PRELIMINARY RESULTS

28 August 2003

Chip Goodyear Chief Executive Officer

Chris Lynch Chief Financial Officer



PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Chip Goodyear Chief Executive Officer



Highlights – year ended 30 June 2003

- **HSEC** performance indicators continue to improve.
- EBITDA up 9% to US\$5,129 million and EBIT up 12% to US\$3,481 million.
- Attributable profit of US\$1,920 million and earnings per share of 30.9 US cents.
- Available cashflow remained strong at US\$3,590 million.
- Dividends of 14.5 US cents per share, an increase of 11.5%.
- Annual production for all major minerals commodities higher or in line with last year; records for WA iron ore, nickel and Ekati™.
- US\$595 million total cost savings delivered since the merger.
- 5 **projects commissioned**, all on or below budget and on or ahead of schedule. 3 **major projects approved**.



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PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Chris Lynch Chief Financial Officer



Results highlights –year ended 30 June

(US\$M)	2003	2002	% Change
Turnover ⁽¹⁾	17,506	15,228	+15.0
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	5,129	4,697	+9.2
EBIT ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	3,481	3,102	+12.2
Attrib profit (1)(2)	1,920	1,866	+2.9
Exceptional items	(19)	(244)	
Attrib profit (incl exceptionals)	1,901	1,622	+17.2
Available cash flow (1)	3,590	3,600	-0.3
EPS (US cents) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	30.9	31.0	-0.3
EBITDA interest cover (times)(1)(2)	12.7	10.9	+16.5
Dividends per share (US cents)	14.5	13.0	+11.5

⁽¹⁾ From continuing operations and including share of joint ventures and associates.

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(2) Excluding exceptional items.

(3) Refer slide 39 for further information.



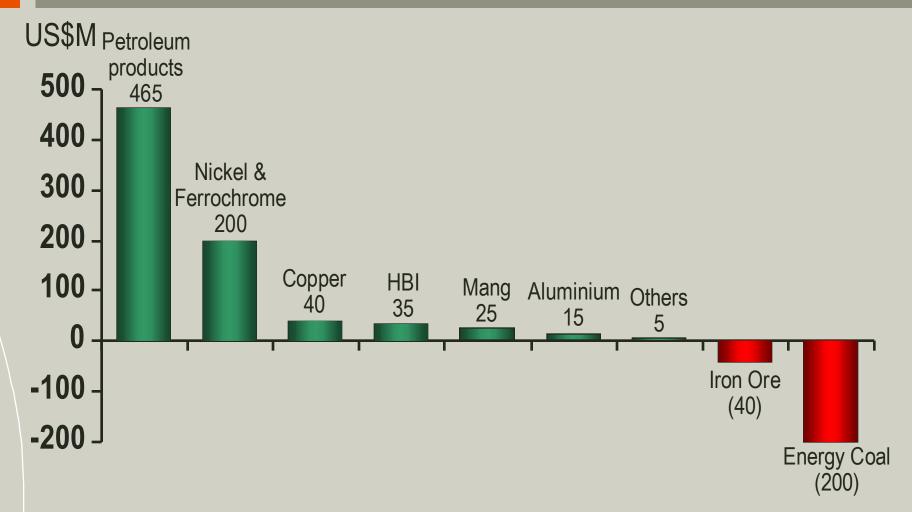
EBIT by Customer Sector Group Year ended 30 June

(US\$M)	2003	2002	% Change
Petroleum	1,178	1,073	+10
Aluminium	581	492	+18
Base Metals	286	192	+49
Carbon Steel Materials	1,045	1,084	-4
Diamonds & Spec Products	370	342	+8
Energy Coal	190	536	-65
Stainless Steel Materials	150	3	
Exploration & Technology	(71)	(70)	-1
Group & unallocated items	_(248)	(550)	+55
BHP Billiton (continuing)	3,481	3,102	+12
Steel (demerged July 2002)	-	86	
BHP Billiton (total)	3,481	3,188	

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Impact of major commodity price changes on EBIT Year ended 30 June 03 v year ended 30 June 02



Excludes impact of price linked costs, US\$160 million unfavourable



Net interest, taxation & attributable profit Continuing operations, excluding exceptionals

