelaea microcarpa
Glossocardia bidens	Oxalidaceae
Clusiaceae	Oxalis sp.
Hypericum gramineum	Phormiaceae
Convolvulaceae	Dianella longifolia
Dichondra repens	Poaceae
Epacridaceae	Aristida ramosa
Melichrus urceolatus	Austrostipa verticillata
Euphorbiaceae	Bothriochloa decipiens
Poranthera microphylla	Chloris ventricosa
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Cymbopogon refractus
Glycine tabacina	Dichanthium sericeum
Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Eragrostis sp.
Acacia paradoxa	Panicum effusum
Geraniaceae	Panicum queenslandicum
Geranium solanderi	Primulaceae
Lamiaceae	*Anagallis arvensis
Mentha satureioides	

# Middle Deep Creek Blakely's Red Gum Meander Floristic List

\* Denotes introduced species

# Middle Deep Creek Combined Floristic List

Adiantaceae	Geraniaceae
Adiantum aethiopicum	Geranium solanderi
Cheilanthes sieberi	Lamiaceae
Pellaea falcata var. falcata	*Salvia verbenaca
Apiaceae	Ajuga australis
Centella asiatica	Mentha satureioides
Daucus glochidiatus	Lomandraceae
Asphodelaceae	Lomandra confertifolia
Bulbine bulbosa	Lomandra filiformis subsp. coriacea
Asteraceae	Lomandra filiformis subsp. filiformis
*Bidens pilosa	Lomandra multiflora
*Cirsium vulgare	Luzuriagaceae
*Conyza sp.	Eustrephus latifolius
*Euchiton involucratus	Geitonoplesium cymosum
*Senecio madagascariensis	Myrtaceae
*Taraxacum officinale	Angophora floribunda
Brachyscome microcarpa	Eucalyptus albens
Cassinia quinquefaria	Eucalyptus blakelyi
Chrysocephalum apiculatum	Eucalyptus eugenioides
Cymbonotus lawsonianus	Oleaceae
Glossocardia bidens	Notelaea microcarpa
Helichrysum scorpioides	Orchidaceae
Leptorhynchos squamatus subsp. A	Cymbidium canaliculatum
Olearia elliptica	Pterostylis pedunculata
Sigesbeckia australiensis	Oxalidaceae
Sigesbeckia orientalis subsp. orientalis	Oxalis chnoodes
Triptilodicus pygmaeus	Oxalis sp.
Bignoniaceae	Phormiaceae
Pandorea pandorana	Dianella longifolia
Cactaceae	Pittosporaceae
*Opuntia stricta	Bursaria spinosa
Campanulaceae	Poaceae
Wahlenbergia communis	*Hordeum leporinum
Wahlenbergia luteola	*Lolium perenne
Chenopodiaceae	Aristida ramosa
Maireana microphylla	Austrostipa verticillata
Clusiaceae	Bothriochloa decipiens
Hypericum gramineum	Chloris ventricosa
Colchicaceae	Cymbopogon refractus