Year ended 30 June (US\$M)	2003	2002
EBIT	3,481	3,102
Net interest expense	(403)	(432)
Exchange impact on debt	(140)	180
Discounting of provisions/Capitalised interest	6	16
Profit before tax	2,944	2,866
Tax expense	(774)	(963)
Exchange impact on tax expense	(210)	2
Minorities	(40)	(39)
Attributable profit	1,920	1,866



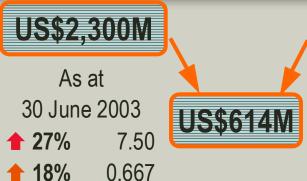
Impact of restatements of net monetary liabilities - Year ended June

(US\$M)	June 03	Impact of Restatement	June 02	Impact of Restatement
EBIT	3,481	(80)	3,102	(15)
Net interest	(537)	(140)	(236)	180
Taxation expense	(984)	(160)	(961)	15
Attributable profit	1,920	(380)	1,866	180

Exchange rates
Versus US dollar
South African rand
Australian dollar

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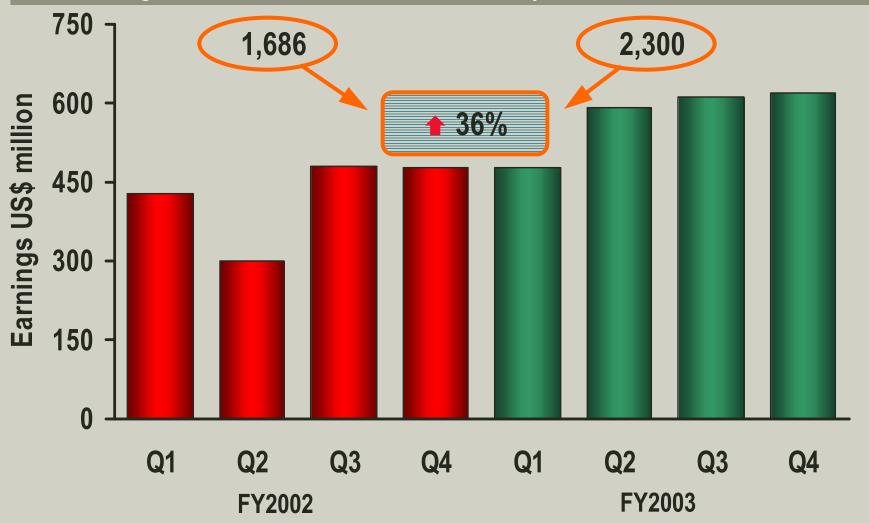
US\$1,686M

As at 30 June 2002 **27%** 10.25

11% 0.565

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Quarterly earnings Excluding restatement of net monetary liabilities



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(1)

Quarterly earnings is based on net profit after tax, from continuing operations, excluding exceptional items, and restatement of net monetary liabilities. Refer slide 39 for further information.

Cash flow – from continuing operations

Year ended 30 June (US\$M)	2003	2002
Operating cash flow and JV dividends	4,990	4,471
Net interest paid	(398)	(353)
Tax paid	(1,002)	(518)
Available cash flow	3,590	3,600
Capital expenditure	(2,666)	(2,564)
Exploration expenditure	(348)	(390)
Sale of fixed assets & investments	659	407
Acquisitions & disposals of subsidiaries and JVs	405	(38)
Net cash flow before dividends and funding	1,640	1,015
Dividends paid	(830)	(811)
Net cash flow before funding	810	204

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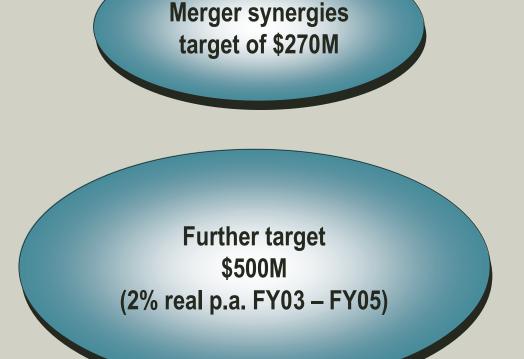
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Cost savings on track – margin and bottom line growth

\$285M achieved to 31 Dec 2002 – 6 months ahead of schedule

\$310M achieved to

30 June 2003



Total of \$595M achieved since the merger against target of US\$770M



Cost savings – progress to 30 June 2003

(US\$M)	FY 02	H1 03	H2 03	Total
Cost related merger benefits	160	40		200
Non cost related merger benefits	60	25		85
Total merger benefits	220	65		285
Cost savings				
Operating Excellence		32	168	200
Strategic sourcing		-	40	40
Portfolio mix		38	32	70
Total cost savings		70	240	310
Total cost savings & merger benefits (before one-off costs)	220	135	240	595



PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Chip Goodyear Chief Executive Officer

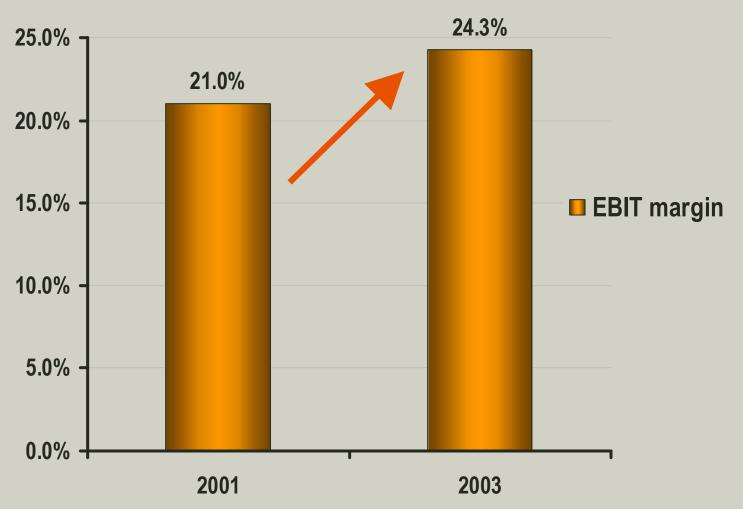


Value Drivers – Review of Progress

- I. Outstanding Assets
- **II.** Growth From Deep Inventory of Projects
- III. Customer-Centric Marketing
- IV. The Portfolio Effect
- V. The Petroleum CSG
- VI. Innovation
- VII. Employees

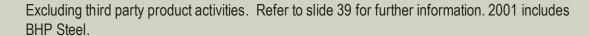


Value Driver 1 – Outstanding Assets EBIT Margins⁽¹⁾





(1)



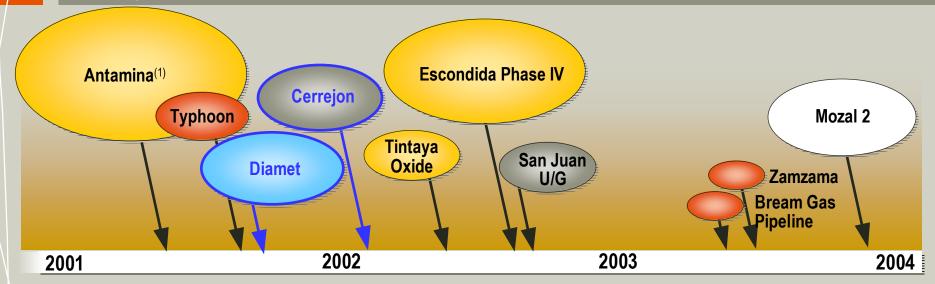


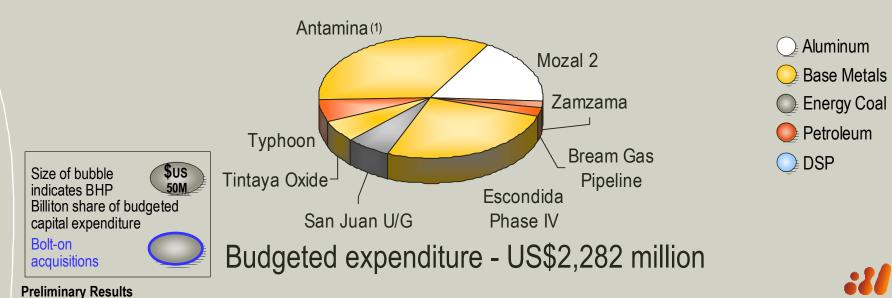
Value Driver 2 – Growth Projects Budgeted Expenditure

(1)

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Joint Venture participation only.