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Burchardia umbellata	Dichanthium sericeum
Wurmbea biglandulosa	Dichelachne crinita
Convolvulaceae	Eragrostis sp.
Convolvulus erubescens	Imperata cylindrica
Dichondra repens	Panicum effusum
Cupressaceae	Panicum queenslandicum
Callitris endlicheri	Poa sp.
Callitris glaucophylla	Sporobolus creber
Cyperaceae	Primulaceae
Cyperus sphaeroideus	*Anagallis arvensis
Epacridaceae	Ranunculaceae
Melichrus urceolatus	Clematis glycinoides var. glycinoides
Euphorbiaceae	Ranunculus lappaceus
Poranthera microphylla	Rhamnaceae
Fabaceae (Faboideae)	Cryptandra amara var. longiflora
Daviesia genistifolia	Cryptandra spinescens
Desmodium brachypodum	Rosaceae
Desmodium gunnii	Rubus parvifolius
Desmodium gunnii Desmodium varians	Rubus parvifolius Rubiaceae
Desmodium varians	Rubiaceae
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina	Rubiaceae       *Sherardia arvensis
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina Glycine microphylla	Rubiaceae         *Sherardia arvensis         Asperula conferta
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina Glycine microphylla Glycine tabacina	Rubiaceae         *Sherardia arvensis         Asperula conferta         Sapindaceae
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina Glycine microphylla Glycine tabacina Hardenbergia violacea	Rubiaceae         *Sherardia arvensis         Asperula conferta         Sapindaceae         Dodonaea viscosa subsp. angustifolia
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina Glycine microphylla Glycine tabacina Hardenbergia violacea Pultenaea microphylla	Rubiaceae         *Sherardia arvensis         Asperula conferta         Sapindaceae         Dodonaea viscosa subsp. angustifolia         Thymelaeaceae
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina Glycine microphylla Glycine tabacina Hardenbergia violacea Pultenaea microphylla Swainsona galegifolia	Rubiaceae         *Sherardia arvensis         Asperula conferta         Sapindaceae         Dodonaea viscosa subsp. angustifolia         Thymelaeaceae         Pimelea curviflora
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina Glycine microphylla Glycine tabacina Hardenbergia violacea Pultenaea microphylla Swainsona galegifolia Swainsona parviflora	Rubiaceae         *Sherardia arvensis         Asperula conferta         Sapindaceae         Dodonaea viscosa subsp. angustifolia         Thymelaeaceae         Pimelea curviflora         Pimelea linifolia
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina Glycine microphylla Glycine tabacina Hardenbergia violacea Pultenaea microphylla Swainsona galegifolia Swainsona parviflora Templetonia stenophylla	Rubiaceae         *Sherardia arvensis         Asperula conferta         Sapindaceae         Dodonaea viscosa subsp. angustifolia         Thymelaeaceae         Pimelea curviflora         Pimelea linifolia         Violaceae
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina Glycine microphylla Glycine tabacina Hardenbergia violacea Pultenaea microphylla Swainsona galegifolia Swainsona parviflora Templetonia stenophylla Trifolium sp.	Rubiaceae         *Sherardia arvensis         Asperula conferta         Sapindaceae         Dodonaea viscosa subsp. angustifolia         Thymelaeaceae         Pimelea curviflora         Pimelea linifolia         Violaceae
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina Glycine microphylla Glycine tabacina Hardenbergia violacea Pultenaea microphylla Swainsona galegifolia Swainsona parviflora Templetonia stenophylla Trifolium sp. Fabaceae (Mimosoideae)	Rubiaceae         *Sherardia arvensis         Asperula conferta         Sapindaceae         Dodonaea viscosa subsp. angustifolia         Thymelaeaceae         Pimelea curviflora         Pimelea linifolia         Violaceae
Desmodium varians Glycine clandestina Glycine microphylla Glycine tabacina Hardenbergia violacea Pultenaea microphylla Swainsona galegifolia Swainsona parviflora Templetonia stenophylla Trifolium sp. Fabaceae (Mimosoideae) Acacia decora	Rubiaceae         *Sherardia arvensis         Asperula conferta         Sapindaceae         Dodonaea viscosa subsp. angustifolia         Thymelaeaceae         Pimelea curviflora         Pimelea linifolia         Violaceae

\* Denotes introduced species

# Middle Deep Creek Bird Species

Assinitridas	Moliphogidae cont
Accipitridae	Meliphagidae cont.
Wedge-tailed Eagle	Scarlet Honeyeater
Aquila audax	Myzomela sanguinolenta
Aegothelidae	White-naped Honeyeater
Australian Owlet-nightjar	Melithreptus lunatus
Aegotheles cristatus	White-plumed Honeyeater
Anatidae	Lichenostomus penicillatus
Australian Wood Duck	Yellow-faced Honeyeater
Chenonetta jubata	Lichenostomus chrysops
Grey Teal	Meropidae
Anas gracilis	Rainbow Bee-eater
Artamidae	Merops ornatus
Australian Magpie	Neosittidae
Gymnorhina tibicen	Varied Sittella V-TSCAct
Dusky Woodswallow	Daphoenositta chrysoptera
Artamus cyanopterus	Oriolidae
Grey Butcherbird	Olive-backed Oriole
Cracticus torquatus	Oriolus sagittatus
Pied Butcherbird	Pachycephalidae
Cracticus nigrogularis	Grey Shrike-thrush
Pied Currawong	Colluricincla harmonica
Strepera graculina	Rufous Whistler
White-browed Woodswallow	Pachycephala rufiventris
Artamus superciliosus	Pardalotidae
Cacatuidae	Brown Gerygone
Galah	Gerygone mouki
Cacatua roseicapilla	Speckled Warbler V-TSCAct
Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	Chthonicola sagittata
Cacatua galerita	Spotted Pardalote
Campephagidae	Pardalotus punctatus
Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike	Striated Pardalote
Coracina novaehollandiae	Pardalotus striatus
Climacteridae	Striated Thornbill
Brown Treecreeper (eastern subspecies) V-TSCAct	Acanthiza lineata
Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Weebill
White-throated Treecreeper	Smicrornis brevirostris
Cormobates leucophaeus	White-throated Gerygone
Columbidae	Gerygone olivacea
Brush Bronzewing	Yellow-rumped Thornbill