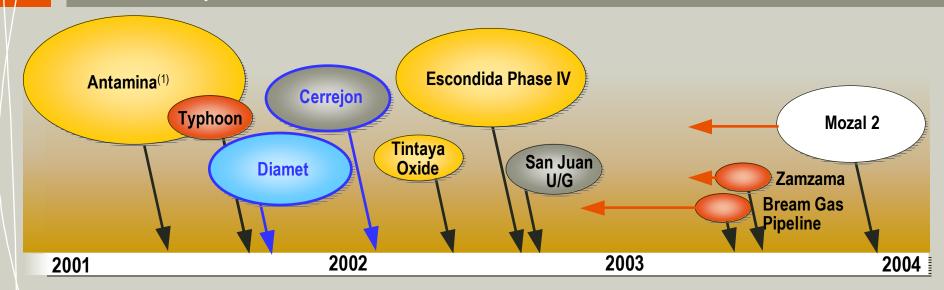


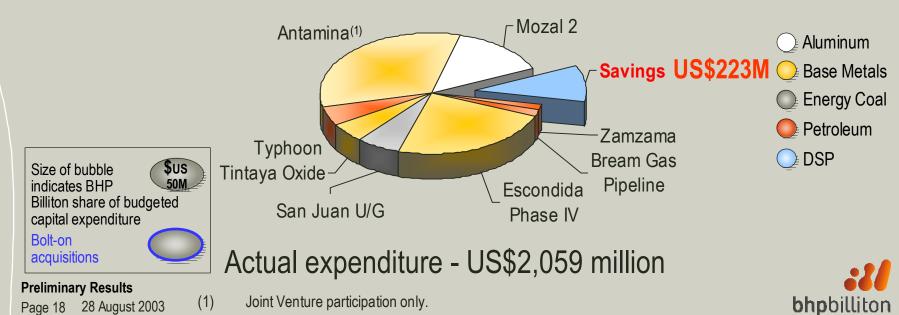


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Value Driver 2 – Growth Projects Actual expenditure

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Value Driver 3 - Customer Centric Marketing

Selling more product

- Increased volumes = buying power in terms of freight & logistics
- Hub and spoke structure foundation for cross commodity opportunities

At higher margins

- Target margin increment of 2 to 3 per cent
- Own and third party product tonnage arbitrage

By meeting the needs of our customers

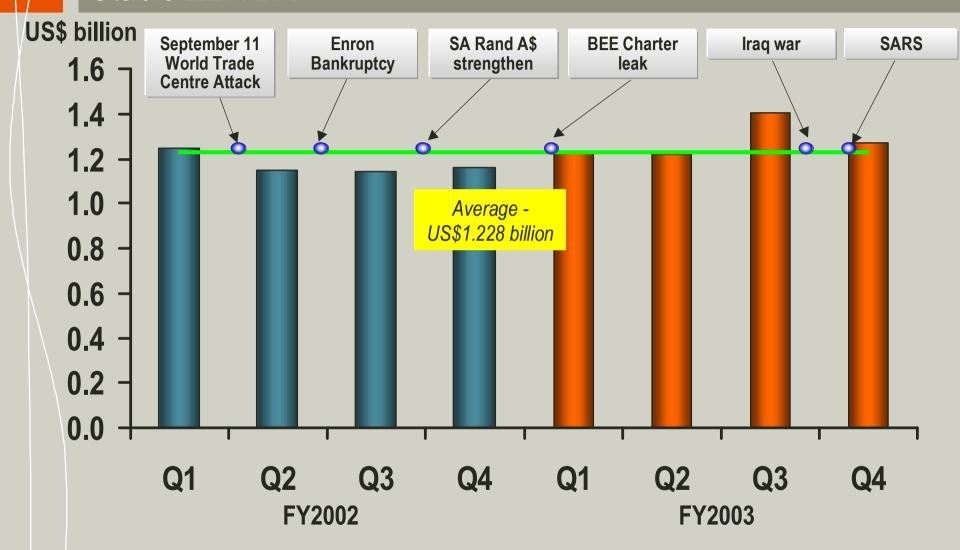
- Increased CIF/CFR shipments
- Stockpile management
- Helping customers use our products efficiently

While reducing risk

- Knowing the customer = knowing the market = reducing risk
- Integrated system established and use of cashflow at risk tools
- Logistics systems to manage port congestion



Value Driver 4 - The Portfolio Effect Stable EBITDA (1)



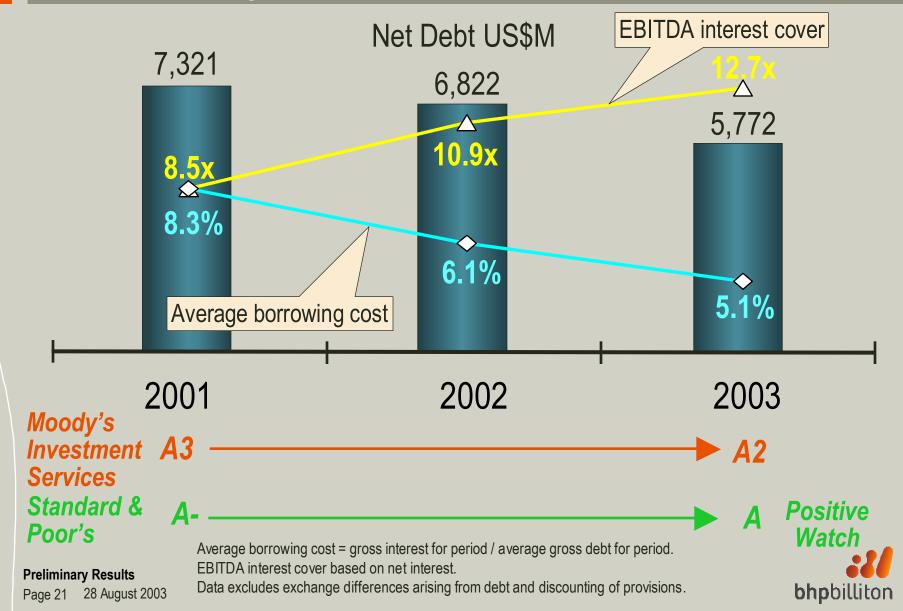
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(1)

From continuing operations, excluding exceptional items. Refer to slide 39 for further information



Value Driver 4 - The Portfolio Effect Financial Strength



Value Driver 5 – Petroleum Delivering value through Operations and Exploration

- Top quartile performance against peers (1)
 - Profit margin of US\$7.33 boe
 - Return on capital of 24.8%
- 3 projects successfully commissioned since the merger
 - Typhoon
 - Bream gas pipeline
 - Zamzama

(1)

- Positive exploration results in Gulf of Mexico and Australia
- The Wood Mackenzie study into value creation from exploration activities, ranked BHP Billiton in the top quartile



Strategic focus





Summary and outlook

- China set for another year of strong growth
 - US\$1.2 bn of direct sales; 7% of turnover
 - Continued strong demand for iron ore and alumina
 - Increasing sales of coking coal, manganese, nickel and copper
 - Increasing confidence that demand is sustainable
- Demand remains subdued in US and Europe, however, there are some encouraging signs
- Continued investment in growth projects
- BHP Billiton is well placed to respond to new opportunities





Strategic Framework scorecard

Value Driver	Strategic imperatives	Performance measures	FY03 performance
I. Outstanding assets	Zero harm	Improve HSEC statistics	Injury rates improved by 20%
		Community – 1% of pre-	Improvements in most eco- efficiency measures
		tax profits	1.4%
	Operating excellence	Cut operating costs by 2%pa	US\$310 million
		Return on capital >15% by 2006	13.4%
II. Growth from a deep inventory of growth	Investment judgement Project management skills	Decide/implement projects	5 projects commissioned all on or under budget and schedule
projects	1 Tojoot management ettiile		US\$4.6bn of sanctioned major projects currently in development
III. Customer centric marketing	Serving customers best	Preferred supplier status	Increased our market share of export products to China
			Development of single marketing system
			Increased third party product sales