Phaps elegans	Acanthiza chrysorrhoa
Crested Pigeon	Passeridae
Ocyphaps lophotes	Diamond Firetail V-TSCAct
Corcoracidae	Stagonopleura guttata
White-winged Chough	Double-barred Finch
Corcorax melanorhamphos	Taeniopygia bichenovii
Corvidae	Petroicidae
Australian Raven	Eastern Yellow Robin
Corvus coronoides	Eopsaltria australis
Dicaeidae	Hooded Robin V-TSCAct
Mistletoebird	Melanodryas cucullata
Dicaeum hirundinaceum	Jacky Winter
Dicruridae	Microeca fascinans
Grey Fantail	Podargidae
Rhipidura fuliginosa	Tawny Frogmouth
Magpie-lark	Podargus strigoides
Grallina cyanoleuca	Podicipedidae
Restless Flycatcher	Australasian Grebe
Myiagra inquieta	Tachybaptus novaehollandiae
Satin Flycatcher	Pomatostomidae
Myiagra cyanoleuca	Grey-crowned Babbler (eastern subspecies) V-TSCAct
Willie Wagtail	Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis
Rhipidura leucophrys	Psittacidae
Halcyonidae	Australian King-Parrot
Laughing Kookaburra	Alisterus scapularis
Dacelo novaeguineae	Crimson Rosella
Maluridae	Platycercus elegans
Superb Fairy-wren	Eastern Rosella
Malurus cyaneus	Platycercus eximius
Meliphagidae	Little Lorikeet V-TSCAct
Brown-headed Honeyeater	Glossopsitta pusilla
Melithreptus brevirostris	Musk Lorikeet
Fuscous Honeyeater	Glossopsitta concinna
Lichenostomus fuscus	Strigidae
Noisy Friarbird	Southern Boobook
Philemon corniculatus	Ninox novaeseelandiae
Noisy Miner	Tytonidae
Manorina melanocephala	Barn Owl
Red Wattlebird	Tyto alba
Anthochaera carnunculata	

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# Middle Deep Creek Mammal and Reptile Species

MAMMALS
Canidae
Dog
*Canis lupus familiaris
Fox
*Vulpes vulpes
Cervidae
Sambar Deer
*Cervus unicolor
Leporidae
European Brown Hare
*Lepus sp.
Rabbit
*Oryctolagus cuniculus
Macropodidae
Common Wallaroo
Macropus robustus
Eastern Grey Kangaroo
Macropus giganteus
Red-necked Wallaby
Macropus rufogriseus
Petauridae
Squirrel Glider V-TSC Act
Petaurus norfolcensis
Phalangeridae
Common Brushtail Possum
Trichosurus vulpecula
Pteropodidae
Grey-headed Flying-fox V-TSC Act
Pteropus poliocephalus
Suidae
Pig
*Sus scrofa
REPTILES
Agamidae
Bearded Dragon
Pogona barbata
* Depotes introduced species

\* Denotes introduced species



# Appendix 3 Saddlers Creek Site Photographs

Saddlers Creek East creekline habitat



Saddlers Creek East erosion



Saddlers Creek South Weeping Myall Woodland stand and surrounding grassland

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# Appendix 4 Middle Deep Creek site photographs



White Box Grassy Woodland



Blakely's Red Gum Grassy Woodland

Saddlers Creek and Middle Deep Creek Flora and Fauna Survey Report



Incised drainage line habitat





Eroded hillside