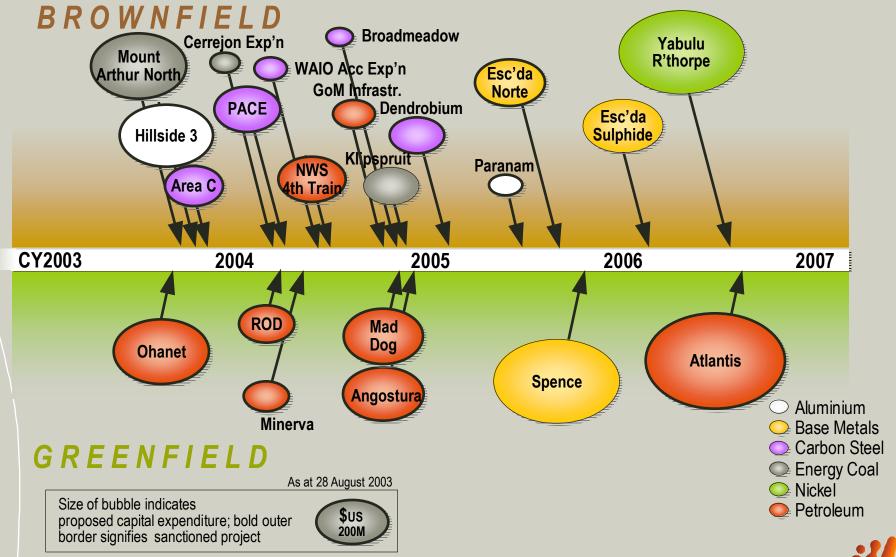


Strategic Framework scorecard

Value Driver	Strategic imperatives	Performance measures	FY03 performance
IV. The portfolio effect	Portfolio management Funding and capital	Credit rating of 'A' or better Positive cash flow before	S&P: A (+ve); Moodys: A2
	management	dividends & funding	\$1.6bn
		EBITDA interest cover >8x	12.7x
V. The Petroleum CSG	Value adding growth	Low discovery costs	F&D costs US\$6.47/bbl
		Growing reserves and production	Reserve replacement ratio 139%
VI. Innovation	Creative thinking		Falcon
	Commercial judgement		Sulphide leaching of copper ores
	Transaction execution		Technical marketing
VII. Employees	Organisation effectiveness	Effectively aligned organisation	Robust organisation structure in place post merger
	Resourcing	The best people available in the right roles	Reviewed Company and Industry skill requirements; identified gaps
	Succession planning & development	Succession and development plans in place for all key roles	Succession plans completed; development process defined
	Performance management	Performance management process embedded	Performance review process defined; Group Incentive Scheme introduced



Deep inventory of projects



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Preliminary Results

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Growth pipeline – update on sanctioned projects Minerals

Project	Commodity	Share of Capex US\$M	Initial production target date	Share of production capacity	Progress
Hillside 3 (South Africa) – 100%	Aluminium	449	Q4 2003	132,000 tpa	Two quarters ahead of initial schedule
Paranam refinery expansion (Suriname) – 45%	Alumina	29	Q3 2005	Increase capacity to 2.2 million tpa (100%)	On time
Cerrejon Zona Norte (Colombia) – 33.3%	Energy coal	50	Q1 2004	28 million tpa by 2008 (100%)	On time
Area C (Australia) – 85%	Iron ore	181	Q4 2003	12.75 million tpa	On time
WA Iron Ore accelerated expansion (Australia) – 85%	Iron ore	66	Q2 2004	Increase system capacity to 100 million tpa (100%)	On time
Product & Capacity Expansion (Australia) – 85%	Iron ore	299	Q1 2004	Increase port capacity to 100 million tpa (100%)	One quarter ahead of initial schedule
Broadmeadow underground coal mine (Australia) – 50%	Met coal	34	Q4 2005	1.8 million tpa saleable coal	On time
Dendrobium (Australia) – 100%	Met coal	170	Q1 2005	5.2 million tpa raw coal (3.6 million tpa clean coal)	One quarter ahead of initial schedule
Mt Arthur North (Australia) – 100%	Energy coal	411	Q4 2003	15 million tpa raw coal (12.1 million tpa saleable coal)	On time
Escondida Norte (Chile) – 57.5%	Copper	230	Q4 2005	Maintain capacity at 1.25 million tpa (100%)	On time



Growth pipeline – update on sanctioned projects Petroleum

Project	Commodity	Share of Capex US\$M	Initial production target date	Share of production capacity	Progress
Ohanet (Algeria) – 45%	Gas	464	Q3 2003	26,100 boe/day	One quarter ahead of schedule
ROD (Algeria) – 36%	Oil/gas	192	Q1 2004	28,800 boe/day	On time
Mad Dog (US) – 23.9%	Oil/gas	335	Q4 2004	20,700 boe/day	On time
Atlantis (US) – 44%	Oil/gas	1,100	Q3 2006	79,200 boe/day	On time
GoM Pipelines Infrastructure (US) – 22/25%	Oil/gas	100	Q4 2004	Capacities of Oil – 450,000 bbl/day (100%) Gas – 500 million scf/day (100%)	On time
NWS Train 4 (Australia) – 16.7%	LNG	237	Q2 2004	4.2 million tpa liquification processing facility (100%)	On time
Minerva (Australia) – 90%	Gas	123	Q1 2004	150 terrajoules per day	Under review
Angostura (Trinidad) – 45%	Oil/Gas	327	Q4 2004	45,000 bbl oil per day	On time



Growth projects commissioned since merger

Project	Our shar	Our share of capex		ıction date
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Mozal 2 (Mozambique) – 47.1%	405	313*	Q4 2003	Q2 2003
Zamzama (Pakistan) – 38.5%	40	40*	Q3 2003	Q2 2003
Bream Gas Pipeline (Australia) – 50%	50	34	Q2 2003	Q4 2002
Escondida Phase IV (Chile) – 57.5%	600	543	Q3 2002	Q3 2002
San Juan underground (USA) – 100%	146	143	Q3 2002	Q3 2002
Tintaya Oxide (Peru) – 99.9%	138	120	Q2 2002	Q2 2002
Typhoon (USA) – 50%	128	114	Q3 2001	Q3 2001
Antamina (Peru) – 33.75%	775	752	Q2 2001	Q2 2001

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* Final costs have not been determined. Share of actual capex is indicative only.



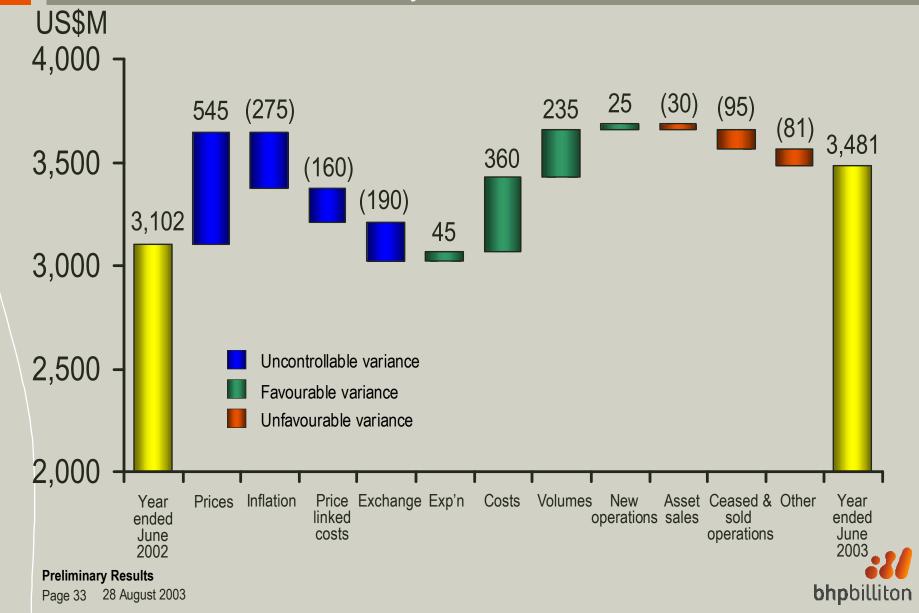
Target completion dates are calendar quarters

Capital expenditure

(US\$M)	2003 Actual	2004 Forecast
Project expenditure	1,995	2,270
Sustaining capital	671	700
Exploration expenditure (1)	348	340
Total	3,014	3,310



EBIT analysis – Continuing operations Year ended 30 June 03 v year ended 30 June 02



Strategic framework US\$500M cost reduction target

Methodology principles

- Commodity based unit costs
- FY01 base year consistent with merger synergies
- Adjusted for price linked costs, exchange rates, inflation and exceptionals

Cost savings and efficiency gains result from:

- Operating excellence
- Portfolio mix
- Strategic sourcing



USD functional currency policy - general level of exposure

(US\$M)	AUD	Rand	Impact
Net payables, receivables a employee provisions	& (300)	(100)	EBIT
Resource Rent Tax provision	on(200)	-	EBIT
Tax provisions	(600)	(400)	Tax
Debt	-	(600)	Interest
Total	(1,100)	(1,100)	P&L
Restoration & Rehab	(900)	(300)	Bal sheet



Key net profit sensitivities

Approximate impact on FY04 net profit after tax of changes of:	(US\$M)
US\$1/t on iron ore price	45
US\$1/bbl on oil price	35
US\$1/t on metallurgical coal price	20
USc1/lb on aluminium price	20
USc1/lb on copper price	15
US\$1/t on energy coal price	15
USc1/lb on nickel price	1

Key net profit sensitivities

Approximate impact on FY04 net profit after tax	
of changes of:	

(US\$M)

Australian dollar	(USc1/A\$)
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Operations (net of hedging) ⁽¹⁾	30
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Net monetary liabilities⁽²⁾ 20

South African Rand (0.2 Rand/US\$)

Operations ⁽¹⁾	20
Operations, /	20

Net monetary liabilities⁽²⁾

Rand debt⁽²⁾

- (1) Impact based on average exchange rate for the period
- (2) Impact based on difference in opening and closing exchange rates for the period



Preliminary results under Australian GAAP Year ended 30 June

(US\$M)	2003	2002
Sales revenue	15,608	15,896
Profit before tax	2,783	2,607
Profit after tax attributable to members	1,860	1,648
EPS (US cents)	30.0	27.3



Non GAAP measures used within this presentation

EBITDA

EBITDA is earnings before interest and tax, from continuing operations, before depreciation and amortisation of Group companies, as detailed below. We believe that EBITDA provides useful information, but should not be considered an indication of or alternate to net profit as an indicator of operating performance or as an alternative to cashflow as a measure of liquidity.

US\$ million	FY2002			FY2003				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
EBIT	867	729	751	755	844	815	964	858
Depreciation & Amortisation	381	418	390	406	386	406	442	414
EBITDA	1,248	1,147	1,141	1,161	1,230	1,221	1,406	1,272

Earnings excluding restatement of debt and net monetary liabilities

Slide 10 refers to net profit after tax from continuing operations, excluding exceptional items and restatement of net monetary liabilities, as detailed below. We believe that this provides useful information but should not be considered an indication of or alternate to net profit as an indicator of operating performance.

US\$ million	FY2002			FY2003				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Net Profit after Tax	566	589	398	313	572	359	444	545
Restatement of debt and net monetary liabilities	138	289	(82)	(165)	95	(233)	(168)	(74)
Net Profit after Tax excluding restatements	428	300	480	478	477	592	612	619

EBIT margin excluding third party product activities

Slide 17 refers to EBIT margins, excluding third party product activities, as detailed below. We believe that this provides useful information but should not be considered an indication of or alternate to margins derived from net profit as an indicator of operating performance.

US\$ million	FY2001	FY2003
Turnover	19,079	17,506
EBIT	3,627	3,481
EBIT margin (%)	19.0	19.9
Turnover from third party product activities	2,027	3,382
EBIT from third party product activities	45	43
Turnover excluding third party product activities	17,052	14,124
EBIT excluding third party product activities	3,582	3,438
EBIT margin excluding third party product activities (%)	21.0	24.3



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